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| **State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts - Western Parkland City) 2021 - All Buildings** |
| **Section** | **Standard** | **Assessment** | **Compliance?** |
| Appendix 5, 4.3Height of Buildings |  |  | Select |

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| **State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts - Western Parkland City) 2021 - Dwelling Houses** |
| **Section** | **Standard** | **Assessment** | **Compliance?** |
| Appendix 5, 4.1BResidential Density | Consent must not be granted to residential development on land for which a dwelling density range is shown on the Residential Density Map if the development will result in the density of dwellings on the land being:* less than the minimum density specified by the dwelling density range, or
* more than the maximum density specified by the dwelling density range
 |  | Select |
| Appendix 5, 4.1BAMaximum Number of Dwellings on Land - Leppington Precinct | Consent must not be granted to development that would result in the number of dwellings on land being more than the maximum number of dwellings shown for the land on the Maximum Dwellings Map |  | Select |
| **Camden Growth Centre Precincts Development Control Plan - Residential Development on All Lots** |
| \*Asterisks denote Leppington Priority Precinct C4 Zone specific controls (refer to Schedule 5) |
| **Section** | **Control** | **Assessment** | **Compliance?** |
| 4.1.1Site Analysis | A site analysis plan must be provided |  | Select |
| In the Environmental Living zone, landscaping plans and a vegetation management plan must be provided\* |  | Select |
| In the Environmental living zone, DAs must demonstrate compliance with the RFS publication ‘Planning for Bush Fire Protection’\* |  | Select |
| 4.1.2Cut and Fill | ≤1m cut and fill |  | Select |
| Fill within 2m of a boundary contained by a drop edge beam |  | Select |
| Drop edge beam ≤1m above existing ground level |  | Select |
| Excavation or filling alongside driveways retained by a retaining wall |  | Select |
| Retaining walls ≥300mm from property boundaries |  | Select |
| Height of voids ≤3m (refer to Figure 4-1) |  | Select |
| 4.1.3Sustainable Building Design | Majority of plant species selected from Appendix C with indigenous species preferred |  | Select |
| Compliance with BASIX requirements |  | Select |
| 4.1.4Salinity, Sodicity and Aggressivity | Development must comply with the salinity management plan developed at the subdivision phase or at Appendix B of the Growth DCP |  | Select |
| Salinity must be considered during the siting, design and construction of dwellings |  | Select |
| 4.2.2Streetscape and Architectural Design | Primary street facade must incorporate ≥2 design features |  | Select |
| Secondary street facade must incorporate ≥2 design features |  | Select |
| ≥450mm eaves overhang measured from the fascia board (except for walls built to the boundary) |  | Select |
| Pitch of hipped and gable roof forms on main dwelling between 22.5º and 30º |  | Select |
| Carports and garages are to be constructed of materials that complement the colour and finishes of the main dwelling |  | Select |
| In the Environmental Living zone adjacent to Camden Valley Way, the materials and colours of dwellings and ancillary structures must be darker, recessive toned colours such as dark browns, dark greens, dark greys and charcoal, and utilise non-reflective surfaces for both wall and roof cladding\* |  | Select |
| Front facade to feature ≥1 habitable room with a window facing the street |  | Select |
| 4.2.4Side and Rear Setbacks | Zero lot lines locations are to be determined primarily by topography and also consider, dwelling design, adjoining dwellings, landscape features, street trees, vehicle crossovers and lot orientation |  | Select |
| Pergolas, swimming pools and other landscape features/structures are permitted to encroach into the rear setback |  | Select |
| For land zoned R3 Medium Density Residential, ≥3m side setbacks to public recreation or drainage land |  | Select |
| For dwellings with a 0.9m setback, projections into the side and rear setback areas include 450mm eaves, fascias, sun hoods, gutters, down pipes, flues, light fittings, electricity or gas meters, rainwater tanks and hot water units |  | Select |
| For zero lot boundaries, no overhanging eaves, gutters or services (including rainwater tanks, hot water units, air-conditioning units or the like) of the dwelling on the benefitted lot are permitted within the easement |  | Select |
| For battle-axe lots without a street facing elevation, setbacks must be determined in the context of surrounding lots, built form and the location of private open space |  | Select |
| The upper floor of dwellings on battle-axe lots must be set back so as not to impact adversely on the existing or future amenity of any adjoining land on which residential development is permitted, having regard to overshadowing, visual impact and privacy |  | Select |
