# Business Paper

Camden Local Planning Panel
Electronic Determination

2 June 2022





camden



### **MATTER FOR DETERMINATION**

CLPP01	DA/2022/178/1 - Construction of a Single Storey Dwelling Hous Associated Site Works - 2 Tribe Avenue, Oran Park	
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#### CLPP01

SUBJECT: DA/2022/178/1 - CONSTRUCTION OF A SINGLE STOREY DWELLING

HOUSE AND ASSOCIATED SITE WORKS - 2 TRIBE AVENUE ORAN

**PARK** 

**EDMS #**: 22/178318

DA Number:	2022/178/1
Development:	Construction of a single storey dwelling house and associated site works
Estimated Cost of Development:	\$315,080
Site Address(es):	2 Tribe Avenue, Oran Park
Applicant:	McDonald Jones
Owner(s):	Anthony Rastegorac Antoinette Fava
Number of Submissions:	0
Development Standard Contravention(s):	Clause 4.3 – Height of Buildings
Classification:	Local Development
Recommendation:	Approve with conditions
Panel Referral Criteria:	Departure from Development Standards greater than 10%
Report Prepared By:	Lachlan Hutton, Town Planner

#### **PURPOSE OF REPORT**

The purpose of this report is to seek the Camden Local Planning Panel's (the Panel's) determination of a development application (DA) for a single storey dwelling house with associated site works at 2 Tribe Avenue, Oran Park.

The Panel is to exercise Council's consent authority functions for this DA as, pursuant to the Minister for Planning's Section 9.1 Direction, it is a development that contravenes a development standard by more than 10%.

#### **SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDATION**

That the Panel determine DA/2022/178/1 for a single storey dwelling house with associated site works, pursuant to Section 4.16 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 by granting consent subject to the conditions **attached** to this report.



#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Council is in receipt of a DA for a single storey dwelling house with associated site works at 2 Tribe Avenue, Oran Park.

The DA has been assessed against the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act* 1979, the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021*, relevant environmental planning instruments, development control plans and policies.

The DA was publicly exhibited for a period of 14 days in accordance with Camden Community Participation Plan 2021. The exhibition period was from 17 March to 6 April 2022 and no submissions were received.

The proposed dwelling house has a maximum building height of 6.238m and thereby contravenes the maximum height of buildings development standard (5m) that applies to the site under Clause 4.3, Appendix 9 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006 (Growth SEPP).

The 5m height control applies to this land given its proximity to the curtilage of the state heritage listed Oran Park House, with the lower building height creating a transition area of single storey dwelling houses in this location. The building height contravention is restricted to a portion of the pitched roof. The dwelling house is single storey with a design that is compatible with its heritage context (including an appropriately pitched roof).

Council has considered a draft Planning Proposal (PP/2021/1) submitted by the estate developer that seeks to amend Appendix 9 of the Growth SEPP to address the anomalies associated with the 5m height standard. The Planning Proposal seeks to increase the allowable building heights by inserting a new additional local provision into Appendix 9 of the Growth SEPP that will enable a merit-based assessment to be undertaken to allow building heights above 5m providing:

- the dwelling is single storey;
- the dwelling is a detached dwelling;
- the dwelling is contained within a Standard Building Height Envelope (as recommended by Heritage NSW);
- the dwelling does not exceed 7m; and
- no more than 30% of the front building line is above 4m.

The proposed dwelling house at 2 Tribe Avenue generally complies with the proposed building envelope control. The Planning Proposal was recommended by the Panel (at its meeting on 21 September 2021) and endorsed by Council at its meeting on 12 October 2021. The Planning Proposal has received Gateway Determination from the Department of Planning and Environment (DPE) and has been publicly exhibited (from Wednesday 9 February until Wednesday 9 March 2022).

The applicant has submitted a Clause 4.6 written request to support and provide justification for the contravention of the development standard. The proposed contravention, and the applicant's Clause 4.6 written request, have been assessed in this report and are supported by Council staff.

Based on the assessment, it is recommended that the DA be approved subject to the conditions **attached** to this report.



#### **KEY PLANNING CONTROL VARIATIONS**

Control	Proposed	Variation
SEPP (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006 – Clause 4.3 – Building Height – 5m	5.751m	0.751m / 15.02%

#### **AERIAL PHOTO**

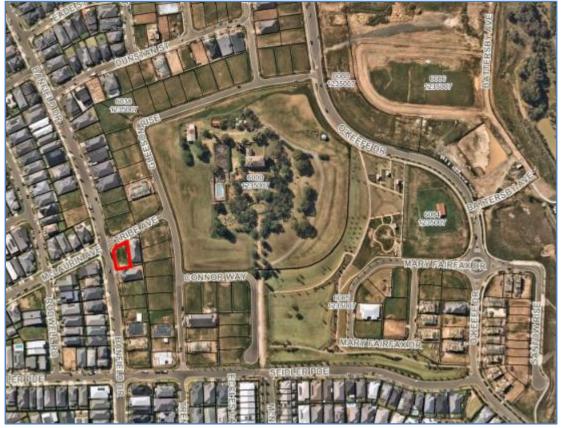


Figure 1. Aerial Photo of subject lot 6023.





Figure 2. Aerial photo of subject lot in relation to State Heritage Item Oran Park House.

#### **THE SITE**

The site is legally described as Lot 6023 in DP1235007 and commonly referred to as 2 Tribe Avenue, Oran Park.

The site has an area of 518m² and is generally level with a small rise of approximately 500mm from the street frontage to southern boundary. The lot is burdened by various easements and restrictions, the proposed development does not conflict with these easements and restrictions.

The site is located within the vicinity of an item of state heritage significance, SHR:1695 Oran Park House (also known as Catherine Park House), refer to Figure 2 above.



#### **ZONING PLAN**



Figure 3. Subject lot 6023 R2 Zoning.

#### **AREA MASTER PLAN**



Figure 4. Red 'X' denoting location of lot 6023 (the lot) in relation to Catherine Fields (Part) Precinct, Indicative Layout Plan. Ref: Catherine Fields (Part) Development Control Plan, Figure 2-1, Page 4.



#### **HISTORY**

The relevant development history of the site is summarised in the following table:

Date	Development
23 March 2018	DA/2017/491/1 — Consent was granted to a subdivision to create 141 residential lots, 2 superlots, a lot containing Oran Park House and its improvements, 1 residue lot, 1 public reserve lot, construction of public roads, provision of services, earthworks, site works and retaining walls to be delivered in four stages. This resulted in creation of the subject lot.
	DA/2021/77/1 – A DA was submitted to Council that sought concept approval to establish site-specific building height development standards on 66 residential lots (8m as opposed to 5m) and stage 1 consent for the construction of 3 dwelling houses.
20 January 2021	The DA was withdrawn at the request of Council officers as it was determined that the height change should be addressed as part of a Planning Proposal.
29 January 2021	Prior to the DA being withdrawn, Heritage NSW issued general terms of approval (GTAs) for the Concept DA. The GTAs required any dwellings proposed on the subject lots to comply with a building envelope, including:  • a 3m height limit at the front building line, and up to a maximum 4m for 30% of the building frontage; and  • the height of the building envelope increasing by 27.5 degrees from the building line to a maximum height of 7m.
26 February 2021	Planning Proposal (PP/2021/1/1) was submitted to Council. The Planning Proposal seeks to create additional local provisions to increase building heights for residential development surrounding Oran Park House by introducing a building envelope as a means of varying the 5m building height control (based upon the building envelope recommended by Heritage NSW in the GTAs issued for DA/2021/77/1).
12 October 2021	Planning Proposal (PP/2021/1/1) received Gateway Determination from Department of Planning and Environment (DPE).
9 February 2022	The Planning Proposal (PP/2021/1/1) was placed on public exhibition from Wednesday 9 February until Wednesday 9 March 2022.



#### **THE PROPOSAL**

DA/2022/178/1 seeks approval for a single storey dwelling house with associated site works.

The proposed dwelling house consists of four bedrooms, home office, children's activities room, home theatre, combined family/dining area, kitchen, laundry, bathroom and a double garage.

The estimated cost of the development is \$315,080.

#### **BACKGROUND**

The 5m height of buildings development standard was imposed on this land as the site is in close proximity to the curtilage of a state heritage listed Oran Park House. The lower building height development standard aims to maintain a single storey transition area around the state heritage item.



Figure 5. Extract from PP/2021/1/1 indicating the subject site, the heritage curtilage and the 5m building height development standard – subject lot marked as a red x.



This height of buildings development standard hinders the ability for a proposed dwelling house to comply with the existing site-specific controls in Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP and Schedule 4 Catherine Field (Part) Precinct.

Dwelling houses with hipped and gabled roof forms (with a roof pitch greater than 12.5 degrees) will inherently exceed the 5m building height development standard given the relative size and width of the properties, coupled with the larger building footprint required single storey dwellings. This is illustrated in Figures 6 and 7 below.

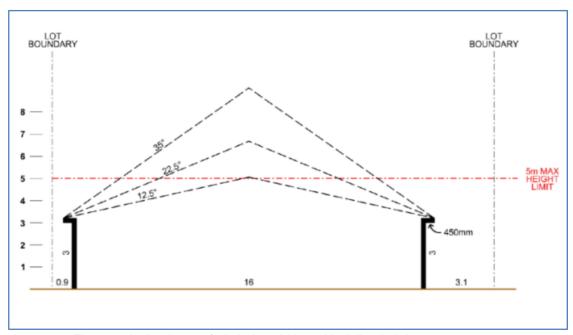


Figure 6. Indicating roof pitch, lot width and building height.

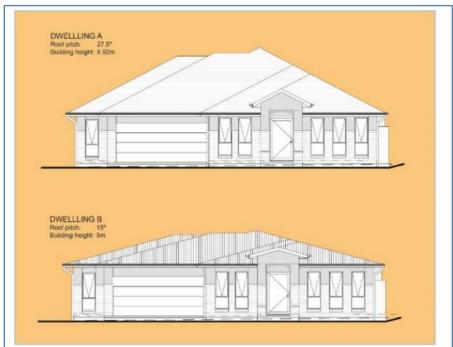


Figure 7. Comparison between roof pitch with compliant building height.



Council has considered a draft Planning Proposal (PP/2021/1) submitted by the estate developer which seeks to amend Appendix 9 of the Growth SEPP to address the anomalies associated with the 5m height control. The Planning Proposal seeks to increase the allowable building heights by inserting a new additional local provision that will allow building heights above 5m providing:

- the dwelling is single storey;
- the dwelling is a detached dwelling;
- the dwelling is contained within a Standard Building Height Envelope (as recommended by Heritage NSW);
- the dwelling does not exceed 7m; and
- no more than 30% of the front building line is above 4m.

The proposed dwelling house at 2 Tribe Avenue generally complies with the proposed building envelope control. The Planning Proposal was recommended by the Panel (at its meeting on 21 September 2021) and endorsed by Council at its meeting on 12 October 2021. The Planning Proposal has received Gateway Determination from the DPE and has been publicly exhibited (from Wednesday 9 February until Wednesday 9 March 2022).

It is further noted that dwellings on lots outside the heritage curtilage can be approved under the relevant complying development / housing code provisions of SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development) 2008. Complying Development Certificates have been issued for the erection of single storey dwellings at 77, 67, 63, 61, 57 Banfield Drive and 4 Tribe Avenue. While single storey, these dwellings had building heights greater than 5m.

#### **ASSESSMENT**

#### Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 - Section 4.15(1)

In determining a DA, the consent authority is to take into consideration such of the following matters as are of relevance to the development the subject of the DA:

#### (a)(i) the provisions of any environmental planning instrument

The environmental planning instruments that apply to the development are:

- State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index BASIX) 2004;
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021;
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021; and
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts Western Parklands City) 2021.

#### State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004

A BASIX Certificate was submitted with the DA. The proposal has been assessed against the provided BASIX Certificate. The proposal will be able to meet the commitments and targets identified. A condition of consent is recommended to ensure compliance is achieved.



#### SEPP (Resilience and Hazards) 2021 - Chapter 4 - Remediation of Land

The SEPP provides a State-wide planning approach to the remediation of contaminated land.

Clause 4.6 Chapter 4 of the SEPP requires the consent authority to consider if the site if contaminated. If the site is contaminated, the consent authority must be satisfied that it is suitable in its contaminated state for the development. If the site requires remediation, the consent authority must be satisfied that it will be remediated before the land is used for the development.

Contamination and remediation were appropriately dealt with under the parent subdivision development application DA/2017/491/1. The subject land has been validated and is suitable for the proposed residential development.

## <u>State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021 - Chapter 9 – Hawkesbury-Nepean River</u>

The SEPP seeks to ensure protection is maintained for the environment of the Hawkesbury-Nepean river system and that impacts of future land uses are considered in a regional context.

The proposed development will not result in detrimental impacts upon the Hawkesbury-Nepean River system. The proposed development will further adopt appropriate sediment and erosion control measures and water pollution control devices that will avoid impacts being caused to watercourses and in turn, the Hawkesbury-Nepean River system.

#### <u>SEPP (Precincts – Western Parklands City) 2021 - Chapter 3 – Sydney Region Growth</u> Centres

The SEPP aims to co-ordinate the release of land for residential, employment and other urban development in the North West Growth Centre, the South West Growth Centre, and the Wilton Growth Area

#### Site Zoning and Permissibility

The site is zoned R2 Low Density Residential pursuant to Appendix 5, clause 2.2 of the SEPP. The development is characterised as a 'dwelling house' by the Growth SEPP, meaning a building containing only one dwelling.

The development is permitted with consent in the R2 Low Density Residential Zone pursuant to the land use table in Appendix 5 of the SEPP.

#### Planning Controls

An assessment table in which the development is considered against the Growth SEPP's planning controls is provided as an **attachment** to this report.



#### Clause 4.6 – Exceptions to Development Standards

The application seeks to contravene the height of buildings development standard applying to the site. This development standard prescribes a maximum building height of 5m from existing natural ground level. The proposed development has a maximum height of 6.238m, thereby contravening the standard by 1.238m or 24.76%

Pursuant to clause 4.6(3) of Appendix 5 – Growth Centres SEPP, the applicant has provided a written request seeking to justify the contravention of the development standard for the following reasons:

- Compliance with the 5m height of buildings standard would detract from the design of the single storey dwelling and the overall streetscape;
- The height contravention will not impact on views and vistas from Oran Park House;
- The development contravention allows for a single storey dwelling with the appropriate roof form and pitch;
- The development contravention does not impact the intended type, or character of the desired development rather, aligns with the intended development of a single storey dwelling with appropriately pitched roof. The objectives and intent of built form surrounding Oran Park House will therefore be preserved;
- The development contravention facilitates orderly and proper delivery of development as intended by the DCP. The contravention will have no significant environmental impact; and
- The request also demonstrates that relevant tests established in the Land and Environment Court (as set out in the Department's 2011 guideline for varying development standards) can be met:
  - The objectives of the standard and the R2 Low Density Residential zone are achieved notwithstanding non-compliance with the standard. A single storey detached dwelling which meets combined design requirements of setbacks, floor space ratio, and hipped roof forms ensures there are no significant adverse impacts. The objectives and intent of built form surrounding Oran Park House will be preserved.
  - If compliance was required the underlying objectives would be thwarted as the 5m height limit would not allow for a dwelling design as intended in the heritage curtilage, consistent with the DCP controls and heritage guidelines.
  - Compliance with the 5m maximum building height would be unreasonable and detrimental to the current environmental character of the site and surrounds. The dwelling is consistent with the intended outcome for residential land surrounding Oran Park House with simple hipped and/or gabled roof forms of at least 22.5 degrees.

A copy of the applicant's Clause 4.6 written request is provided as an **attachment** to this report.

The justification contained within the clause 4.6 written request demonstrates that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable and unnecessary in the circumstances of the case and that there are sufficient planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard in accordance with clause 4.6(3).

The proposed development will be in the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the standard and the objectives for development within the R2 Zone, in accordance with clause 4.6(4).



1. Indicative Layout Plan.

The intended outcome established within the Indicative Layout Plan (figure 2-1) for this part of the Catherine Fields (Part) Precinct DCP is for low density residential development. The proposal is for a single storey dwelling house, consistent with this outcome.

