# Business Paper

Camden Local Planning Panel
Electronic Determination

20 July 2022





camden





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#### CLPP01

SUBJECT: DA/2022/225/1 - CONSTRUCTION OF A SINGLE STOREY DWELLING

**HOUSE - 23 GLEESON RISE, ORAN PARK** 

**FROM:** Manager Statutory Planning

**EDMS #**: 22/281741

DA Number:	2022/225/1
Development:	Construction of a single storey dwelling house
Estimated Cost of Development:	\$490,221
Site Address(es):	23 Gleeson Rise, Oran Park
Applicant:	Masterton Homes
Owner(s):	Mr John Nunag
Number of Submissions:	Nil
Development Standard Contravention(s):	Clause 4.3 - Height of buildings
Classification:	Nominated Integrated
Recommendation:	Approve with conditions.
Panel Referral Criteria:	Departure from Development Standards greater than 10%
Report Prepared By:	Jodie Schembri (Development Assessment Planner)

#### **PURPOSE OF REPORT**

The purpose of this report is to seek the Camden Local Planning Panel's (the Panel's) determination of a development application (DA) for a single storey dwelling house at 23 Gleeson Rise, Oran Park.

The Panel is to exercise Council's consent authority functions for this DA as, pursuant to the Minister for Planning's Section 9.1 Direction, it is a development that contravenes the height of buildings development standard that applies to the site by more than 10%.

#### **SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDATION**

That the Panel determine DA/2022/225/1 for a single storey dwelling house pursuant to Section 4.16 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* by granting consent subject to the conditions attached to this report.

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Council is in receipt of a DA for a single storey dwelling house at 23 Gleeson Rise, Oran Park.



The DA has been assessed against the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act* 1979, the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021*, relevant environmental planning instruments, development control plans and policies.

The DA was publicly exhibited for a period of 28 days in accordance with Camden Community Participation Plan 2021. The exhibition period was from 22 March to 18 April 2022 and no submissions were received.

The proposed dwelling house has a maximum building height of 5.759m and thereby contravenes the maximum height of buildings development standard (5m) that applies to the site under Clause 4.3, Appendix 5 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Western Parkland) 2021.

A building height control of 9m for two-storey dwellings generally applies to residential development in this area. The 5m height control applies to this land given its proximity to the curtilage of the state heritage listed Oran Park House, with the lower building height creating a transition area of single storey dwelling houses in this location. The building height contravention is restricted to a portion of the pitched roof. The dwelling house is single storey with a design that is compatible with its heritage context (including an appropriately pitched roof).

Council has considered a draft Planning Proposal (PP/2021/1) submitted by the estate developer that seeks to amend Appendix 9 of the Growth SEPP to address the anomalies associated with the 5m height standard. The Planning Proposal seeks to increase the allowable building heights by inserting a new additional local provision into Appendix 9 of the Growth SEPP that will enable a merit-based assessment to be undertaken to allow building heights above 5m providing:

- the dwelling is single storey;
- the dwelling is a detached dwelling;
- the dwelling does not exceed 7m; and
- the dwelling is consistent with roof pitches, setbacks and building envelopes contained in Schedule 4 of the Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP.

The proposed dwelling house at 23 Gleeson Rise largely complies with the proposed building envelope control. The Planning Proposal was recommended by the Panel (at its meeting on 21 September 2021) and endorsed by Council at its meeting on 12 October 2021. The Planning Proposal has received Gateway Determination from the Department of Planning and Environment (DPE) and was placed on public exhibition (from Wednesday 9 February until Wednesday 9 March 2022). At its meeting on 14 June 2022 Council resolved to endorse the Planning Proposal and forward it to the DPE for the plan to be made.

The applicant has submitted a Clause 4.6 written request to support the height variation and provide justification for the contravention of the development standard. The proposed contravention, and the applicant's Clause 4.6 written request, have been assessed in this report and are supported by Council staff.

The proposed development with a 5.759m building height to its 22.5 degree pitched roof ridge is otherwise consistent with the objectives of the development standard. The dwelling is single storey and is also consistent with the planning proposal for a merit-based assessment of building heights above 5m, including consistency with the proposed standard building envelope. The design is compatible with its heritage



setting, including its roof pitch, which will minimise visual impacts and protect adjoining development.

Based on the assessment, it is recommended that the DA be approved subject to the conditions attached to this report.