| For battle-axe lots with direct frontage to land zoned for a public purpose or a street facing elevation, the applicable front setback applies to the lot boundary adjoining the public purpose zone, and side and rear setbacks apply to lot boundaries determined relative to the front setback boundary |  | Select |
| For corner lots with ≥15m lot widths with shallow depths (i.e. approximately square corner lots), the rear setback can be varied to be consistent with the applicable side setbacks provided that the private open space and solar access requirements for the subject and adjoining properties are met |  | Select |
| 4.2.5Dwelling Height, Massing and Siting | Generally ≤2 storeys high. A third storey may be permitted where located on a prominent street corner, adjacent to certain commercial sites or open space, on sites with a slope ≥15% or if within the roof line of the building (i.e. an attic) |  | Select |
| Ground floor level ≤1m above finished ground level |  | Select |
| In the Environmental Living zone, floor levels ≥500mm above the level of the 1 in 100 year flood\* |  | Select |
| For dwellings on battle-axe lots without public open space or street frontage, ≤2 storeys high |  | Select |
| In the Environmental Living zone, the location of dwellings must ensure that all residents are able to safely evacuate in the event of a flood. Evacuation route details must be provided\* |  | Select |
| In the Environmental Living zone, dwellings are not to be located within land affected by the Environmental Protection Overlay shown on the Precinct’s indicative layout plan\* |  | Select |
| 4.2.6Landscaped Area | Surface water drainage provided as necessary to prevent the accumulation of water |  | Select |
| Low water demand drought resistant vegetation used for the majority of landscaping, including native salt tolerant trees |  | Select |
| 4.2.7Private Open Space | Principal private open space (PPOS) to be determined having regard to dwelling design, topography, allotment orientation, adjoining dwellings, landscape features and topography |  | Select |
| PPOS conveniently accessible from a main living area of a dwelling or alfresco room |  | Select |
| ≤1:10 PPOS gradient |  | Select |
| Open space at the front of a dwelling can only be defined as PPOS where this is the only means of achieving solar access requirements. PPOS at the front of a dwelling must be designed to maintain appropriate privacy and be consistent with the applicable streetscape design controls in Section 4.2.2 of the Growth DCP |  | Select |
| 4.2.8Garages, Site Access and Parking | ≥1 car parking space must be behind the building line where the space is accessed from the street on the front property boundary |  | Select |
| ≥1m driveway clearance from infrastructure |  | Select |
| Driveways are to have soft landscaped areas on either side, suitable for water infiltration |  | Select |
| Garage design and materials are to be consistent with the dwelling design |  | Select |
| ≤3m single garage garage door width |  | Select |
| ≤6m double garage garage door width |  | Select |
| ≥3m x 5.5m single garage internal dimensions |  | Select |
| ≥5.6m x 5.5m double garage internal dimensions |  | Select |
| Garage doors are to be visually recessive through the use of materials, colours and overhangs such as second storey balconies |  | Select |
| ≥2.4m garage door width for single garages accessed from a laneway or shared driveway |  | Select |
| ≥4.8m garage door width for single garages accessed from a laneway or shared driveway |  | Select |
| Garages, site access and parking must be designed in accordance with the Department of Planning and Environment Delivery Note: Laneways |  | Select |
| 4.2.9Visual and Acoustic Privacy | Direct overlooking of main habitable areas and private open spaces of adjacent dwellings should be minimised through building layout, window and balcony location and design, and the use of screening devices, including landscaping |  | Select |
| Living area windows with a direct sightline within 9m to the PPOS of an existing adjacent dwelling are to:* be obscured by fencing, screens or appropriate landscaping,
* be offset from the edge of one window to the edge of the other by a distance sufficient to limit views into the adjacent window,
* have a sill height of 1.7m above floor level, or
* have fixed obscure glazing in any part of the window below 1.7m above floor level
 |  | Select |
| Balconies are not permitted on the first floor of the side and/or rear portion of the dwelling except where the balcony faces a public road or land zoned for public recreation or drainage |  | Select |
| The design of dwellings must minimise the opportunity for sound transmission through the building structure, with particular attention given to protecting bedroom and living areas |  | Select |