2. Clause 4.3 'Height of Buildings' – Objectives.

Alignment with the objectives of clause 4.3 are maintained. The development contravention will not result in development greater than single storey and it will be consistent with objectives to minimise visual impact and protect the amenity of adjoining development and land in terms of solar access to buildings and open space.

3. R2 Low Density Residential Zone Objectives.

The development contravention will not depart from the objectives of the R2 Low Density Residential zone and not be inconsistent with intended outcomes for the zone, as it will:

- provide for the housing needs of the community within a low-density residential environment; and
- provide a diverse range of housing types to meet community housing needs within a low-density residential environment.
- Site-specific objectives and controls.

Strict compliance with the 5m building height standard does not result in a dwelling design outcome, including roof form and pitch, that appropriately responds to the unique characteristics of the precinct, and the historically significant Oran Park House.

5. Alignment with DCP controls.

The building height standard contravention does not result in additional non-compliances with any development controls in the Camden Growth Centres Precinct DCP and Schedule 4 Catherine Fields (Part) Precinct. The single storey development is considered to fulfill the relevant controls and their objectives.

It is noted that the Panel may assume the concurrence of the Secretary pursuant to Planning Circular PS 20-002.

Consequently, it is recommended that the Panel support this proposed contravention to clause 4.3 – Height of Building of Appendix 5 of the SEPP.

(a)(ii) the provisions of any proposed instrument that is or has been the subject of public consultation under this Act and that has been notified to the consent authority (unless the Secretary has notified the consent authority that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved)

Draft Environment State Environmental Planning Policy (Draft Environment SEPP)

The development is consistent with the Draft Environment SEPP in that there will be no detrimental impacts upon the Hawkesbury-Nepean River system as a result of it.



## <u>Draft Remediation of Land State Environmental Planning Policy (Draft Remediation SEPP)</u>

The development is consistent with the Draft Remediation SEPP in that the land has been validated and is suitable for the proposed residential use.

## <u>Draft Planning Proposal State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Western Parkland City)</u> 2021

The development is consistent with this Draft Planning Proposal that seeks to increase the allowable building heights by inserting a new additional local provision into Appendix 5 of the SEPP that will enable a merit-based assessment to be undertaken to allow building heights above 5m providing:

- the dwelling is single storey;
- the dwelling is a detached dwelling;
- the dwelling is contained within a Standard Building Height Envelope (as recommended by Heritage NSW);
- the dwelling does not exceed 7m; and
- no more than 30% of the front building line is above 4m.

#### (a)(iii) the provisions of any development control plan

An assessment table in which the development is considered against the Camden Growth DCP is provided as an **attachment** to this report.

## (a)(iiia) the provisions of any planning agreement that has been entered into under section 7.4, or any draft planning agreement that a developer has offered to enter into under section 7.4

No relevant planning agreement or draft planning agreement exists or has been proposed as part of this DA.

## (a)(iv) the regulations (to the extent that they prescribe matters for the purposes of this paragraph)

The *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021* prescribes several matters that are addressed in the conditions **attached** to this report.

#### (b) the likely impacts of the development, including environmental impacts on both the natural and built environments, and social and economic impacts in the locality

As demonstrated by the assessment, the development is unlikely to have any unreasonable adverse impacts on either the natural or built environments, or the social and economic conditions in the locality.

#### (c) the suitability of the site for the development

As demonstrated by the above assessment, the site is considered to be suitable for the development.



#### (d) any submissions made in accordance with this Act or the regulations

The DA was publicly exhibited for a period of 14 days in accordance with Camden Community Participation Plan 2021. The exhibition period was from 17 March to 6 April 2022 and no submissions were received.

#### (e) the public interest

The public interest is served through the detailed assessment of this DA under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021*, environmental planning instruments, development control plans and policies. Based on the above assessment, the development is consistent with the public interest.

#### FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

This matter has no direct financial implications for Council.

#### **CONCLUSION**

The DA has been assessed in accordance with Section 4.15(1) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* and all relevant instruments, plans and policies. The DA is recommended for approval subject to the conditions **attached** to this report.

#### **RECOMMENDED**

#### That the Panel:

- i. support the applicant's written request lodged pursuant to Clause 4.6(3) of Appendix 5, State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts Western Parklands City) 2021 to contravene the maximum height of buildings development standard in Clause 4.3 of Appendix 5, State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts Western Parklands City) 2021; and
- ii. approve DA/2022/178/1 for the construction of a single storey dwelling house at 2 Tribe Avenue, Oran Park, subject to the conditions attached to this report.

#### REASONS FOR DETERMINATION

- 1. The Panel has considered the written request to contravene Appendix 5, State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts Western Parkland City) 2021 in relation to the maximum height of buildings development standard. The Panel considers that compliance with the standard is unreasonable and unnecessary in the circumstances and that, despite the contravention of the development standard, the development satisfies the objectives of the zone and standard, will be in the public interest and is acceptable in the particular circumstances of the case.
- 2. The development is consistent with the objectives of the applicable environmental planning instrument, being Appendix 5, State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts Western Parkland City) 2021.
- The development is consistent with the objectives of Camden Growth Centre Precincts Development Control Plan.



- 4. The development is unlikely to have any unreasonable adverse impacts on the natural or built environment.
- 5. In consideration of the aforementioned reasons, the development is a suitable and planned use of the site, and its approval is in the public interest.

#### **ATTACHMENTS**

- 1. Recommended Conditions
- 2. SEPP Assessment Table
- 3. Growth DCP Assessment Table
- 4. Clause 4.6 Written Request
- 5. Architectural Plans

#### **RECOMMENDED CONDITIONS**

#### 1.0 - General Conditions of Consent

The following conditions of consent are general conditions applying to the development.

(1) **Approved Plans and Documents** - Development shall be carried out in accordance with the following plans and documents, and all recommendations made therein, except where amended by the conditions of this development consent:

Plan Reference/ Drawing No.	Name of Plan	Prepared by	Date
606219, Sheet 2, Rev 15.	Site Plan.	McDonald Jones.	05/03/2022.
606219, Sheet 3, Rev 15.	Water Management Plan.	McDonald Jones.	05/03/2022.
606219, Sheet 4, Rev 15.	Ground Floor Plan.	McDonald Jones.	05/03/2022.
606219, Sheet 6, Rev 15.	Elevations / Sections.	McDonald Jones.	05/03/2022.
606219, Sheet 7, Rev 15.	Elevations.	McDonald Jones.	05/03/2022.
606219, Page 1, Rev E.	Landscape Plan.	Myard Landscape Design.	01/02/2022.
-	External Colour Plan.	Brickworks Building Products.	-

Document Title	Prepared by	Date
BASIX Certificate, No. 1243634S 02.	Energy Advance.	26/02/2022.
Waste Management and Minimisation Plan.	McDonald Jones Homes.	23/08/2021.

- (2) **BASIX Certificate** The applicant shall undertake the development strictly in accordance with the commitments listed in the approved BASIX certificate(s) for the development to which this consent applies.
- (3) National Construction Code Building Code of Australia (BCA) All building work shall be carried out in accordance with the BCA. In this condition, a reference to the BCA is a reference to that Code as in force on the date the application for the relevant Construction Certificate is made.
- (4) **Home Building Act** Pursuant to Section 4.17(11) of the *EP&A Act 1979*, residential building work within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989* shall not be carried out unless the principal certifier for the development to which the work relates:
  - a) in the case of work for which a principal contractor has been appointed:
    - i) has been informed in writing of the name and licence number of the principal contractor; and

- ii) where required has provided an insurance certificate with the name of the insurer by which the work is insured under Part 6 of that Act.
- in the case of work to be carried out by an owner-builder;
  - i) has been informed in writing of the name of the owner-builder; and
  - ii) if the owner-builder is required to hold an owner-builder permit under that Act; has provided a copy of the owner builder permit.
- (5) **Home Building Act Insurance** Building work that involves residential building work within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, shall not commence until such time as a contract of insurance is in force in accordance with Part 6 of that Act.

This clause does not apply:

a) to the extent to which an exemption is in force under Clause 187 or 188 of the EP&A Regulation 2000, subject to the terms of any condition or requirement referred to in Clause 187(6) or 188(4) of the EP&A Regulation 2000; or

to the erection of a temporary building, other than a temporary structure to which subclause (1A) of Clause 98 of the EP&A Regulation 2000 applies.

- (6) Shoring and Adequacy of Adjoining Property Works If the approved development involves an excavation that extends below the level of the base of the footings of a building, structure or work on adjoining land, the person having the benefit of the consent shall, at the person's own expense:
  - a) protect and support the adjoining building, structure or work from possible damage from the excavation; and
  - b) where necessary, underpin the building, structure or work to prevent any such damage.

This condition does not apply if the person having the benefit of the consent owns the adjoining land or the owner of the adjoining land has given consent in writing to that condition not applying

A copy of the written consent must be provided to the principal certifier prior to the excavation commencing.

(7) Infrastructure in Road and Footpath Areas – Infrastructure must not be removed and/or reconstructed without prior written approval from Council. Any costs incurred due to the relocation, restoration or reconstruction of pram ramps, footpath, light poles, kerb inlet pits, service provider pits, street trees or other infrastructure in the street footpath area for the proposed development shall be borne by the applicant, and not Council.

**Note.** The issue of this development consent does not imply concurrence or approval of any required public infrastructure work associated with the development.

#### 2.0 - Prior to Issue of a Construction Certificate

The following conditions of consent shall be complied with prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

- (1) **Structural Engineer's Details** The piers/slabs/footings/structural elements shall be designed and certified by a suitably qualified structural engineer and shall take into consideration the recommendations of any geotechnical report applicable to the site. A statement to that effect shall be provided to the accredited certifier.
- (2) **Driveway Gradients and Design** The design of all driveways shall comply with AS 2890.1-2004 'Off street car parking' and:
  - a) the driveway shall comply with Council's Access Driveway Specifications; <a href="https://www.camden.nsw.gov.au/assets/pdfs/Development/Preparing-a-DA/Development-Guidelines-and-policies/Access-Driveways-Specifications-and-Drawings.pdf">https://www.camden.nsw.gov.au/assets/pdfs/Development/Preparing-a-DA/Development-Guidelines-and-policies/Access-Driveways-Specifications-and-Drawings.pdf</a>
  - b) the driveway shall be at least 1m from any street tree, stormwater pit or service infrastructure;
  - c) the level for the driveway across the footpath area shall achieve a gradient of 4% and
  - d) a Driveway Crossing Approval (PRA) must be obtained prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

Details demonstrating compliance shall be provided to the accredited certifier prior to issue of a Construction Certificate.

- (3) **Soil, Erosion, Sediment and Water Management** An erosion and sediment control plan shall be prepared in accordance with 'Managing Urban Stormwater Soils and Construction ('the blue book'). Details demonstrating compliance shall be provided to the certifier with the Construction Certificate application.
- (4) **Works in Road Reserves** Where any works are proposed in a public road reservation, a Road Opening Permit shall be obtained from Council in accordance with Section 138 of the *Roads Act 1993*.
- (5) **Salinity (Dwellings and Outbuildings)** The approved development shall comply with the requirements of the salinity management plan Report on Salinity Investigation and Management Plan: Proposed Residential Subdivision Catherine Park, prepared by Douglas Partners, Project 76559.00 Dated November 2015.
  - Details demonstrating compliance shall be provided to the accredited certifier with the Construction Certificate application.
- (6) Long Service Levy In accordance with Section 34 of the *Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986*, the applicant shall pay a long service levy at the prescribed rate to either the Long Service Payments Corporation or Council for any building work that cost \$25,000 or more.

#### 3.0 - Prior to Commencement of Works

The following conditions of consent shall be complied with prior to any works commencing on the development site.

(1) **Public Liability Insurance** - The owner or contractor shall take out a Public Liability Insurance Policy with a minimum cover of \$20 million in relation to the occupation of, and works within, public property (i.e. kerbs, gutters, footpaths, walkways, reserves,

etc) for the full duration of the proposed works. Evidence of this Policy shall be provided to Council and the certifier.

- (2) **Notice of Principal Certifier** Notice shall be given to Council at least two (2) days prior to subdivision and/or building works commencing in accordance with Clause 103 of the EP&A Regulation 2000. The notice shall include:
  - a) a description of the work to be carried out;
  - b) the address of the land on which the work is to be carried out;
  - c) the registered number and date of issue of the relevant development consent;
  - d) the name and address of the principal certifier, and of the person by whom the principal certifier was appointed;
  - e) the certifier's registration number, and a statement signed by the certifier consenting to being appointed as principal certifier; and
  - f) a telephone number on which the principal certifier may be contacted for business purposes.
- (3) **Notice of Commencement of Work** Notice shall be given to Council at least two (2) days prior to subdivision and/or building works commencing in accordance with Clause 104 of the EP&A Regulation 2000. The notice shall include:
  - a) the name and address of the person by whom the notice is being given;
  - b) a description of the work to be carried out;
  - c) the address of the land on which the work is to be carried out;
  - d) the registered number and date of issue of the relevant development consent and construction certificate;
  - e) a statement signed by or on behalf of the principal certifier (only where no principal certifier is required) to the effect that all conditions of the consent that are required to be satisfied prior to the work commencing have been satisfied; and
  - f) the date on which the work is intended to commence.
- (4) **Construction Certificate Required** In accordance with the requirements of the *EP&A Act 1979*, building or subdivision works approved by this consent shall not commence until the following has been satisfied:
  - a) a Construction Certificate has been issued by a certifier;
  - b) a principal certifier has been appointed by the person having benefit of the development consent;
  - c) if Council is not the principal certifier, Council is notified of the appointed principal certifier at least two (2) days before building work commences;
  - d) the person having benefit of the development consent notifies Council of the intention to commence building work at least two (2) days before building work commences; and

- e) the principal certifier is notified in writing of the name and contractor licence number of the owner/builder intending to carry out the approved works.
- (5) **Sign of Principal Certifier and Contact Details** A sign shall be erected in a prominent position on the site stating the following:
  - a) that unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited;
  - b) the name of the principal contractor (or person in charge of the site) and a telephone number on which that person can be contacted at any time for business purposes and outside working hours; and
  - c) the name, address and telephone number of the principal certifier.

The sign shall be maintained while the work is being carried out and removed upon the completion of works.

- (6) Site is to be Secured The site shall be secured and fenced.
- (7) **Sydney Water Approval** The approved construction certificate plans must also be approved by Sydney Water to determine if sewer, water or stormwater mains or easements will be affected by any part of the development. Go to <a href="https://www.sydneywater.com/tapin">www.sydneywater.com/tapin</a> to apply.

A copy of the approval receipt from Sydney Water must be submitted to the principal certifier.

- (8) **Soil Erosion and Sediment Control** Soil erosion and sediment controls must be implemented prior to works commencing on the site in accordance with 'Managing Urban Stormwater Soils and Construction ('the blue book') and any Sediment and Erosion plans approved with this development consent.
- (9) Protection of Existing Street Trees No existing nature strip, street tree, tree guard, protective bollard, garden bed surrounds or root barrier installation shall be disturbed, relocated, removed or damaged during earthworks, demolition, excavation (including any driveway installation), construction, maintenance and/or establishment works applicable to this consent, without Council agreement and/or consent.

The protection methods for existing nature strip, street tree, tree guard, protective bollard, garden bed surrounds or root barrier installation during all works approved by this development consent shall be installed in accordance with AS 4970-2009 Protection of Trees on Development Sites.

(10) **Protection of Trees to be Retained** - Protection of trees to be retained shall be in accordance with Council's Engineering Specifications. The area beneath the canopies of the tree(s) to be retained shall be fenced. Tree protection signage is required to be attached to each tree protection zone, and displayed in a prominent position.

#### 4.0 - During Works

The following conditions of consent shall be complied with during the construction phase of the development.

(1) **Work Hours** - All work (including delivery of materials) shall be:

- restricted to between the hours of 7am to 5pm Monday to Saturday (inclusive), and
- not carried out on Sundays or public holidays,

unless approved in writing by Council.

(2) **Excavations and Backfilling -** All excavations and backfilling associated with this development consent shall be executed safely, and be properly guarded and protected to prevent them from being dangerous to life or property, and in accordance with the design of a suitably qualified structural engineer.