| No electrical, mechanical or hydraulic equipment or plant shall generate a noise level >5dBA above background noise level measured at the property boundary during the hours of 7am-10pm and noise is not to exceed background levels during the hours of 10pm-7am |  | Select |
| In attached and semi-detached dwellings, bedrooms of one dwelling are not to share walls with living spaces or garages of adjoining dwellings, unless it is demonstrated that the shared walls and floors meet the noise transmission and insulation requirements of the National Construction Code |  | Select |
| Dwellings along sub-arterial or arterial roads, transit boulevards or any other noise source must be designed to minimise the impact of traffic noise and where possible comply with the criteria in Table 4-7 |  | Select |
| The internal layout of residential buildings, window openings, the location of outdoor living areas (i.e. courtyards and balconies) and building plant must be designed to minimise noise impact and transmission |  | Select |
| Noise walls are not permitted |  | Select |
| Development affected by rail or traffic noise is to comply with Development Near Rail Corridors and Busy Roads - Interim Guideline (Department of Planning 2008). The design of development is also to consider ways to mitigate noise in PPOS areas with reference to Council’s Environmental Noise Policy |  | Select |
| Architectural treatments are to be designed in accordance with AS3671 - Traffic Noise Intrusion Building Siting and Construction and the indoor sound criteria of AS2107 - Recommended Design Sound Levels and Reverberation Times for Building Interiors |  | Select |
| 4.2.10Fencing | Front fencing ≤1.2m high and open style incorporating pickets, slats, palings or the like or lattice style panels with a minimum aperture of 25mm |  | Select |
| Front fences and walls are not to impede safe sight lines for traffic |  | Select |
| Side and rear fencing ≤1.8m high commencing 2m behind the building line (refer to Figure 4-2) |  | Select |
| Side fences not on a street frontage ≤1.2m high to a point 2m behind the primary building line |  | Select |
| On corner lots or lots that have a side boundary that adjoins open space or drainage, the front fencing style and height is to be continued along the secondary street or open space/drainage land frontage ≥4m behind the building line (Refer to Figure 4-12) |  | Select |
| On boundaries that adjoin open space or drainage land, fencing is to be of a high quality material and finish. The design of the fencing is to permit casual surveillance of the public space by limiting fence height to 1.2m or by incorporating see through materials or gaps for the portion of the fence above 1.2m high |  | Select |
| Pre-painted steel or timber paling or lapped/capped boundary fencing is not permitted adjacent to open space or drainage land or on front boundaries |  | Select |
| Fencing that adjoins mews or rear access ways must permit causal surveillance |  | Select |
| In the Environmental Living zone, fencing within areas affected by the 1 in 100 year flood must be minimised and designed to ensure that flood waters are not affected and that debris will not become trapped\* |  | Select |
| 4.3.1Residential Development Adjacent to Transmission Easements | Dwellings must be set back as far as possible from the transmission easement |  | Select |
| Fencing that complies with Section 4.2.10 of the Growth DCP must be used on the property boundary facing the easement |  | Select |
| Side and rear fencing within easements must allow for maintenance access to and along the easement |  | Select |
| Landscaping must permit visual surveillance of the easement from dwellings |  | Select |
| Dwelling orientation must permit casual surveillance of the easement whilst maintaining the privacy of occupants |  | Select |
| Balconies on upper floors facing transmission easements are encouraged |  | Select |
| Principal private open space for dwellings is to be screened from view from the transmission easement (preferably by being located behind the building line) |  | Select |

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| **Camden Growth Centre Precincts Development Control Plan - Lots in the Environmental Living Zone** |
| **Table** | **Control** | **Assessment** | **Compliance?** |
| Table 20Front Setback | ≥4.5m building façade line setback |  | Select |
| Table 4-6Articulation Zone | Façade articulation behind the front setback |  | Select |
| Table 4-6Garage Setback | ≥1m setback behind the building façade line |  | Select |
| Table 4-6Side Setbacks | ≥1.5m side setback at ground floor |  | Select |
| ≥3m side setback (side A) and ≥1.5m side setback (side B) at upper floor |  | Select |
| ≥4.5m side setbacks to public recreation or drainage land |  | Select |
| Table 4-6Rear Setback | ≥10m rear setback |  | Select |
| Table 4-6Corner Lots Secondary Street Setback | ≥4.5m secondary street setback |  | Select |