If an excavation extends below the level of the base of the footings of a building on an adjoining allotment, the person causing the excavation shall:

- a) preserve and protect the building from damage;
- b) if necessary, underpin and support the building in an approved manner; and
- c) give at least seven (7) days notice to the adjoining owner before excavating, of the intention to excavate.

The principal contractor, owner builder or any person who needs to excavate and undertake building work, shall contact "Dial Before You Dig" prior to works commencing, and allow a reasonable period of time for the utilities to provide locations of their underground assets.

This condition does not apply if the person having the benefit of the development consent owns the adjoining land or the owner of the adjoining land has given consent in writing to that condition not applying.

(3) Stormwater – Collection and Discharge Requirements - The roof of the subject building(s) shall be provided with guttering and down pipes and all drainage lines, including stormwater drainage lines from other areas and overflows from rainwater tanks, conveyed to the kerb outlet.

Connection to the kerb shall only occur at the designated connection point for the allotment. New connections that require the rectification of an easement pipe or kerb shall only occur with the prior approval of Camden Council.

All roofwater shall be connected to the approved roofwater disposal system immediately after the roofing material has been fixed to the framing members. The principal certifier shall not permit construction works beyond the frame inspection stage until this work has been carried out.

- (4) **Site Management** The following practices are to be implemented during construction:
  - a) stockpiles of topsoil, sand, aggregate, spoil or other material shall be kept clear of any drainage path, easement, natural watercourse, kerb or road surface and shall have measures in place to prevent the movement of such material off site;
  - b) builder's operations such as brick cutting, washing tools, concreting and bricklaying shall be confined to the building allotment. All pollutants from these activities shall be contained on site and disposed of in an appropriate manner;

- c) waste shall not be burnt or buried on site or any other properties, nor shall windblown rubbish be allowed to leave the site. All waste shall be disposed of at a licenced waste disposal facility;
- d) a waste storage area shall be located on the site;
- e) all building materials, plant, equipment and waste control containers shall be placed on the building site. Building materials, plant and equipment (including water closets), shall not to be placed on public property (footpaths, roadways, public reserves, etc);
- f) toilet facilities shall be provided at, or in the vicinity of, the work site at the rate of 1 toilet for every 20 persons or part thereof employed at the site. Each toilet shall:
  - i) be a standard flushing toilet connected to a public sewer; or
  - ii) have an on-site effluent disposal system approved under the *Local Government Act 1993*; or
  - iii) be a temporary chemical closet approved under the *Local Government Act* 1993.
- (5) **Works by Owner** Where a portion of the building works do not form part of a building contract with the principal contractor (builder) and are required to be completed by the owner, such works shall be scheduled by the owner so that all works coincide with the completion of the main building being erected by the principal contractor.
- (6) **Finished Floor Level** A survey report prepared by a registered land surveyor confirming that the finished floor level complies with the approved plans or floor levels specified by the development consent, shall be provided to principal certifier prior to the development proceeding beyond floor level stage.
- (7) **Survey Report** The building shall be set out by a registered land surveyor. A peg out survey detailing the siting of the building in accordance with the approved plans shall be provided to the principal certifier prior to the pouring of concrete.
- (8) **Easements** No changes to site levels, or any form of construction shall occur within any easements that may be located on the allotment.
- (9) Vehicles Leaving the Site The construction supervisor must ensure that:
  - all vehicles transporting material from the site cover such material so as to minimise sediment transfer;
  - the wheels of vehicles leaving the site:
    - do not track soil and other waste material onto any public road adjoining the site; and
    - o fully traverse the site's stabilised access point.
- (10) Removal of Waste Materials Where there is a need to remove any identified materials from the site that contain fill/rubbish/asbestos, the waste material shall be assessed and classified in accordance with the NSW EPA Waste Classification

Guidelines 2014 (refer to: <a href="www.epa.nsw.gov.au/wasteregulation/classify-guidelines.htm">www.epa.nsw.gov.au/wasteregulation/classify-guidelines.htm</a>)

Once assessed, the materials shall be disposed of to a licensed waste facility suitable for that particular classification of waste. Copies of tipping dockets shall be retained and supplied to Council upon request.

- (11) **Soil, Erosion, Sediment and Water Management Implementation** All requirements of the erosion and sediment control plan and/or soil and water management plan shall be maintained at all times during the works and any measures required by the plan shall not be removed until the site has been stabilised.
- (12) Disposal of Stormwater Water seeping into any site excavations is not to be pumped into the stormwater system unless it complies with relevant EPA and ANZECC standards for water quality discharge.
- (13) **Offensive Noise, Dust, Odour and Vibration** All work shall not give rise to offensive noise, dust, odour or vibration as defined in the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* when measured at the property boundary.
- (14) **Fill Material (Dwellings)** Prior to the importation and/or placement of any fill material on the subject site, a validation report and sampling location plan for such material must be provided to and approved by the principal certifier.

The validation report and associated sampling location plan must:

- a) be prepared by a person with experience in the geotechnical aspects of earthworks; and
- b) be prepared in accordance with;

For Virgin Excavated Natural Material (VENM):

- i) the Department of Land and Water Conservation publication "Site Investigation for Urban Salinity;" and
- the Department of Environment and Conservation Contaminated Sites Guidelines "Guidelines for the NSW Site Auditor Scheme (Second Edition) - Soil Investigation Levels for Urban Development Sites in NSW."

For Excavated Natural Material (ENM):

- i) compliance with the Excavated Natural Material Order 2014 and the Resource Recovery Orders and Exemptions issued under Part 9 of the Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 2014
- c) confirm that the fill material has had salinity characteristics identified in the report, specifically the aggressiveness of salts to concrete and steel (refer Department of Land and Water Conservation publication "Site investigation for Urban Salinity") and is compatible with any salinity management plans approved for the site.

- (15) **Protection for Existing Trees** The protection of existing trees (on-site and street trees) must be carried out as specified by AS 4970 Protection of Trees on Development Sites.
- (16) Unexpected Finds Contingency (General) Should any suspect materials (identified by unusual staining, odour, discolouration or inclusions such as building rubble, asbestos, ash material, etc.) be encountered during any stage of works (including earthworks, site preparation or construction works, etc.), such works shall cease immediately until a certified contaminated land consultant has be contacted and conducted a thorough assessment.

In the event that contamination is identified as a result of this assessment and if remediation is required, all works shall cease in the vicinity of the contamination and Council shall be notified immediately.

Where remediation work is required, the applicant will be required to obtain consent for the remediation works.

#### 5.0 - Prior to Issue of an Occupation Certificate

An Occupation Certificate shall be obtained prior to any use or occupation of the development. The following conditions of consent shall be complied with prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate.

- (1) **Survey Certificate** A registered surveyor shall prepare a Survey Certificate to certify that the location of the building in relation to the allotment boundaries complies with the approved plans or as specified by this consent. The Survey Certificate shall be provided to the satisfaction of the principal certifier.
- (2) **Driveway Crossing Construction** A footpath crossing (where required) and a driveway crossing shall be constructed in accordance with this development consent and the driveway crossing approval prior to use or occupation of the development.
- (3) **Reinstate Verge** The applicant shall construct and/or reconstruct the unpaved verge area with grass, species and installations approved by Council.
- (4) Waste Management Plan The principal certifier shall ensure that all works have been completed in accordance with the approved waste management plan referred to in this development consent.

## State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Western Parkland City) 2021 <u>Assessment Table</u>

Clause.	Assessment.	Compliance.
Appendix 5, 2.3 Zone objectives and land use table  The land use table for each zone sets out what development is permitted without consent, permitted with consent and prohibited.  The consent authority must have regard to the objectives for development in a zone when determining a development application in respect of land within a zone.  The zone objectives for this site are:  • To provide for the housing needs of the community within a low density residential environment.  • To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.  • To allow people to carry out a reasonable range of activities from their homes where such activities are not likely to adversely affect the living environment of neighbours.  • To support the well-being of the community by enabling educational, recreational, community, religious and other activities where compatible with the amenity of a low density residential environment.  • To provide a diverse range of housing types to meet community housing needs within a low density residential environment.	The lot is located in an R2 Low Density Residential zone. The proposed development is characterised as a 'dwelling house' which is permitted with consent in the R2 Low Density Residential zone of Appendix 5 – SEPP (Precincts—Western Parkland City) 2021.  The proposal meets the objectives of the zone as:  The proposal will provide for the housing needs of the community within the low-density residential environment.  The proposal is consistent with its surrounds, allowing for a reasonable range of activities to be carried out that are consistent with those surrounding it.  The proposal will be an addition to the existing housing type typical to the immediate surrounds.	Yes
Appendix 5, 4.3 Height of buildings  Maximum buildings heights must not exceed the maximum building height shown on the Height of Buildings Map.	The proposed development has a maximum building height of 6.238m.	No (Clause 4.6 written request submitted).

## State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Western Parkland City) 2021 <u>Assessment Table</u>

Maximum height of buildings = Split 9.0m/5.0m 'J1'/'C'.		
Appendix 5, 4.6 Exceptions to development standards  Development consent may be granted for development that contravenes a development standard imposed by the SEPP or any other environmental planning instrument.  The consent authority must consider a written request from the applicant that seeks to justify the contravention by demonstrating that:  (a) that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case, and  (b) that there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard.  Development consent musty not granted unless:  (a) the consent authority is satisfied that:  (i) the applicant's written request has adequately addressed the matters required to be demonstrated, and  (ii) the proposed development will be in the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the particular standard and the objectives for development within the zone in which the development is proposed to be carried out, and  (b) the concurrence of the Secretary has been obtained.  This clause prohibits the approval of certain development standard contraventions.	The applicant has submitted a written request under Clause 4.6 of the Growth SEPP justifying the contravention to the maximum height of buildings development standard. The Clause 4.6 written request is assessed in the main body of the report.  It is considered that the applicant's written request has adequately demonstrated that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case, and that there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard.  It is assessed that the proposed development will be in the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the height of buildings development standard and the objectives for development within the R2 Low Density Residential zone.  It is noted that the Panel may assume the concurrence of the Secretary.	Yes

Control	Assessment	Compliance?
4.1.1 Site Analysis		Yes.
Site analysis plan is to be provided.	Appropriate site analysis plan provided.	
4.1.2 Cut and Fill		Yes.
DAs are to illustrate where it is necessary to cut and/or fill land and provide justification for the proposed changes to the land levels.	Cut and fill plan provided.	
The maximum amount of cut shall not exceed 1m. The maximum amount of fill shall not exceed 1m.	Cut and fill plan indicates cut and fill <1.0m.	
Fill within 2.0m of a property boundary shall be fully contained by the use of deepened (drop) edge beam construction with no fill permitted outside of this building footprint.	Noted, proposed will adopt minimal fill.	
The use of a deepened edge beam shall not exceed 1m above natural ground level.	No D.E.B required.	
Where excavation or filling is required alongside a driveway, it shall be retained by a retaining wall.	NA.	
4.1.3 Sustainable Building Design.		Yes.
The majority of plant species are to be selected from the preferred species listed at Appendix C and indigenous species are preferred.	Provided.	
The provisions of BASIX will apply with regards to water requirements and usage.	The development complies with the requirements as set out by the provided BASIX certificate.	
The design of dwellings is to maximise cross flow ventilation.	Design of dwelling incorporates large open living spaces allowing for cross flow ventilation to occur.	
The orientation of dwellings, location of living rooms and the positioning and size of windows and other openings is to take advantage of solar orientation to maximise natural light penetration to indoor areas	Location of living rooms and windows located appropriately so as to enable maximisation of capturing natural light.	

Control	Assessment	Compliance?
and to minimise the need for mechanical heating and cooling.		
Outdoor clothes lines and drying areas are required for all dwellings and can be incorporated into communal areas for multi-dwelling development and residential flat building developments.	Outdoor clothes line indicated on architectural plans located appropriately with regards to solar access.	
Roof and paving materials and colours are to minimise the retention of heat from the sun.	Roof to adopt lighter colour. This will assist in reducing contributions to the urban heat island effect.	
The design of dwellings that are required to attenuate noise shall use, where possible, alternatives to airconditioning, such as acoustic wall ventilators, ceiling fans, or bulkhead-mounted ducted fans to achieve appropriate ventilation.	The dwelling will attenuate noise where possible through separating communal areas from private living spaces.	
4.1.4		Yes.
Salinity, Sodicity and Aggressivity.		
All development must comply with the Salinity Management Plan developed at the subdivision phase or at Appendix B. The actions/works from the Salinity Management Plan must be certified upon completion of the development.	The development will comply with the requirements of the salinity management plan as adopted under parent subdivision DA.	
Salinity shall be considered during the siting, design and construction of dwellings including: drainage, vegetation type and location, foundation selection and cut and fill activities, to ensure the protection of the dwelling from salinity damage and to minimise the impacts that the development may have on the salinity process	Salinity will be considered during the siting, design and construction the proposed dwelling via a condition of consent.	
4.2.2		Yes.
Streetscape and Architectural Design.	Primary northern elevation to adopt the following design features;	
The primary street facade of a dwelling should address the street and must incorporate at least two of the following design features:  • entry feature or porch;	<ul> <li>Entry feature/porch with hipped roof over.</li> <li>Windows.</li> <li>Projecting architectural elements in the form of supporting posts.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>awnings or other features over windows;</li> <li>balcony treatment to any first floor element;</li> <li>recessing or projecting architectural elements;</li> <li>open verandah;</li> <li>bay windows or similar features; or</li> </ul>	Secondary western elevation to adopt the following design features;  • Articulation through windows  • Projecting/ recessed architectural elements	

Control	Assessment	Compliance?
<ul> <li>verandahs, pergolas or similar features above garage doors.</li> <li>Corner lot development should emphasise the corner. The secondary street facade for a dwelling on a corner lot should address the street and must incorporate at least two of the above design features. Landscaping in the front setback on the main street frontage should also continue around into the secondary setback.</li> </ul>		
Eaves are to provide sun shading and protect windows and doors and provide aesthetic interest.	Eaves vary between 0.450m and 0.6m in overhang. All eaves are >0.450m in overhang.	
The pitch of hipped and gable roof forms on the main dwelling house should be between 22.5 degrees and 35 degrees.	Hipped roof pitch of 22.5 degrees proposed.	
Front facades are to feature at least one habitable room with a window onto the street.	Front façade to feature bed 2 with windows facing the street.	
Carports and garages are to be constructed of materials that complement the colour and finishes of the main dwelling.	Proposed garage to complement colour and finish of main dwelling.	
4.2.3		Yes.
Front Setbacks.		
Dwellings are to be consistent with the front setback controls and principles in the relevant Tables 4-2 to 4-6, Figure 4-4: Minimum front setback distances and Figure 4-5.	The proposal has been assessed against tables 4-5 (lots >15m in width).	

Control	Assessment	Compliance?
4.2.4		Yes.
Side and Rear Setbacks.		
All development is to be consistent with the side and rear setback controls in the relevant Tables 4.2 to 4.6 and principles in Figure 4-7 Dwelling and open space siting principles for different lot orientations	The proposal has been assessed against tables 4-5 (lots >15m in width).	
Pergolas, swimming pools and other landscape features/structures are permitted to encroach into the rear setback.	No encroachment of said structures into the rear setback beyond the proposed building envelope.	
For dwellings with a minimum 900mm side setback, projections permitted into side and rear setback areas include eaves (up to 450 millimetres wide), fascias, sun hoods, gutters, down pipes, flues, light fittings, electricity or gas meters, rainwater tanks and hot water units.	The proposal adopts side boundary setbacks greater than 0.9m.	
4.2.5		Yes.
Dwelling Height, Massing and Siting.		
All development is to comply with the maximum site coverage as indicated in the relevant Tables 4-2 to 4-6.	The proposal has been assessed against tables 4-5 (lots >15m in width).	
Site coverage is the proportion of the lot covered by a dwelling house and all ancillary development (eg carport, garage, shed) but excluding unenclosed balconies, verandahs, porches, al fresco areas etc.	Site coverage measured accordingly against tables 4-5 (lots >15m in width).	
The ground floor level shall be no more than 1m above finished ground level.	FFL = 20.530 – lowest associated point of NGL = 20.241 = 0.289m	
4.2.6		Yes.
Landscaped Area.		
The minimum soft landscaped area within any residential lot is to comply with the controls and principles in the relevant Tables 4-2 to 4-6. Figure 4-10 illustrates areas of a lot that can contribute towards the provision of soft landscaped area and principal private open space.	The proposal has been assessed against tables 4-5 (lots >15m in width).	
Plans submitted with the development application must indicate the extent of landscaped area and nominate the	Noted/complied.	

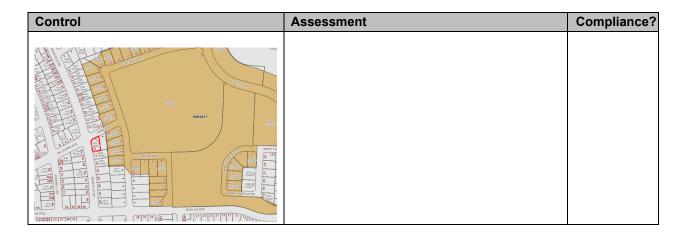
Control	Assessment	Compliance?
location of any trees to be retained or planted.		
Surface water drainage shall be provided as necessary to prevent the accumulation of water.	Stormwater to be conveyed to the kerb outlet.	
Use of low flow watering devices is encouraged to avoid over watering. Low water demand drought resistant vegetation is to be used for the majority of landscaping, including native salt tolerant trees.	No concerns presented regarding the accumulation of surface water.	
4.2.7 Private Open Space.		Yes.
Each dwelling is to be provided with an area of Principal Private Open Space (PPOS) consistent with the requirements of the relevant Tables 4-2 to 4-6.	The proposal has been assessed against tables 4-5 (lots >15m in width).	
The location of PPOS is to be determined having regard to dwelling design, allotment orientation, adjoining dwellings, landscape features, topography.	PPOS contained and achievable to rear east of lot. PPOS located appropriately.	
The PPOS is required to be conveniently accessible from the main living area of a dwelling or alfresco room and have a maximum gradient of 1:10. Where part or all of the PPOS is permitted as a semi-private patio, balcony or rooftop area, it must be directly accessible from a living area.	PPOS conveniently accessible from family room and alfresco. PPOS at grade <1:10.	
4.2.8 Garages, Storage, Site Access and Parking.		Yes.
3 bedroom or more dwellings will provide at least 2 car spaces.	2 car parking spaces provided.	
At least one car parking space must be located behind the building façade line where the car parking space is accessed from the street on the front property boundary.	2 car parking spaces provided behind the building line via double car garage.	
Driveways are to have the smallest configuration possible (particularly within the road verge) to serve the required parking facilities and vehicle turning movements and shall comply with AS2890.	Compliant and further considered against Camden Councils Standard Residential Driveway Design Guidelines.	

Control	Assessment	Compliance?
The location of driveways is to be determined with regard to dwelling design and orientation, street gully pits and trees and is to maximise the availability of onstreet parking	Driveway located appropriately and will not conflict with said structures.	
Single garage doors should be a maximum of 3m wide and double garage doors should be a maximum of 6m wide.	Double garage door width = 4.8m.	
Minimum internal dimensions for a single garage are 3m wide by 5.5m deep and for a double garage 5.6m wide by 5.5m deep.	Double garage internal dimensions = 5.6 x 5.5m.	
Garage doors are to be visually recessive through use of materials, colours, and overhangs such as second storey balconies.	Provided colour and material schedule demonstrates the garage doors will be visually recessive and respective to the proposed main dwelling.	
4.2.9 Visual and Acoustic Privacy.		Yes.
Direct overlooking of main habitable areas and the private open spaces of adjoining dwellings should be minimised through building layout, window and balcony location and design, and the use of screening, including landscaping	Proposed development is single storey only.  Proposed dwelling has an FFL <1.0m and therefore, presents no concerns relating to overlooking.	
The design of dwellings must minimize the opportunity for sound transmission through the building structure, with particular attention given to protecting bedrooms and living areas.	The dwelling will attenuate noise where possible through separating communal areas from private living spaces.	
No electrical, mechanical or hydraulic equipment or plant shall generate a noise level greater than 5dBA above background noise level measured at the property boundary during the hours 7.00am to 10.00pm and noise is not to exceed background levels during the hours 10.00pm to 7.00am.	Noted. Plant appropriately located to ensure no / minimal impact for residents of adjoining properties.	
Dwellings along sub-arterial or arterial roads, or transit boulevards, or any other noise source, should be designed to minimize the impact of traffic noise, and where possible comply with the criteria in Table 4-7. Note: Figure 4-11 provides guidance on measures to mitigate noise in residential buildings. Page 100 Camden Growth Centre Precincts Development Control Plan	Dwelling not impacted by road types.	

Control	Assessment	Compliance?
The internal layout of residential buildings, window openings, the location of outdoor living areas (i.e. courtyards and balconies), and building plant should be designed to minimise noise impact and transmission.	The dwelling will attenuate noise where possible through separating communal areas from private living spaces.	
Noise walls are not permitted.	No noise wall proposed.	
Development affected by rail or traffic noise is to comply with Development Near Rail Corridors and Busy Roads – Interim Guideline (Department of Planning 2008). The design of development is also to consider ways to mitigate noise in Principal Private Open Space areas with reference to Council's Environmental Noise Policy.	Development not impacted by rail or traffic noise.	
Architectural treatments are to be designed in accordance with AS3671 - Traffic Noise Intrusion Building Siting and Construction, the indoor sound criteria of AS2107 - Recommended Design Sound Levels and Reverberation Times for Building Interiors.	Development does not require architectural treatments regarding acoustic impacts.	
4.2.10 Fencing.		Yes.
Front fencing shall be a maximum of 1.2m high above ground level (existing) and shall be an open style incorporating pickets, slats, palings or the like or lattice style panels with a minimum aperture of 25mm.	No front fencing proposed.	
Side and rear fences are to be a maximum of 1.8m high commencing 2m behind the building line (refer to Figure 4-12).	Side boundary return fences indicated at 2.0m behind the building line.	
<b>Table 4-5 – Front setback.</b> 4.5m to building façade.	Primary northern boundary setback = 4.5m.	Yes.
Table 4-5 – Articulation zone. 3.0m if not fronting open space.	Porch (articulation feature) setback 3.637m from primary northern boundary line.	Yes.
Table 4-5 – Garage setback. 5.5m to garage line and 1m behind the building line.	Garage setback 7.050m from primary western boundary line. Garage setback 1.0m from primary building line, setback 7.04m from primary boundary line.	Yes.

Control	Assessment	Compliance?
Table 4-5 – Side setbacks.	Eastern side boundary setback:	Yes.
Ground floor (Side A) = 0.9m	Side (A) ground = 0.92m.	
Ground floor (Side B) = 0.9m.	Side (B) no side B (corner lot).	
Upper floor (Side A) = 1.5m.		
Upper floor (Side B) = 0.9m.	The proposed development is single storey only	
Table 4-5 – Rear setback.	Rear southern boundary setback at ground =	Yes.
Ground = 4.0.	4.003m.	
Upper floor = 6.0m.	NA – single storey only.	
Table 4-5 – Site coverage.		Yes.
Maximum 50% at ground floor.		
Maximum 30% at upper floor.	Site coverage = 219.1/518*100 = 42.2%	
Table 4-5 – Soft landscaped area.  Minimum 30% of the allotment area.	Landscaping = 218.3/518*100 = 42.1%	Yes.
Table 4-5 - Principal Private Open		Yes.
Space (PPOS).  Minimum 24sqm with minimum dimensions of 4m.	PPOS = 67sqm at dimensions >4.0m.	
Table 4-5 – Solar Access.		Yes.
50% of the area required for PPOS (of both	No overshadowing of PPOS.	
proposed development and adjoining	Proposed dwelling will not overshadow	
properties) should receive at least 3 hours	adjoining PPOS as it is single storey	
of sunlight between 9am and 3pm on June	development only.	
21.		
Table 4-5 – Garages and carparking.	D. I.I. A.O.	Yes.
Maximum double car garage door width 6m.	Double garage proposed. Width = 4.8m.	
3 bedrooms or more to provide at least 2	2 spaces provided.	
car spaces.		
Control	Assessment	Compliance?
		Yes.
4.1 Development Surrounding Oran		
Park House.		
Proposals for subdivision and		
development that are seeking exemption	Subject lot is located outside of the heritage	
from Integrated Development referrals to	curtilage. Development on the subject lot does	
Heritage NSW and exemption from	not trigger nominated integrated development.	
Section 60 approval under the Heritage Act		
1977 must comply with the guidelines		
contained in the Oran Park State Heritage		
Register listing and with the requirements		
contained in the NSW Heritage Act 1977.		
	1	I

### Camden Growth Centre Precincts Development Control Plan (Growth DCP) Assessment Table





**CLAUSE 4.6 VARIATION REQUEST Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979** 

**New Single Storey Residential Dwelling Stage 6 | Catherine Park** 

Address	Address: 2 Tribe Avenue ORAN PARK					
Lot:	6023	DP1235007				
Date:	16 May	2022				

### urbanco

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### 1 INTRODUCTION

We submit a Clause 4.6 variation request to support a Development Application (DA) seeking approval to erect a detached dwelling on land described in Table 2 of this report.

The variation request relates to a building height standard under Appendix 9 Camden Growth Centres Precinct Plan in State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006.

Catherine Park contains a State listed heritage item, an early European settlement homestead, named Catherine Park House (aka Oran Park House). The Precinct Planning for the Catherine Fields Part Precinct implemented special development standards around Catherine Park House to deliver a transition in development between the heritage item and surrounding urban development.

The site specific 5 metre maximum building height development standard imposed on land surrounding the heritage item adopted in *State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006* (Growth Centres SEPP) does not enable all options for excellence in design of residential dwellings as was intended. A maximum building height over 5 metres will enable more and better dwelling designs with higher roof forms that will more effectively meet the design outcomes intended in the site-specific development controls in Schedule 4 of the Camden Growth Centre Precincts Development Control Plan (DCP), such as roof pitch.

The DA seeks approval for a detached dwelling with a roof form that exceeds the 5 metre heigh limit. This Clause 4.6 variation request seeks to vary the 5 metre maximum building height development standard to the extent described in Table 3 of this report.

This request has been prepared in accordance with the Department of Planning & Environment (DPIE) Guideline, Varying Development Standards: A Guide, August 2011, and relevant matters set out in the 'five-part test' established by determinations in the NSW Land and Environment Court.

This request should be read in conjunction with the Statement of Environmental Effects for the DA and supporting documentation and plans lodged with the proposal.

This report demonstrates that support for proposed building height provides better building design, enables compliance with DCP controls and achieves the intended outcomes for residential development surrounding Catherine Park House without any significant impacts.



### 2 STATUTORY PLANNING FRAMEWORK

### 2.1 Clause 4.6 - Exceptions to development standards

Clause 4.6 - Exceptions to development standards in 'Appendix 9 Camden Growth Centres Precinct Plan' of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006* (Growth Centres SEPP) allows the relevant authority to grant consent to development that varies from a development standard imposed by the Environmental Planning Instrument. The objectives of the clause include:

- (a) to provide an appropriate degree of flexibility in applying certain development standards to particular development.
- (b) to achieve better outcomes for and from development by allowing flexibility in particular circumstances.

A written request to vary a development standard is required in accordance with subclause (3), which reads:

- (3) Consent must not be granted for development that contravenes a development standard unless the consent authority has considered a written request from the applicant that seeks to justify the contravention of the development standard by demonstrating—
  - (a) that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case, and
  - (b) that there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard.

This document forms the written request required under Clause 4.6.

Subclauses 4 and 5 provide the considerations for approving a variation under Clause 4.6 including satisfying the requirements under subclause 3 and whether there is a public benefit of maintaining the development standard.

- (4) Development consent must not be granted for development that contravenes a development standard unless—
  - (a) the consent authority is satisfied that—
    - (i) the applicant's written request has adequately addressed the matters required to be demonstrated by subclause (3), and
    - (ii) the proposed development will be in the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the particular standard and the objectives for development within the zone in which the development is proposed to be carried out, and
  - (b) the concurrence of the Director-General has been obtained.
- (5) In deciding whether to grant concurrence, the Director-General must consider—
  - (a) whether contravention of the development standard raises any matter of significance for State environmental planning, and
  - (b) the public benefit of maintaining the development standard, and
  - (c) any other matters required to be taken into consideration by the Director-General before granting concurrence.

### 2.2 Development Standards

A variation sought under Clause 4.6 needs to be a 'development standard'. A development standard is defined in the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act in Clause 1.4 as:

development standards means provisions of an environmental planning instrument or the regulations in relation to the carrying out of development, being provisions by or under which requirements are specified or standards are fixed in respect of any aspect of that development, including, but without limiting the generality of the foregoing, requirements or standards in respect of—



- (a) the area, shape or frontage of any land, the dimensions of any land, buildings or works, or the distance of any land, building or work from any specified point,
- (b) the proportion or percentage of the area of a site which a building or work may occupy,
- (c) the character, location, siting, bulk, scale, shape, size, height, density, design or external appearance of a building or work,
- (d) the cubic content or floor space of a building,
- (e) the intensity or density of the use of any land, building or work,
- (f) the provision of public access, open space, landscaped space, tree planting or other treatment for the conservation, protection or enhancement of the environment,
- (g) the provision of facilities for the standing, movement, parking, servicing, manoeuvring, loading or unloading of vehicles,
- (h) the volume, nature and type of traffic generated by the development,
- (i) road patterns,
- (j) drainage,
- (k) the carrying out of earthworks,
- (I) the effects of development on patterns of wind, sunlight, daylight or shadows,
- (m) the provision of services, facilities and amenities demanded by development,
- (n) the emission of pollution and means for its prevention or control or mitigation, and
- (o) such other matters as may be prescribed.

With reference to part (c) it is definitive the maximum building height standard is a development standard.



### 3 PROPOSED VARIATION TO DEVELOPMENT STANDARD

### 3.1 Development Standard Subject to Variation

The proposed variation is subject to the maximum building height development standard in Appendix 9 Camden Growth Centres Precinct Plan under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006* (Growth Centres SEPP).

Clause 4.3 - Height of buildings in Appendix 9 of Growth Centres SEPP prescribes maximum building height for certain land in the Camden LGA portion of the South West Growth Area.

The Objectives of Clause 4.3 - Height of buildings are as follows:

- (a) to establish the maximum height of buildings,
- (b) to minimise visual impact and protect the amenity of adjoining development and land in terms of solar access to buildings and open space,
- (c) to facilitate higher density development in and around commercial centres and major transport routes.

Clause 4.1(2) requires that the height of a building on any land is not to exceed the maximum height shown for the land on the Height of Buildings Map.

Maximum building height is shown on South West Growth Centre Height of Buildings Map Sheets HOB\_004 and HOB\_009. This map shows maximum building height of 5 metres for the residential allotments surrounding Catherine Park House. This variation applies to 66 residential allotments that are subject to the 5 metre building height limit (see Section 3.2) and specific lot details are included in Table 2.



Figure 1 - Maximum Building Height Map (Source: NSW Planning Portal)



### 3.2 Subject Site

The site is located within Stage 6 in Catherine Park Estate. The land subject to a Clause 4.6 Variation comprises 66 residential allotments on the Deposited Plan No. DP1235007 that are subject to a 5 metre building height limit. The 66 residential allotments are shown in Figure 2 and are listed in Table 1. The details of the specific lot subject to this variation request are listed in Table 2.



Figure 2 - Lots in DP1235007 Subject to a Clause 4.6 Variation



Table 1: Lots in DP1235007 Subject to Clause 4.6 Variation

| Lot No. |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 6001    | 6008    | 6015    | 6022    | 6029    | 6036    | 6043    | 6050    | 6059    | 6068    |
| 6002    | 6009    | 6016    | 6023    | 6030    | 6037    | 6044    | 6051    | 6060    | 6069    |
| 6003    | 6010    | 6017    | 6024    | 6031    | 6038    | 6045    | 6052    | 6061    | 6070    |
| 6004    | 6011    | 6018    | 6025    | 6032    | 6039    | 6046    | 6055    | 6064    |         |
| 6005    | 6012    | 6019    | 6026    | 6033    | 6040    | 6047    | 6056    | 6065    |         |
| 6006    | 6013    | 6020    | 6027    | 6034    | 6041    | 6048    | 6057    | 6066    |         |
| 6007    | 6014    | 6021    | 6028    | 6035    | 6042    | 6049    | 6058    | 6067    |         |

The land details specific to this Clause 4.6 Variation are detailed in Table 2.