| Table 4-6Building Height, Massing and Siting | ≤2 storeys. A third storey may be permitted in accordance with Section 4.2.5 of the Growth DCP |  | Select |
| Table 4-6Site Coverage | ≤35% site coverage for single storey dwellings |  | Select |
| ≤25% ground floor site coverage for two storey dwellings |  | Select |
| ≤15% upper floor site coverage for two storey dwellings |  | Select |
| Table 4-6Soft Landscaped Area | ≥55% soft landscaped area for single storey dwellings |  | Select |
| ≥60% soft landscaped area for two or more storey dwellings |  | Select |
| Table 4-6Principal Private Open Space (PPOS) | ≥24m² PPOS with ≥4m dimension |  | Select |
| Table 4-6Solar Access | Sunlight must reach ≥50% of the PPOS of the subject dwelling and adjoining properties for ≥3 hours between 9am and 3pm on 21 June |  | Select |
| Table 4-6Garages and Car Parking | Front or rear loaded double and tandem garages are permitted |  | Select |
| ≤3m single garage carport and garage door width where garages front a public road |  | Select |
| ≤6m double garage carport and garage door width where garages front a public road |  | Select |
| Triple garages are permitted where ≥1 garage is not visible from the street, 1 of the spaces is in a stacked configuration or the total width of the garage is <50% of the total width of the building façade |  | Select |
| ≥1 car parking space for 1-2 bedroom dwellings |  | Select |
| ≥2 car parking spaces for 3+ bedroom dwellings |  | Select |

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| **State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts - Western Parkland City) 2021 - Secondary Dwellings** |
| **Section** | **Standard** | **Assessment** | **Compliance?** |
| Appendix 5, 4.1BResidential Density | Consent must not be granted to residential development on land for which a dwelling density range is shown on the Residential Density Map if the development will result in the density of dwellings on the land being:* less than the minimum density specified by the dwelling density range, or
* more than the maximum density specified by the dwelling density range
 |  | Select |
| Appendix 5, 4.1BAMaximum Number of Dwellings on Land - Leppington Precinct | Consent must not be granted to development that would result in the number of dwellings on land being more than the maximum number of dwellings shown for the land on the Maximum Dwellings Map |  | Select |
| Appendix 5, 5.4(9)Secondary Dwellings | Total gross floor area ≤75m² or ≤30% of the total gross floor area of both the self-contained dwelling and the principal dwelling |  | Select |
| **Camden Growth Centre Precincts Development Control Plan - Secondary Dwellings** |
| **Section** | **Control** | **Assessment** | **Compliance?** |
| 4.3.3Secondary Dwellings, Studio Dwellings and Dual Occupancies | Secondary dwellings must comply with Section 4 of the Growth DCP, except where superseded by the controls in this section |  | Select |
| The maximum upper floor site coverage permitted for development may be exceeded by the combined upper floor site coverage of the secondary dwelling and principal dwelling provided that:* the privacy of the principal dwelling and dwellings on adjoining land is not compromised, and
* solar access to the principal private open space of neighbouring lots is not significantly reduced
 |  | Select |
| Finishes, materials and colours must complement the principal dwelling in its construction features |  | Select |
| For secondary dwellings, windows and private open spaces must not overlook the private open space of any adjacent dwellings |  | Select |
| Windows that potentially overlook adjacent lots must either have obscured glazing, be screened or have a ≥1.5m sill height above floor level |  | Select |
| Associated garages may have a zero lot setback to one side boundary and may be attached to another garage/secondary dwelling on an adjoining lot, particularly where the secondary dwelling is associated with an attached or semi-detached dwelling |  | Select |
| Where the secondary dwelling is built to a zero lot line on a side boundary, windows are not to be located on the zero lot wall unless that wall adjoins a laneway, public road, public open space or drainage land |  | Select |
| Rear garages with secondary dwellings may have first level balconies facing the laneprovided the balcony remains within the lot boundary |  | Select |
| Where a secondary dwelling is built over a rear garage and separated from the upperlevels of the principal dwelling, there must be a minimum separation of 5m between the upper floor rear façade of the principal dwelling and the secondary dwelling |  | Select |
| No additional car parking spaces are required |  | Select |
| No separate private open space is required |  | Select |
| Subdivision from the principal dwelling is not permitted |  | Select |