#### Table 2: Land Details Subject to Clause 4.6 Variation Request

Address:	2 Tribe Ave ORAN PARK	
Lot:	6023	DP1235007

### 3.3 Proposal

The DA seeks to erect a single storey detached dwelling on the site described in Table 2. The proposed building height of the dwelling exceeds the 5 metre maximum building height limit imposed under the Growth Centres SEPP.

### 3.4 Planning Context

The land is zoned R2 Low Density Residential in the Growth Centres SEPP.

The land subject to the variation is within the R2 Zone, which has the following objectives:

- To provide for the housing needs of the community within a low density residential environment.
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.
- To allow people to carry out a reasonable range of activities from their homes where such activities are not likely to adversely affect the living environment of neighbours.
- To support the well-being of the community by enabling educational, recreational, community, religious and other activities where compatible with the amenity of a low density residential environment.
- To provide a diverse range of housing types to meet community housing needs within a low density residential environment.

Residential development for detached dwellings is permissible with development consent in the R2 Zone.

### 3.5 Extent of Variation to Development Standard

The proposed building height and extent of variation to the 5 metre maximum building height limit imposed under the Growth Centres SEPP is included in Table 3.

### Table 3: Extent of Variation to Development Standard

Proposed Building Height:	5.751 metres [Re	ef: Elevations/Sec	ction Rev15 dated 3 May 2022]
Extent of Proposed Variation	n*: 15.02	%	_

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Extent of Proposed Variation = ((BH / 5) x 100) -100



### 4 EXPLANATION FOR EXCEPTION TO DEVELOPMENT STANDARD

## 4.1 Clause 4.6(a) that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case

The Department of Planning Industry & Environment published a guideline titled 'Varying development standards: A Guide' (August 2011), which is available on their website at: <a href="https://www.planning.nsw.gov.au/-www.gov.au/-www.planning.nsw.gov.au/-www.gov.au/-www.planning.nsw.gov.au/-www.p

The guideline suggests that written applications to vary a development standard could address matter outlined in the 'five part test', which is formed on determinations in the NSW Land and Environment Court. The NSW Land and Environment Court established the principle of a five-part test in determining whether compliance with a development standard is unnecessary (Refer Four2Five Pty Ltd v Ashfield Council [2015] NSWLEC 90 & Wehbe v Pittwater Council [2007] NSW LEC 827).

The five part test includes five assessment criteria where one or more of the tests are to be used to demonstrate that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary. The five tests are as follows:

- 1. the objectives of the standard are achieved notwithstanding noncompliance with the standard;
- 2. the underlying objective or purpose of the standard is not relevant to the development and therefore compliance is unnecessary;
- 3. the underlying object of purpose would be defeated or thwarted if compliance was required and therefore compliance is unreasonable;
- 4. the development standard has been virtually abandoned or destroyed by the council's own actions in granting consents departing from the standard and hence compliance with the standard is unnecessary and unreasonable:
- 5. the compliance with development standard is unreasonable or inappropriate due to existing use of land and current environmental character of the particular parcel of land. That is, the particular parcel of land should not have been included in the zone.

An additional test is also included (Test 1(a)) which addresses the objectives of the land use zone, consistent with recent decisions of the NSW Land & Environment Court, including Preston CJ in *Initial Action Pty Ltd v Woollahra Municipal Council [2018] NSWLEC 118*.

## Test 1: the objectives of the standard are achieved notwithstanding noncompliance with the standard

The objectives of the height of buildings development standard in Clause 4.3 of the Growth Centres SEPP are outlined below with a respective response.

Objective (a) to establish the maximum height of buildings,

The Environmental Planning Instrument imposes a maximum building height, and a variation of the building height is submitted in accordance with the allowances under Clause 4.6. The objective is upheld and proposal does remove a building height standard for the site. Therefore, the proposal is not inconsistent with Objective (a).

Objective (b) to minimise visual impact and protect the amenity of adjoining development and land in terms of solar access to buildings and open space,

The 66 residential allotments have a land area of 500m² or greater and all residential allotments will contain a single storey detached dwelling with a combined average side setback of 4 metres and a maximum floor space ratio of 0.4:1. Single storey dwellings with hipped and/or gabled roofs are required on all allotments. The combined design requirements of setbacks, floor space ration and hipped and/or gabled roofs ensures there will be no significant overshadowing on adjoining properties. Single storey dwellings on large lots also ensures visual privacy of large areas of private open space will be preserved and visual impact is negligible. The proposed variation therefore meets Objective (b).

Objective (c) to facilitate higher density development in and around commercial centres and major transport routes.



The site is identified for lower densities of residential development. Accordingly, Objective (c) is not relevant to the site and the proposed variation does not affect noncompliance to enable higher density development around centres. Further, the Concept Proposal is not inconsistent with the objective.

### Test 1(a): the objectives of the zone

The objectives of the R2 Low Density Residential Zone are as follows:

• To provide for the housing needs of the community within a low density residential environment.

The 66 residential allotments are within a planned low density area to provide a transition of development between Catherine Park House and surrounding residential development.

The proposed building height will does not intensify the density of development and will maintain single story detached dwellings on large residential allotments within he R2 Low Density Residential Zone. The Concept Proposal is consistent with the objective.

• To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.

A detached dwellings is proposed on the site and there is no land within the site that has been identified or would be suitable for other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents. The proposal is not inconsistent with the objective.

• To allow people to carry out a reasonable range of activities from their homes where such activities are not likely to adversely affect the living environment of neighbours.

The 66 residential allotments are large lots to contain single storey detached dwellings. Each residential allotment will have generous indoor and private outdoor spaces that will ensure a typical low density living environment incorporating privacy and amenity is maintained. Additionally, the requirements for single storey dwelling construction with a simple hipped and/or gabled roof forms ensures negligible overshadowing impacts. The proposal is consistent with the objective.

• To support the well-being of the community by enabling educational, recreational, community, religious and other activities where compatible with the amenity of a low density residential environment.

A detached dwellings is proposed on the site and there is no land within the site that has been identified or would be suitable for other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents. The proposal is not inconsistent with the objective.

 To provide a diverse range of housing types to meet community housing needs within a low density residential environment.

The broader Stage 6 in Catherine Park includes a diverse range of residential lots sizes and types of residential dwellings, which range from large residential allotments to small lot housing. The 66 residential allotments under this Clause 4.6 are within a planned low density area to provide a transition of development between Catherine Park House and standard low density development. These lots make an important contribution to housing diversity within the locality.

The proposed building height does not intensify the density of development and will maintain single story detached dwellings on large residential allotments within he R2 Low Density Residential Zone. The proposal is consistent with the objective.

Test 2: the underlying objective or purpose of the standard is not relevant to the development and therefore compliance is unnecessary

The proposed variation does not rely on this test.

## Test 3: The underlying object or purpose would be defeated or thwarted if compliance was required and therefore compliance is unreasonable

The underlying objective of the built form within the transition area between Catherine Park House and the broader urban development is to provide single storey homes on large allotments with greater separation between dwellings and simple hipped and/or gabled roofs with a pitch over 22.5° (refer to Test 5). The design intention for these homes is to have 'stately' houses that respect the heritage values of Catherine Park House.



If compliance was required, it will not enable the underlaying objective will be thwarted as the 5 metre building height limit does not allow the range of dwelling designs as was intended in the DCP and Heritage Exemption Guidelines. Accordingly, compliance with the 5 metre maximum building height standard is considered unreasonable.

Test 4: The development standard has been virtually abandoned or destroyed by the council's own actions in granting consents departing from the standard and hence compliance with the standard is unnecessary and unreasonable

The proposed variation does not rely on this test.

Test 5: The compliance with development standard is unreasonable or inappropriate due to existing use of land and current environmental character of the particular parcel of land. That is, the particular parcel of land should not have been included in the zone

Compliance with the 5 metre maximum building height development standard development is unreasonable and detrimental to the current environmental character of the site and surrounds.

During the Precinct Planning for the Catherine Field Part Precinct prior to the zoning and development standards being adopted for the site, the intended outcome for the residential land surrounding Catherine Park House was to have single storey dwellings with simple hipped roof forms on large residential allotments. Hence minimum lot sizes of  $500m^2$  and  $700m^2$  were imposed and specific development controls were included in the Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP to ensure this development outcome was realised. The heritage object was to ensure the housing surrounding Catherine Park House was subservient to the heritage item and have roof forms that are not detrimental to the heritage significance and character of the House.



Figure 3 - Catherine Park House (aka Oran Park House) (Source: www.environment.nsw.gov.au)

Schedule 4 in the Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP includes site specific controls for the residential allotments surrounding Catherine Park House and subject to the Concept Proposal. The site specific controls include provision for roofs.



#### 4.1.16 Roofs

#### Controls

- 1. Roof pitches are to be between 22.5 degrees and up to 35 degrees.
- Roofs are to be of simple design and form with either simple hips or gables. Federation detailing, symbolism and Victorian inspired gables are not permitted.
- 3. The minimum eave overhang is 450mm.
- Roofs must use neutral colour tones such as greys, greens or browns.

To satisfy the site specific design standards in the DCP, a dwelling is required to have a simple hipped roof form with a minimum roof pitch of 22.5° and eaves of 450mm or larger.

There are also general development controls for rood pitch for all residential development in the DCP. Control 5 under Clause 4.2.2 'Streetscape and architectural design' states:

The pitch of hipped and gable roof forms on the main dwelling house should be between 22.5 degrees and 35 degrees.

A minimum roof pitch of 22.5° applies to all hipped roof forms for all detached dwellings within the Camden Council portion of the South West Growth Area.

Heritage Exemption Guidelines have been endorsed by the NSW Heritage Council and by order of the Minister for Heritage, granted an exemption from section 57(1) of Heritage Act 1977 in respect to all works and activities in accordance with 'Catherine Park Estate: Oran Park House Curtilage Exemption Guidelines' (prepared by Design & Planning for Hixson Pty Ltd, dated October 2014).

The Heritage Exemption Guidelines apply to the portion of allotments within the heritage curtilage and require the following design requirements to satisfy the exemption criteria:

#### 4.5 Building Height

### Controls

- 1. Buildings are to be single storey in height within the Oran Park House heritage curtilage.
- 2. Variations to the building height on corner lots may be appropriate where attic rooms with dormer windows are proposed, and where there will be no impact on the views and vistas to and from Oran Park House and grounds.

And:

### 4.6 Roofs

### Controls

- 1. Roof pitches are to be between 22.5 degrees and up to 35 degrees.
- 2. Roofs are to be of simple design and form with either simple hips or gables. Federation detailing, symbolism and Victorian inspired gables are not permitted.
- 3. The minimum eave overhang is 450mm.

The development controls in the DCP and Heritage Exemption Guidelines demonstrate the intended outcomes for residential development surrounding Catherine Park House. Importantly, residential development is required to be single storey construction and roof pitches need to be at least 22.5°.

Figure 4 shows the relationship of the existing maximum 5 metre height limit and achieving the roof pitch controls for a single story dwelling with a simple hipped roof form. The diagram adopts a typical wall height of 3 metres for a single storey dwelling and 450mm eaves, which is a required design standard. The diagram also assumes a 20 metre lot width, which is slight less than the typical of the lots facing Catherine Park House, and a minimum side setback of 0.9 metres and average side setback of 2 metres, which reflects the minimum setback requirements in Schedule 4 of the Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP.



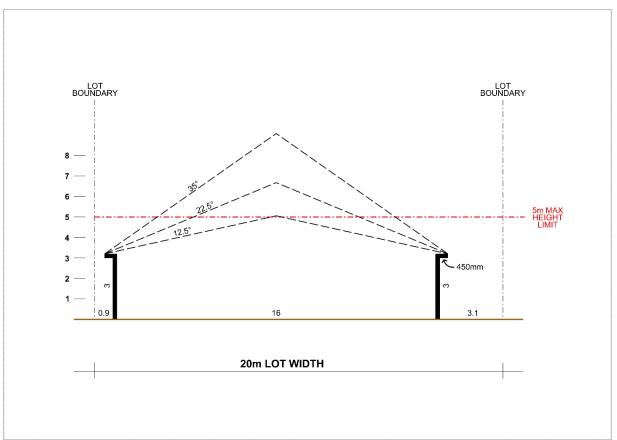


Figure 4 - Building Height & Roof Pitch

Figure 4 demonstrates roof forms that would be achieved for a single storey dwelling with a simple hipped and/or gabled roof designed with a pitch over 22.5°. The design standards for the minimum roof pitch of 22.5° and the 5 metre maximum height limit for a single storey dwelling are conflicting. In addition, a roof pitch for a hipped and/or gabled roof less than 22.5° is a poor design outcome, which is the reason the Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP imposes a minimum roof pitch of 22.5° for all residential dwellings with a hipped and/or gabled roof.

It is evident that the 5 metre maximum building height limit does not allow for better designs with higher roof forms for single story residential dwellings, and therefore, compliance with the 5 metre maximum building height development standard development is considered unreasonable. In addition, the widespread erection of dwellings with potentially compromised roof forms will be detrimental to the current environmental character of the site and surrounds with respect to the heritage values of Catherine Park House. This would also be contrary to the intended outcomes for residential development around the heritage item potentially resulting in a diminished streetscape character and appearance.

The proposed building height is necessary to achieve a quality design for the dwellings surrounding Catherine Park House, which are required to include simple hipped and/or gabled roof designs with a pitch over 22.5°. This allows for properly designed dwellings with attractive roofs.

### Conclusion

In consideration of the five part test and the zone objectives, the proposed variation meets the objectives of maximum height of buildings development standard and zone in Test 1 and 1(a). It is also demonstrated that compliance with the 5 metre maximum building height development standard is unreasonable and detrimental to the current environmental character of the site and surrounds. Accordingly, strict compliance with the development standard is unnecessary.

## 4.2 Clause 4.6(b) There are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard

The determination in Four2Five Pty Ltd v Ashfield Council [2015] NSWLEC 90 found that the environmental planning grounds presented in a Clause 4.6 variation request are to be specific to the circumstances of the proposal. There are special circumstances and sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravention of the maximum building



height development standard.

### Better designed single storey dwellings & streetscapes

The basis for the development control in the Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP that sets a minimum standard for roof pitch of  $22.5^{\circ}$  is to ensure better house design. In particular, single storey dwellings with a hipped and/or gabled roofs present significantly better with a roof form that extends above the walls. The proportion of the roof form is balanced with the rest of the dwelling and the building mass presents a stronger residential character to the street, which improved the overall streetscape character.

Figure 5 shows examples of dwellings with a compliant roof form in terms of roof pitch (Dwelling A) and a compliant dwelling in regard to the 5 metre building height.



Figure 5 - Dwelling Roof Forms

The Dwelling B roof form design is compromised by a 5 metre building height standard and presents poorly as it is not in proportion with the building. It has an underwhelming residential character due to its substandard design quality. Conversely, Dwelling A is significantly more impressive and attractive due to its extended roof form.

As the site comprises numerous rows of residential allotments, the compounding effect of several dwellings with roof forms that satisfy the 5 metre height limit will be detrimental to the streetscape and exhibit an undesirable residential character. An unattractive streetscape will also be detrimental to the heritage significance of Catherine Park House and diminish the heritage values of a State listed heritage item. This is also an outcome that the planning and heritage objectives and provisions are intending to prevent. Accordingly, the improved design quality and compliance with the heritage and planning design provisions provide strong grounds to support the variation.



### No impact on views and vistas from Catherine Park House

Catherine Park House is located on an elevated knoll and sits proud of the 66 allotments surrounding the heritage item. An analysis of four (4) views from Catherine Park House and the surrounds that intersect the site in variation locations is included in Appendix 1. The analysis shows Catherine Park House and illustrates the section detail aligning with each of the four view lines. The section detail annotates the 5 metre and 8 metre building height limits within the site (66 lots) and also shows the adjoining 9 metre building height around the outer edge of the site.