| Separate direct access to a street, laneway or shared driveway is not required |  | Select |
| No separate services or facilities are required |  | Select |

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| **State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts - Western Parkland City) 2021 - Dual Occupancies** |
| **Section** | **Standard** | **Assessment** | **Compliance?** |
| Appendix 5, 4.1BResidential Density | Consent must not be granted to residential development on land for which a dwelling density range is shown on the Residential Density Map if the development will result in the density of dwellings on the land being:* less than the minimum density specified by the dwelling density range, or
* more than the maximum density specified by the dwelling density range
 |  | Select |
| Appendix 5, 4.1BAMaximum Number of Dwellings on Land - Leppington Precinct | Consent must not be granted to development that would result in the number of dwellings on land being more than the maximum number of dwellings shown for the land on the Maximum Dwellings Map |  | Select |
| **Camden Growth Centre Precincts Development Control Plan - Dual Occupancies** |
| **Section** | **Control** | **Assessment** | **Compliance?** |
| 4.3.3Secondary Dwellings, Studio Dwellings and Dual Occupancies | Dual occupancies must comply with Section 7 of the Growth DCP, except where superseded by the controls in this section |  | Select |
| The maximum upper floor site coverage permitted for development may be exceeded by the combined upper floor site coverage of both dwellings in a dual occupancy provided that:* the privacy of the subject dwellings and dwellings on adjoining land is not compromised, and
* solar access requirements for principal private open space can be met for the subject dwellings and dwellings on adjoining lots
 |  | Select |
| The design of both dwellings in a dual occupancy development is to be consistent in construction features, finishes, materials and colours |  | Select |
| Detached dual occupancy dwellings are not to include zero lot lines for the second dwelling where the second dwelling is located at the rear of the lot |  | Select |
| Dual occupancy development is not permitted on a lot that contains an attached dwelling |  | Select |
| Dual occupancy dwellings are permitted at the rear of lots (i.e. behind a dwelling that has frontage to a principal street, whether attached or detached to that dwelling) only where:* each dwelling has direct pedestrian and vehicle access to a public road, and
* garbage and mail facilities are accessible by service vehicles and by the occupants of the dwellings
 |  | Select |
| For corner lots, the rear setback can be varied to be consistent with the applicable side setbacks provided that the private open space and solar access requirements for the subject and adjoining properties are met |  | Select |
| Where the dual occupancy dwellings are to be strata subdivided:* private open space is to be provided for each dwelling in accordance with Section 4.2.7 of the Growth DCP, or
* shared private open space is to be provided equivalent to 15% of the site area and shown as communal space on the strata plan, and a ≥10m² private open space area with ≥2.5m dimension is to be provided for each dwelling
 |  | Select |
| ≥20% landscaped area |  | Select |
| Where practical for front loaded driveway access, shared driveway crossings of the nature strip are to be provided to service both dwellings |  | Select |

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| **Standard Residential Driveway Design** |
| **Metric** | **Requirement** | **Assessment** | **Compliance?** |
| Width | ≥3m to ≤4m for single garages |  | Select |
| ≥4m to ≤5.5m for double garages |  | Select |
| ≥4m to ≤6.5m for triple+ garages |  | Select |
| Clearance | ≥6m from the tangent point of any street corner |  | Select |
| 1m from infrastructure |  | Select |
| 300mm from stormwater connections |  | Select |

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| **Disclaimer** |
| These assessment tables are designed to be read in conjunction with State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts - Western Parkland City) 2021 (Western Parkland City SEPP), the Camden Growth Centre Precincts Development Control Plan (Growth DCP) and all other applicable environmental planning instruments.Council has prepared the tables in good faith to aid you in the preparation of development applications. Council will make every reasonable effort to ensure that the tables are accurate and kept up to date.Notwithstanding, Council does not guarantee, and accepts no legal liability for, the accuracy of the tables. Users should refer to the Western Parkland City SEPP, the Growth DCP and all other applicable environmental planning instruments and consider seeking independent and professional advice prior to using the tables.By using the tables you acknowledge that you have read and accept this disclaimer. |