Figure 6 is an excerpt of the views analysis and includes the section of View 4 from Catherine Park House.

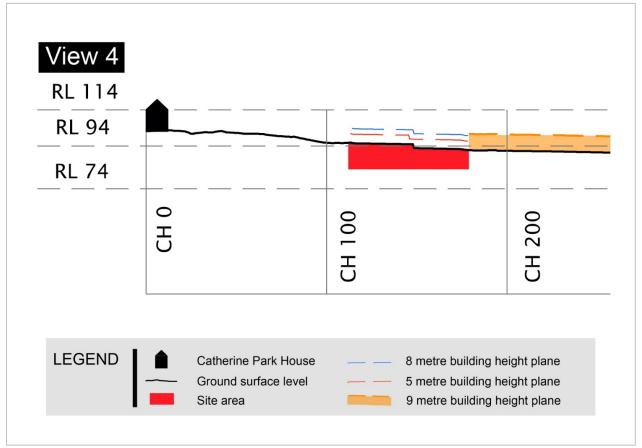


Figure 6 - Extract from View 4 in Views Analysis

The section of View 4 illustrates that both the 5 metre and proposed 8 metre building height planes are eclipsed by the adjoining 9 metre building height. Moreover, the vistas and views from Catherine Park House are dictated by the built form within the 9 metre maximum building height area as opposed to the built form within the site. This is the case for all of the four view sections, and given the proposed building height limit in this proposal is over 1 metre less than shown in the view analysis, the impacts will be less than in the views assessment.

The other matter of consideration is the portion of the roof that will be above the 5 metre building height plane is relatively minor. The 66 dwellings within the site require larger side boundary building setbacks than typical standards to create greater separation between the dwellings. Greater separation between the dwellings will also ensure greater separation between the roof forms. With a relatively small portion of the roof form above the 5 metre height plane and the separation between buildings, wide view corridors between the roofs of adjoining dwellings are preserved and continue to allow open views within the heritage curtilage area.

The built form of new residential development around the outside of the 66 lots dictate views and vistas for Catherine Park House and closer views within the heritage curtilage including the site will be preserved within corridors between the roofs of the single storey dwellings. Accordingly, the findings in the views analysis provides strong grounds to support the variation



### Objectives and intent of built form surrounding Catherine Park House preserved

The key outcome for the site (66 lots) is that all residential dwellings are to be single storey construction with hipped and/or gabled roofs on large lots. The proposed building height does not change the intended outcome for residential development surrounding Catherine Park House. The proposed building height also does not affect the intended type and character of residential development, and it will actually improve the design quality and therefore character. Accordingly, preserving the intended development outcomes and improving character provides strong grounds to support the variation.

### No significant environmental impact

There is no significant environmental impact resulting from the variation. The variation allows the orderly and proper delivery of development that will result in a development outcome that is essentially the same as has been planned for the Catherine Field Part Precinct and provided for in the Growth Centres SEPP and Schedule 4 in the Camden Council Growth Centres DCP. Once built, the site will form part of a larger area that will maintain a transition of development intensity from Catherine Park House and the intended urban structure will upheld. The protrusion of a small portion of the roof forms for the single storey dwellings with the site will be on no significant impact, particularly as this development will be more dominated by two storey developments around the outer edge of the locality. Accordingly, there are strong grounds to justify the proposed variation as there is no significant environmental impact and the intended development objectives for the locality are maintained.

#### Conclusion

There are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify variation to the maximum building height including achieving an improved building designs, no significant impacts on views and vistas from Catherine Park House, preserving a transition in development between the House and standard residential development, and having no significant impact.

## 4.3 Clause 4.6(4)(a)(ii): In the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the zone and development standard

The proposed development is consistent with the objectives of the maximum building height development standard for the reasons explained in Section 4.1 this report (refer to Test 1).

The proposed development is consistent with the zone objectives for the R2 Low Density Residential for the reasons explained in Section 4.1 this report (refer to Test 1a).

In addition, the neighbourhood character and dwelling design is complementary with the heritage values of Catherine Park House and meets the design intent of the ILP and Precinct objectives to provide for a diverse range of housing options in the South West Growth Area.

Support for the proposed variation is in the public interest as it is consistent with the objectives and will significantly and directly enhance the amenity of the area with a well-transitioned residential development away from Catherine Park House from detached dwellings on larger lots to two storey homes on smaller lots.

### 4.4 Considerations for the Planning Secretary

Clause 4.6(5) outlines matters for the Planning Secretary to consider in approving a variation to a development standard, which reads:

- (5) In deciding whether to grant concurrence, the Director-General must consider—
  - (a) whether contravention of the development standard raises any matter of significance for State environmental planning, and
  - (b the public benefit of maintaining the development standard, and
  - (c) any other matters required to be taken into consideration by the Director-General before granting concurrence.

In consideration of subclause (5), the following comments are presented.

- The variation does not raise any matter of significance for State environmental planning as the proposed variation:
  - o provides significantly better building designs and improved streetscapes,



- o provides site-specific reasoning to support the variation,
- o relates to a situation that has uncommon circumstances that do not occur elsewhere in the locality, and
- o is a variation of relatively minor consequences of no significant environmental impact.
- Maintaining the development standard has no discernible public benefit.



### 5 CONCLUSION

A Clause 4.6 variation request to support a DA to seeking approval to erect a detached dwelling on land described in Table 2 of this report. This request should be read in conjunction with the associated Environmental Assessment and supporting documentation lodged with the proposal.

The variation request relates to a maximum building height development standard under Appendix 9 Camden Growth Centres Precinct Plan in *State Environmental Planning Policy* (*Sydney Region Growth Centres*) 2006.

This request has been prepared in accordance with the Department of Planning & Environment (DPIE) Guideline, Varying Development Standards: A Guide, August 2011, and relevant matters set out in the 'five-part test' established by the NSW Land and Environment Court.

This report and supporting information demonstrate that support for proposed building height provides better building design, enables compliance with DCP controls and achieves the intended outcomes for residential development surrounding Catherine Park House without any significant impacts.

The objective of Clause 4.6 is to provide an appropriate degree of flexibility in applying development standards and to achieve better outcomes for development by allowing flexibility circumstances. The proposed variation is respectful of the allowances under Clause 4.6 and can be supported for the following reasons:

- It has been demonstrated that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable and unnecessary in the specific circumstances for three of the tests in the five part test;
- The proposal maintains consistency with the objectives of the R2 Low Density Residential zone;
- The proposal is consistent with the objectives of Clause 4.3 Height of buildings, despite the non-compliance;
- The proposed building height in Table 3 of this report will enable better building design and improved streetscapes;
- There are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify the variation;
- The variation upholds the design intent for the locality for a transition of residential development away from Catherine Park House; and
- Support for the proposed variation will have a positive environmental impact and is in the public interest.

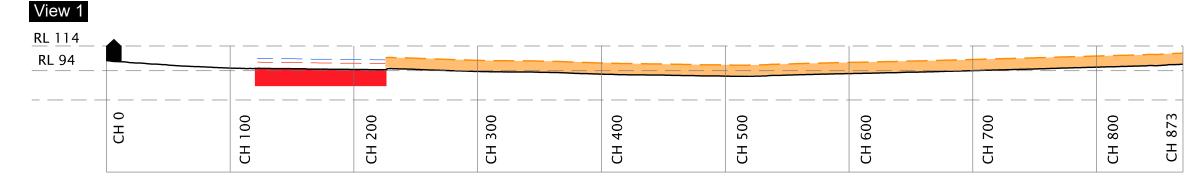


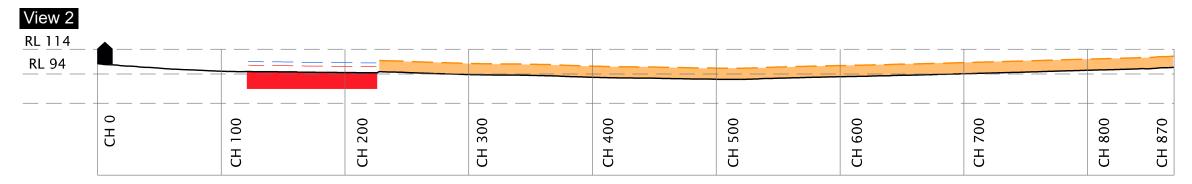
APPENDIX 1
Views Analysis

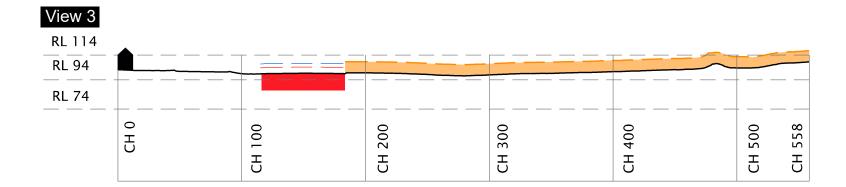
## **CATHERINE PARK HOUSE & SURROUNDS - Views Analysis**

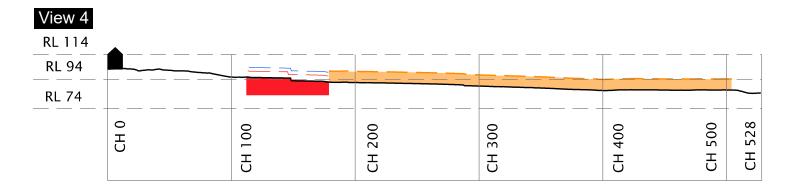
[Note: long section data provided by Registered Surveyor JMD Development Consultants]



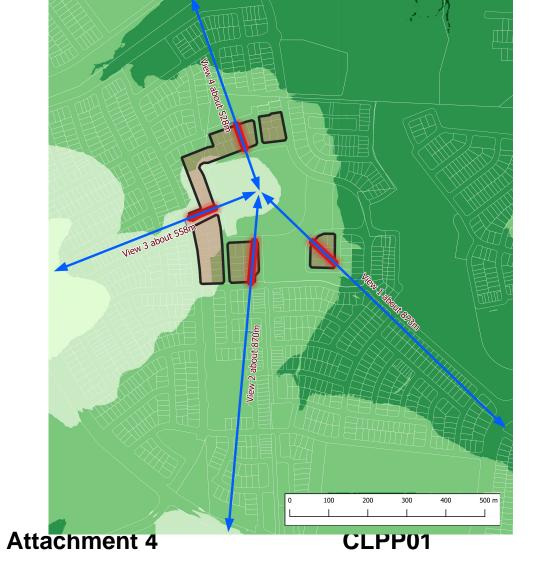












chitectural Plans

BUILDING INFORMATION REGARDING: SUSTAINABILITY REQUIREMENTS SITE CLASSIFICATION GENERAL BUILDING INFORMATION

ORMWATER LAYOUT IS DIAGRAMMATIC LY AND NO REPRESENTATION IS MADE TO THE AS-BUILT LOCATION OF ORMWATER ASSETS (INCLUDING RFACE INLET PITS) OR THE TYPE OF STEM USED (CHARGED OR GRAVITY D) ALL STORMWATER DESIGN IS BJECT TO CONTRACTORS COMMENDATIONS AND/OR ANY NSTRUCTION CONSTRAINTS OR ANGES AT THE DISCRETION OF THE ILDER. THE STORMWATER SYSTEM IS T SUITABLE FOR ANY OTHER USE. ALL RFACE WATER DRAINAGE MUST BE NAGED BY OWNER INCLUDING STALLATION OF ADDITIONAL DISCHARGE IES AND INLETS AS REQUIRED. THE ILDER PROVIDES CAPACITY FOR POSAL OF ROOF COLLECTED ORMWATER ONLY AND TAKES NO SPONSIBILITY FOR OVERFLOW OR MAGE TO PROPERTY IF OWNER ADDS ISTING STANDARD PROVISIONS

IVEWAY AND RETAINING WALLS BY /NER UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE IN E TENDER AND/OR COLOUR LECTIONS DOCUMENTATION.

OPOSED TREES BY OWNER AFTER NDOVER UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE THE TENDER DOCUMENTATION.

ND CLASSIFICATION	N2
THIN 1 KM. OF EAKING SALT WATER	NO
THIN 100 M. OF SALT TER	NO
VIMUM AHD FLOOR VEL APPLICABLE	NO
RVEY AREA	NEW
TITUDE	0° 00' 00" S
NGITUDE	0° 00' 00" E

### APPROX. IMPORT/EXPORT FILL 17.99m

0.74m<sup>3</sup>

**EVEN CUT & FILL** 

50 x 25 x 1000

SUBJECT TO MAXIMUM DRIVEWAY PROFILE AND/OR ANY FLOOD RELATED LEVELS

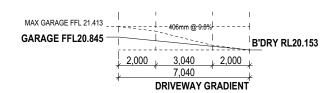
CLIENT TO REMOVE TREES, STUMPS, ROOTS AND SLASH/SCRAPE LONG GRASS AND UNDERGROWTH FROM BUILDING AREA. WHERE STUMPS HAVE BEEN REMOVED THE GROUND IS TO BE FILLED AND COMPACTED

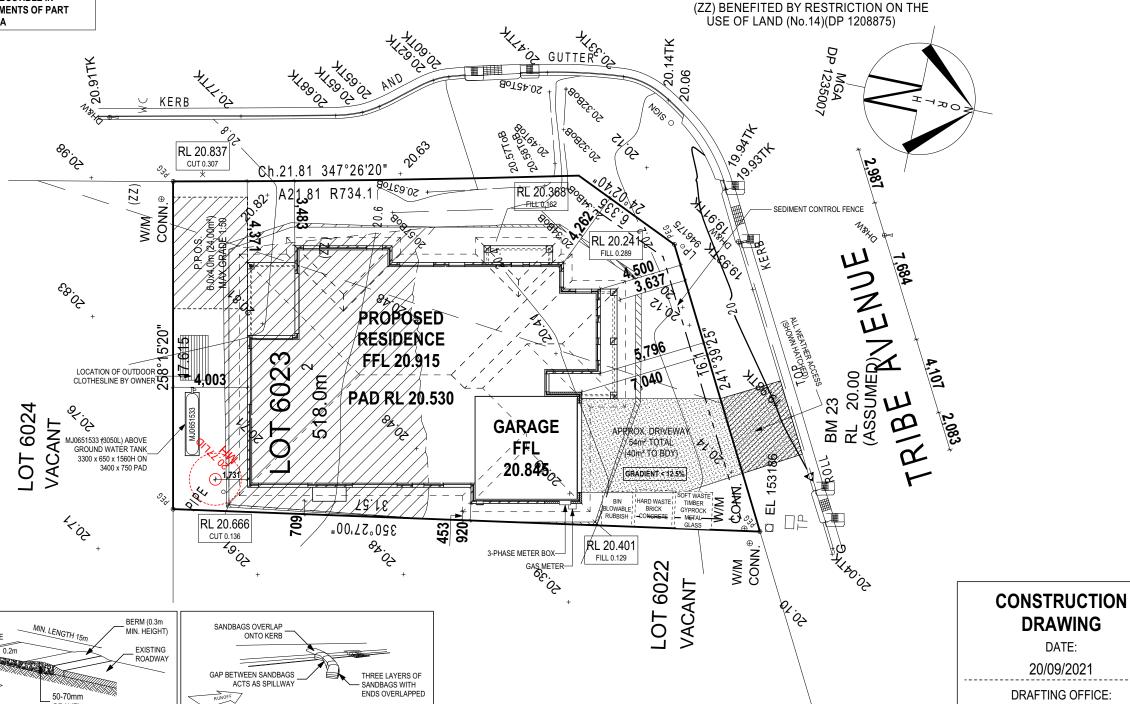
**DRIVEWAY BY OWNER UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE IN THE TENDER** 

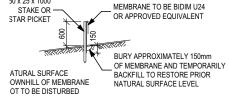
### **IMPORTANT NOTE**

ANY PART OF THE FASCIA, GUTTERING OR DOWNPIPE THAT IS WITHIN 450mm OF ANY **BOUNDARY IS TO BE NON-COMBUSTIBLE IN** ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF PART 3.7.1.7(C) OF THE BCA

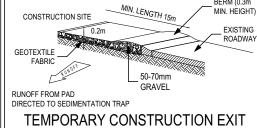








SILT FENCING DETAIL





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UART EVERITT	11	AMENDED CEILING HEIGHT AS PER AA	CLG	2021.12.16
YRIGHT:	12	AMENDED AS PER PCV012	CLG	2022.01.19
2022	13	BUILDING ENVELOPE	PL1	2022.01.25
	14	ADD PCV 012 ( BASIX )	NSK	2022.02.25

۱U	VAINTAGE OF THE DIVAVVING TO BUILD AT	HOUSE BASED ON THIS FLAN (WHETHER IN WHOLE OR IN FART) WIT	HOUT THE FIX	ION WINT TEN CONCENT OF WODONALD JONES	HOWLOT IT LID.				_
	CLIENT: MR. ANTHONY LUKE RA	STEGORAC & MS. ANTOINETTE FAVA		HOUSE DESIGN: SAN MARINO 28			HOUSE CODE: H-SNMCLAS17470		FIG
1	ADDRESS:			FACADE DESIGN:			FACADE CODE:		CON
ı	2 TRIBE AVENUE, ORAN PARK NSW 2570		CLASSIC			F-SNMCLAS01	١	DIS	
1	T / SECTION / DP: COUNCIL: SHEET TITLE: SHEET No.: S			SCALES:					
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**DRAWING** 

DATE: 20/09/2021

DRAFTING OFFICE:

**SYDNEY** 

**PRELIMINARY** 

BUILDING INFORMATION REGARDING: SUSTAINABILITY REQUIREMENTS GENERAL BUILDING INFORMATION

CHARGED DOWNPIPE DIRECTED TO TANK

STANDARD DOWNPIPE DIRECTED TO STORMWATER DISCHARGE

ORMWATER LAYOUT IS DIAGRAMMATIC LY AND NO REPRESENTATION IS MADE TO THE AS-BUILT LOCATION OF ORMWATER ASSETS (INCLUDING RFACE INLET PITS) OR THE TYPE OF D). ALL STORMWATER DESIGN IS COMMENDATIONS AND/OR ANY NSTRUCTION CONSTRAINTS OR ANGES AT THE DISCRETION OF THE ILDER. THE STORMWATER SYSTEM IS T SUITABLE FOR ANY OTHER USE. ALL RFACE WATER DRAINAGE MUST BE NAGED BY OWNER INCLUDING STALLATION OF ADDITIONAL DISCHARGE IES AND INLETS AS REQUIRED. THE ILDER PROVIDES CAPACITY FOR DRMWATER ONLY AND TAKES NO SPONSIBILITY FOR OVERFLOW OR MAGE TO PROPERTY IF OWNER ADDS DITIONAL DISCHARGE LOADS TO ISTING STANDARD PROVISIONS.

TE TO PLUMBER: ROOF WATER FROM LLECTION AREAS

BE DIVERTED TO WATER TANK LANCE TO STREET KERB. LLECTION AREA = 180.28m

STORMWATER OVERFLOW OTHER AN THAT BEING DIRECTED TO WATER NK(S) TO BE DIRECTED TO STREET

### PLUMBING LEGEND

VATER AUTHORITY REQUIREMENTS

WM WC

WATER CLOSET

DRAWN CLG 2021.12.16 1 AMENDED CEILING HEIGHT AS PER AA CLG 2022.01.19 12 AMENDED AS PER PCV012 PL1 2022.01.25 3 BUILDING ENVELOPE NSK 2022.02.25

MR. ANTHONY LUKE RASTEGORAC & MS. ANTOINETTE FAVA 2 TRIBE AVENUE, ORAN PARK NSW 2570 LOT / SECTION / DP:

H-SNMCLAS17470 FACADE CODE F-SNMCLAS01

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MJ0651533 (3050L) ABOVE GROUND WATER TANK 3300 x 650 x 1560H ON 3400 x 750 PAD

ANK CAPACITY TO BE MAINTAINED

LL RECY. WATER TO BE IN APPROVED OLOUR CODED PIPEWORK (PURPLE)

LL DRAINAGE LINES ARE FOR ROOF VATER/WATER TANK DRAINAGE ONLY

> RECYCLED COLD WATER LINE TANK COLD

> > MAIN SUPPLY

CHARGED LINE

WASHING MACHINE

YARD TAP

STORMWATER

STUART EVERITT © 2022 14 ADD PCV 012 (BASIX)

WATER MANAGEMENT

PROVISION OF 100mm TURNED UP NON-CHARGED STORMWATER LINE FOR SURFACE WATER

DRAINAGE, SURFACE WATER DRAINAGE TO BE COMPLETED BY OWNER AFTER HANDOVER

Scale: 1:100

**CONSTRUCTION DRAWING** 

DATE:

20/09/2021

DRAFTING OFFICE:

**SYDNEY** 

**PRELIMINARY** 

mcdonald jones

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SUSTAINABILITY REQUIREMENTS SITE CLASSIFICATION GENERAL BUILDING INFORMATION

MECHANICAL VENTILATION TO BE SCHARGED TO OUTDOOR AIR AS PER

C REQUIREMENTS

STALLED BEHIND COOKTOP

/NER UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE

\_ GROUND FLOOR BULKHEAD AND UARE SET OPENING FRAMES TO BE

(CLUDES CAVITY SLIDING DOORS)

IAL WINDOW AND EXTERIOR DOOR

FOLLOWS:

CATIONS MAY BE ADJUSTED ON SITE SUIT BRICKWORK GAUGE LESS NOTED OTHERWISE . ROOMS ARE REFERENCED

CHANICAL VENTILATION DISCHARGE CATION TO INCLUDE EXTERNAL EAVE NTS AS A MINIMUM TO COMPLY WITH A PART 3.8.7.4 - CONDENSATION

3 / WS HOB SPOUT / WALL SPOUT

SOUND INSULATION

EXHAUST FAN

SMOKE ALARM

LIFT OFF HINGE

WATER POINT

GAS BAYONET

**1**3,

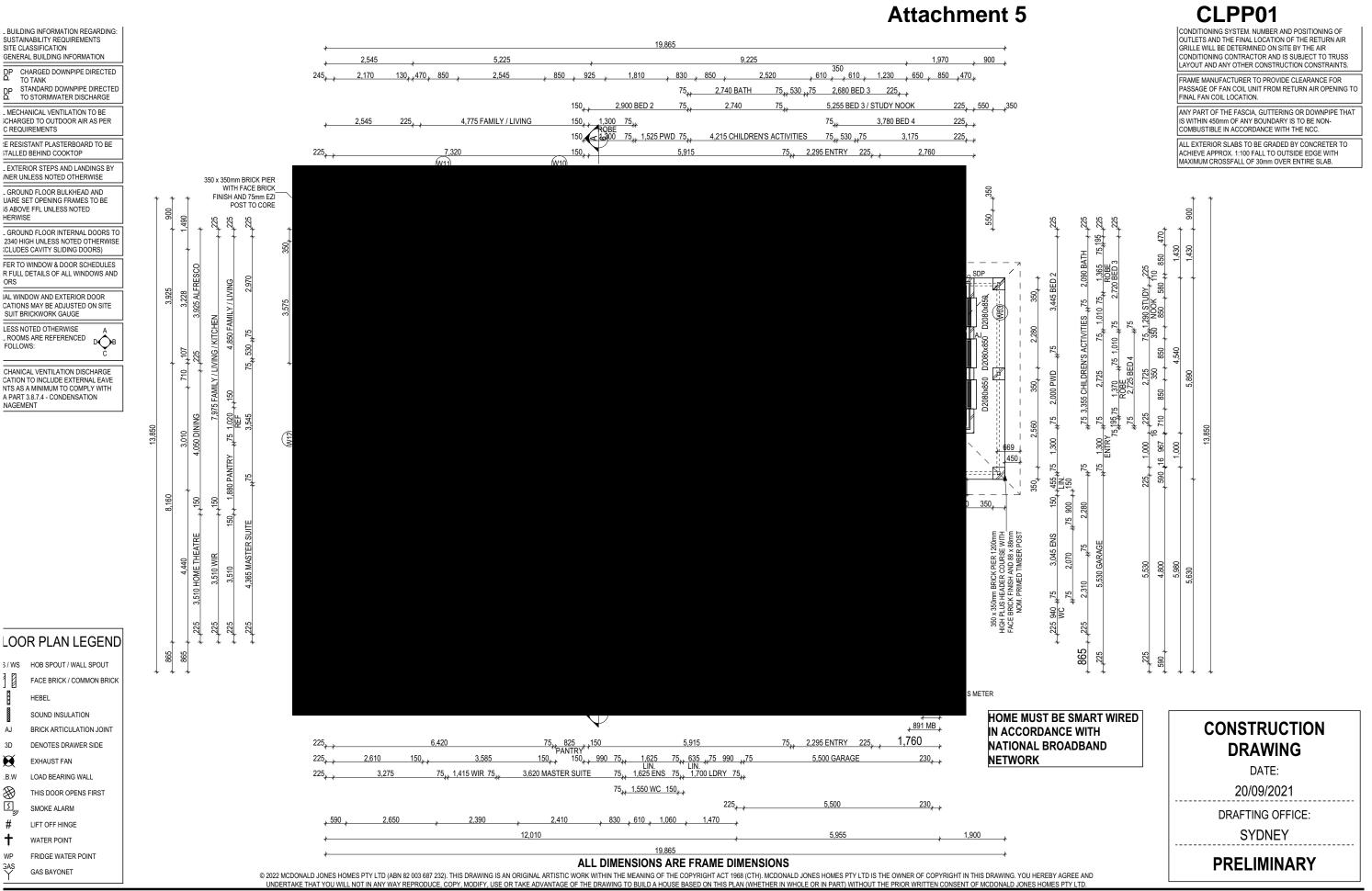
BRICK ARTICULATION JOINT

DENOTES DRAWER SIDE

LOAD BEARING WALL

THIS DOOR OPENS FIRST

55 ABOVE FFL UNLESS NOTED



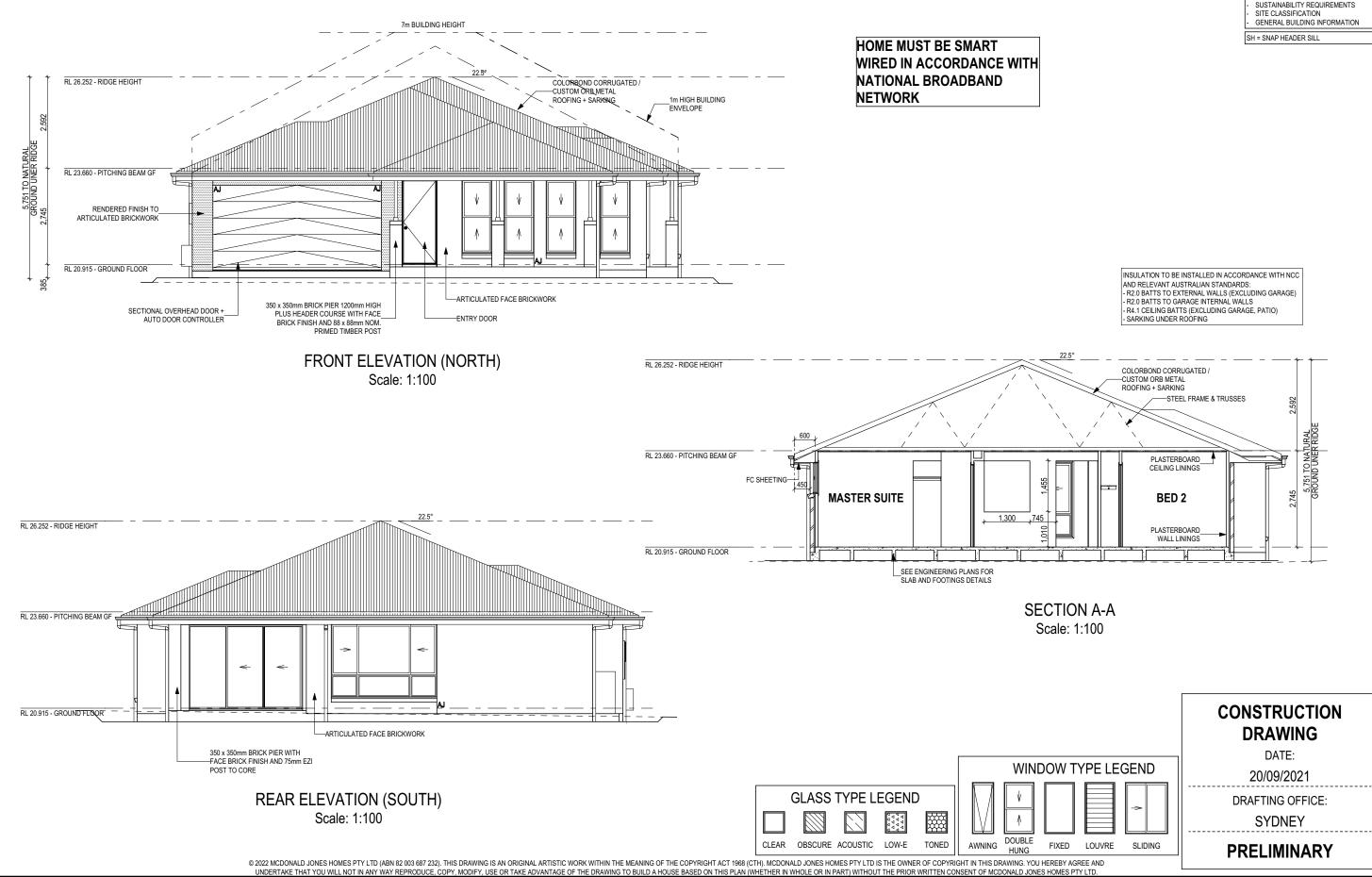


SPECIFICATION:	ī	REVISION		DRAWN
STUART EVERITT	1			
STUART EVERTIT	11	AMENDED CEILING HEIGHT AS PER AA	CLG	2021.12.16
COPYRIGHT:	12	AMENDED AS PER PCV012	CLG	2022.01.19
© 2022	13	BUILDING ENVELOPE	PL1	2022.01.25
	14	ADD PCV 012 ( BASIX )	NSK	2022.02.25

CLIENT:		HOUSE DESIGN:		HOUSE CODE:	[
MR. ANTHONY LUKE RASTEG	GORAC & MS. ANTOINETTE FAVA	SAN MARINO 28		H-SNMCLAS17470	FIG
ADDRESS:		FACADE DESIGN:		FACADE CODE:	cor
2 TRIBE AVENUE, ORAN PARK NSW 2570		CLASSIC		F-SNMCLAS01	DI
LOT / SECTION / DP: COUNC	CIL:	SHEET TITLE:	SCALES:	1	
0000 / /4005007	IDEN COLINOII	LODOLIND ELOOD DI ANI	A / AF	4.400	1

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ALL BUILDING INFORMATION REGARDING



mcdonald jones

Attachments for the Camden Local Planning Panel Meeting held on 2 June 2022 - Page 67

SPECIFICATION: DRAWN REVISION STUART EVERITT 1 AMENDED CEILING HEIGHT AS PER AA CLG 2021.12.16 CLG 2022.01.19 12 AMENDED AS PER PCV012 © 2022 PL1 2022.01.25 13 BUILDING ENVELOPE NSK 2022.02.25 14 ADD PCV 012 ( BASIX )

MR. ANTHONY LUKE RASTEGORAC & MS. ANTOINETTE FAVA 2 TRIBE AVENUE, ORAN PARK NSW 2570 LOT / SECTION / DP:

HOUSE DESIGN: HOUSE CODE: H-SNMCLAS17470 SAN MARINO 28 FACADE DESIGN FACADE CODE F-SNMCLAS01 CLASSIC Attachment 5

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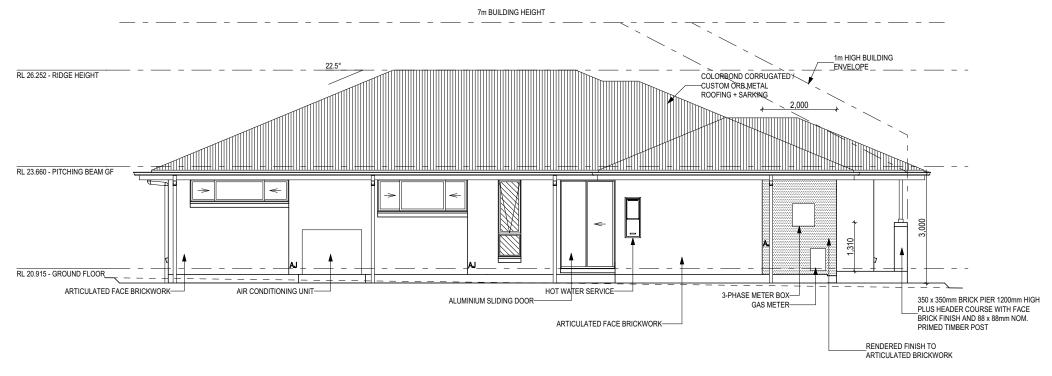
## **Attachment 5**

## CLPP01

ALL BUILDING INFORMATION REGARDING:
- SUSTAINABILITY REQUIREMENTS
- SITE CLASSIFICATION
- GENERAL BUILDING INFORMATION

SH = SNAP HEADER SILL

HOME MUST BE SMART
WIRED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
NATIONAL BROADBAND
NETWORK



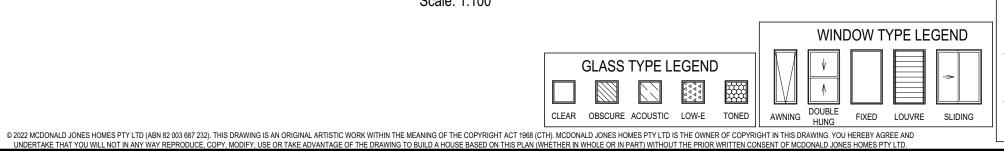
### LEFT ELEVATION (EAST)

Scale: 1:100



## RIGHT ELEVATION (WEST)

Scale: 1:100



# CONSTRUCTION DRAWING

DATE:

20/09/2021

DRAFTING OFFICE:

SYDNEY

**PRELIMINARY** 

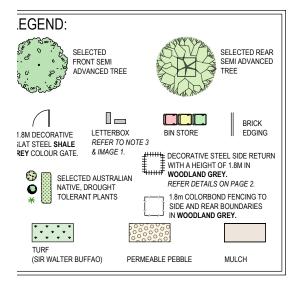


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PECIFICATION:			REVISION		RAWN
STUART EVERITT	ı	11	AMENDED CEILING HEIGHT AS PER AA	CLG	2021.12.1
OPYRIGHT:	1	12	AMENDED AS PER PCV012	CLG	2022.01.1
2022	ı	13	BUILDING ENVELOPE	PL1	2022.01.2
	Ī	14	ADD PCV 012 ( BASIX )	NSK	2022.02.2

	CLIENT:	
12.16	MR. ANTHONY LUKE	RASTEGORAC & MS. ANTOINETTE FAVA
1.19	ADDRESS:	
)1.25	2 TRIBE AVENUE, OR	AN PARK NSW 2570
2.25	LOT / SECTION / DP:	COUNCIL:
-	100001 14005007	CAMPEN COLINOII

	HOUSE DESIGN:		HOUSE CODE:
	SAN MARINO 28		H-SNMCLAS17470
	FACADE DESIGN:		FACADE CODE:
	CLASSIC		F-SNMCLAS01
	SHEET TITLE:	SHEET No.:	SCALES:
ı	ICI CVATIONO	7115	4.400

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LANDSCAPE PLAN HAS BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CAMDEN COUNCIL.

LANDSCAPE PLAN HAS BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CATHERINE PARK ESTATE GUIDELINES - THE HOMESTEAD

OVERALL LANDSCAPED AREA						
TOTAL SITE AREA: 518m <sup>2</sup>						
TOTAL LANDSCAPE AREA: (EXCLUDES HARD SURFACES)	205.0m <sup>2</sup> 39.58%					
MIN. REQUIRED:	30%					

LANDSCAPED AREA FRO BUILDING LINE	ONT OF
TOTAL AREA:	101.2m <sup>2</sup>
TOTAL LANDSCAPE AREA: (EXCLUDES HARD SURFACES)	61.2m <sup>2</sup> 60.47%
MIN REQUIRED:	E00/

PLANT SCHEDULE:					
ODE BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	NATIVE OR EXOTIC	No.	POT SIÆ	MATURE HEIGHT
EEES 1AG Magnolia grandiflora UP Ulmus parvifolia 1URBS	Bull Bay Magnolia Chinese Elm	NATIVE EXOTIC	3	50L 751tr	8m 13m
WA Callistemon 'White Anzac'	Callistemon White Anzac	NATIVE	13	200mm	1.0m
√BG Westringia 'Blue Gem' ROUND COVERS & GRASSES	Coastal rosemary	NATIVE	42	250mm	0.9m
IPY Mypoporum parvifolium 'Yareena' IRF Stenotaphrum secundatum 'Sir Walter'	Myoporum Yareena Sir Walter Buffalo Turf	NATIVE EXOTIC	35	150mm	0.2m
RF Steriotaphilann secundatum Sil Walter	Oil Walter Dullaio Turi	LACTIC			-

- LAWN TO BE FERTILISED TWICE A YEAR IN THE WARM MONTHS. MOWING WEEKLY IN SUMMER MONTHS AND FORTNIGHTLY OR MONTHLY AS REQUIRED IN THE WINTER MONTHS.
- PLANTS TO BE FERTILISLED A MINIMUM OF TWICE A YEAR AT THE SAME TIME OF PRUNING, TO DO THIS USE A COMPLETE FERTILISER. KEEP MULCH CLEAR OF TREE TRUNK AREA. AFTER PLANT/SHURBS AND TREES ARE PLANTED CONTINUE TO WATER WELL ONCE A WEEK.
- PRUNE HEDGE PLANTS A MINIMUM OF 2 3 TIMES A YEAR, IN THE WARMER MONTHS. WAIT FOR AT LEAST 10MM OF NEW GROWTH BEFORE PRUNING AGAIN TO PROMOTE HEALTHY NEW GROWTH.

### )TES:

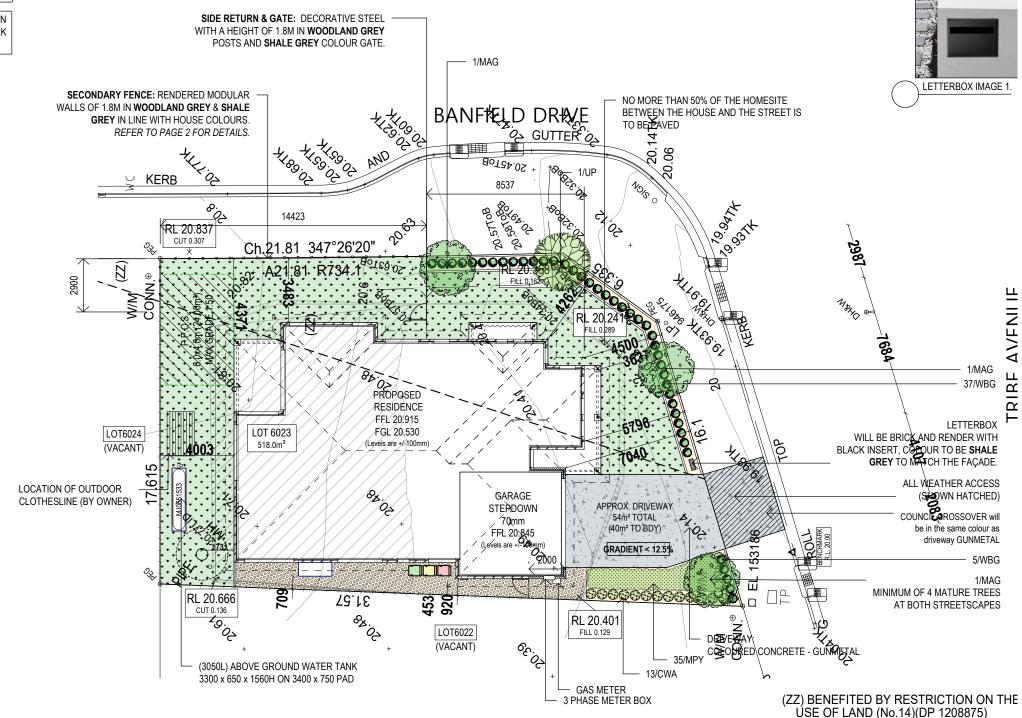
SIDE & REAR BOUNDARY FENCING SHOULD BE COLORBOND METAL PANEL FENCING IN WOODLAND GREY, GATES LOCATED IN THE RETURN FENCING ARE TO BE CONSTRUCTED OF DECORATIVE STEEL, WROUGHT IRON,

- SIDE FENCING IS PERMITTED BETWEEN THE FRONT BOUNDARY AND THE FENCE RETURN (I.E. IN THE FRONT GARDEN). THIS FENCING IS TO BE NO HIGHER THAN 0.9M AND IS TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS FOR FRONT FENCING AS PER SECTION 2.12 (II). IF THIS SIDE FENCING AND FRONT FENCING ARE BOTH USED, THE TWO ARE TO BE MATCHING IN STYLE
- THE LETTERBOX IS TO BE CONSTRUCTED OF EITHER:

GLASS REINFORCED CONCRETE (GRC) THAT HAS THE APPEARANCE OF STONE OR MASONRY

TURE LETTERBOXES CONSTRUCTED FROM OTHER MATERIALS MAY BE ACCEPTED, SUBJECT TO APPROVAL FROM RRINGTON ESTATES

- ALL LANDSCAPED AREAS TO HAVE A MINIMUM 1:100 FALL TOWARDS STORM WATER DRAINS. OR AWAY FROM THE BUILDING FOR POSSIBLE OVERLAND WATER DRAINAGE
- A TREE PROTECTION ZONE (TPZ) SHALL BE ESTABLISHED FOR THE DURATION OF ANY WORKS NEAR ANY EXISTING TREES, AS PER THE METHOD OUTLINED IN THE CURRENT AS4970-2009. PERMISSION FROM THE COUNCIL ARBORIST IS REQUIRED FOR ACTIVITIES THAT DO NOT COMPLY WITH THE CURRENT AUSTRALIAN STANDARDS.
- DRIVEWAY LAYOUT TO BE CONSTRUCTED FROM ARCHITECTURAL CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS.
- RETAINING WALLS ALONG SIDE BOUNDARIES BETWEEN LOTS TO BE FINALISED ON SITE AFTER BENCHING.
- ALL RETAINING WALLS VISIBLE FROM THE STREET TO BE MASONRY WITH COLOURS MATCHING THOSE ON THE FRONT FACADE OF THE DWELLING.
- ALL IMPORTED SOIL TO GARDEN AREAS TO BE OF PREMIUM GARDEN MIX STANDARD AT 300MM DEPTH
- TURF TO BE LAID ON A 150MM MINIMUM BASE OF 80% SAND 20% SOIL MIX. REFER TO DETAIL.
- ALL GARDEN AREAS TO BE COVERED WITH A MINIMUM OF 75MM OF 14MM PINE BARK MULCH.
- GARDEN EDGING IS TO BE INSTALLED BETWEEN ALL ADJOINING SOFT LANDSCAPE FINISHES. REFER TO DETAIL.



## REFER TO PAGE 2 FOR LANDSCAPING DETAILS



₹EV	ISSUE / DESCRIPTION	DATE	CHECKED	
Α	Initial design for CDC	30.09.21	KR	
В	Initial design for DA	17.01.22	KR	
С	Review	24.01.22	KR	molara
D	Amendment	28.01.22	KR	
Е	Amendment	01.02.22	KR	
				LANDSCAPE DESIGN

### MYARD PTY LTD

ABN 83 602 735 777 info@myard.com.au P 02 8801 1825 Suite A9, 24-32 Lexinaton Drive Bella Vista NSW 2153

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### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Prior to being used for construction, the Principal Contractor must ensure that they are in possession of a Construction Certificate and all other required Council approvals. All works are to comply with B.C.A. Statutory Authorities and relevant Australian Standards.

Contractors must verify all dimensions on site before commencing fabrication or preparation of workshop drawings, and verify all errors and ommissions with the Architect. Use figured dimensions only. Do not scale from drawings. Position of all services on site to be confirmed prior to commencement of

PLAN DRAWINGS PREPARED FOR DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

SCALE:	DRAWING NO.
1:200@A3	LP-21119
CLIENT NO: 606219	COUNCIL: CAMDEN
DRAWN:	PAGE NO:
AVS	1/2

REVISION

NORTH

DRAWING TITLE: DA LANDSCAPE PLAN

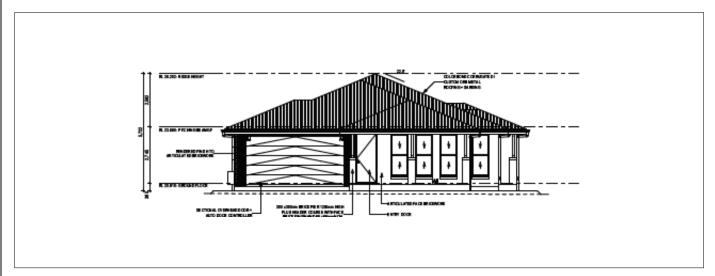
CLIENT:

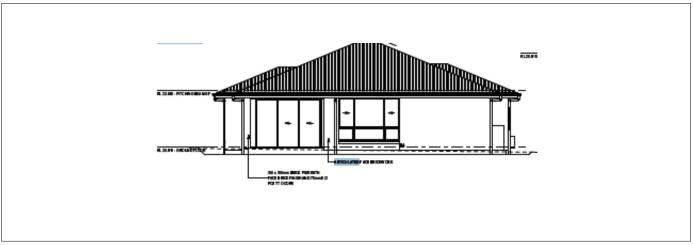
MCDONALD JONES HOMES

LOT 6023, DP 1235007, 2 TRIBE AVENUE

Attachment 5

## EXTERNAL COLOUR PLAN





	BOTO MC ECANLO.C	ones piches permit sistem 700, to ils di appelli si an No. 160° il allo pari sistem 200 (COT), locom (Lis	CORTINA LIGHT	ITIC ACRE ATTRICTURE MEMBRISHED THE CO	PRINCED INCOMES COMES AND COMES AND THE COMES OF COMES ON INCOMES OF COMES ON INCOMES OF COMES ON INCOMES ON INCOME ON INCOME.	INTHE SAME NUMBER HOLD IN ACCUSED THAT YOU THE			<u></u>
	STUART EVERITT	MI MORCHI	E PANNE	GAME AND	ASTEGORAÇÃ MS. ANTOINETTE FAVA	SAN MARIN 028		H-SNMCLAS17470	FIGURE DISABLE CONT. CHECK
	COMMUNICATION			ME ANIBONI CONE N		WAR DEBIN		WAR DO:	STOREST CONTROL AND STORES
mcdonald jones	0 2021	I MERCELLIPEFORE	AM 200.1	2 TRBE AVENUE, ORA	N PARK NSW 2570	CLASSIC		F-SNIMCLAS01	Englished to real entires
		TO MANAGEMENT REPORTS		UB SOTTECTION DA			MEN.	SCALE II	606219
YOUR HOME, YOUR GREAM		W MODERCELMS HEEF REPERM.	G.8 2007	M 60237 - / 1235007	CAMBEN COUNCIL	BLEVATIONS/SECTION	6/15	1:100	000210



**AUSTRAL BRICKS** Wilderness, Silver Birch Off White Mortar, Iron joint



**METAL ROOFING** Custom Orb, Colorbond Shale Grey



**WINDOWS** Bradnams, Custom Black Matt



COLORBOND, MONUMENT Water Tank



**TAUBMANS, SHALE GREY** Render to Garage Surrounds &



Downpipes on Render



COLORBOND, SURFMIST Fascia



TAUBMANS, MONUMENT Front Door





Flatline, Monument



TAUBMANS, SURFMIST Eaves & Downpipes on Bricks



COLORBOND, SHALE GREY Gutter



TAUBMANS, CORDOVAN BROWN (Timber Look Paint)

**Timber Posts** 