#### **KEY PLANNING CONTROL VARIATIONS**

Control	Proposed	Variation
SEPP (Precincts – Western Parklands City) 2021 – Appendix 5, Clause 4.3 – Building Height – 5m	5.759m to roof ridge	0.759m 15.18%

#### **AERIAL PHOTO**



Figure 1: Aerial photo of subject site

#### THE SITE

The site is legally described as Lot 6034 DP1235007 and more commonly referred to as 23 Gleeson Rise, Oran Park.

The site is a recently constructed lot in a 'Greenfields' subdivision, having been registered in May 2021. It has an area of 745.3m² with a street frontage of 20.2m and depth of 34.990m, with minimal change in level across the site. There is a 1.5m wide drainage easement along the rear of the lot with a drainage pit located in the northeast corner and a 0.5m restriction related to the maintenance of a retaining wall along the rear boundary.



The site is located within the curtilage of an item of state heritage significance, SHR:1695 Oran Park House (also known as Catherine Park House).

#### **ZONING PLAN**



Figure 2: Subject site - R2 Low Density Residential zoning

#### **AREA MASTER PLAN**



Figure 3: Height of Building map (5m height limit shown in blue, with 9m height in green)



#### **HERITAGY LISTING**

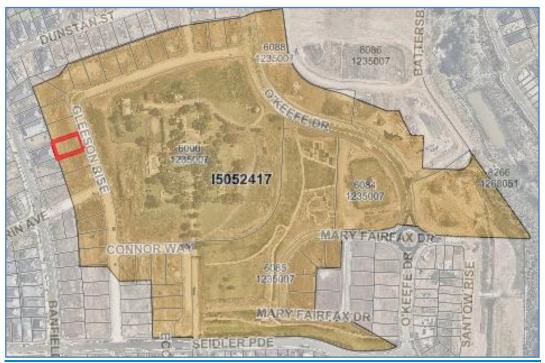


Figure 4: Subject site in relation to heritage listing

#### **AREA MASTER PLAN**



Figure 5: Red 'X' denoting approx. location of subject site in relation to Catherine Fields (Part) Precinct, Indicative Layout Plan. Source: Catherine Fields (Part) Precinct Development Control Plan, Figure 2-1, Page 4.



#### **HISTORY**

The relevant development history of the site is summarised in the following table:

Date	Development
23 March 2018	DA/2017/491/1 – Consent was granted to a subdivision to create 141 residential lots, 2 super-lots, a lot containing Oran Park House and its improvements, 1 residue lot, 1 public reserve lot, construction of public roads, provision of services, earthworks, site works and retaining walls to be delivered in four stages. This resulted in creation of the subject lot.
	DA/2021/77/1 – A DA was submitted to Council that sought concept approval to establish site-specific building height development standards on 66 residential lots (8m as opposed to 5m) and stage 1 consent for the construction of 3 dwelling houses.
29 January 2021	The DA was withdrawn at the request of Council officers as it was determined that the height change should be addressed as part of a Planning Proposal.
	Prior to the DA being withdrawn, Heritage NSW issued GTAs for the Concept DA. The GTAs required any dwellings proposed on the subject lots to comply with a building envelope, including:
	• a 3m height limit at the front building line, and up to a maximum 4m for 30% of the building frontage; and
	• the height of the building envelope increasing by 27.5 degrees from the building line to a maximum height of 7m.
26 February 2021	Planning Proposal (PP/2021/1/1) was submitted to Council. The Planning Proposal seeks to create additional local provisions to increase building heights for residential development surrounding Oran Park House by introducing a building envelope as a means of varying the 5m building height control (based upon the building envelope recommended by Heritage NSW in the GTAs issued for DA/2021/77/1).
12 October 2021	Planning Proposal (PP/2021/1/1) received Gateway Determination from Department of Planning and Environment (DPE).
9 February 2022	Planning Proposal (PP/2021/1/1) was placed on public exhibition from Wednesday 9 February until Wednesday 9 March 2022.
14 June 2022	Council resolved to endorse Planning Proposal (PP/2021/1/1) and forward it to the DPE for the plan to be made.



#### **THE PROPOSAL**

DA/2022/225/1 seeks approval for the construction of a single storey dwelling house.

The proposed dwelling consists of four bedrooms, theatre room, living/family/dining areas, kitchen, laundry, bathroom and a double garage.

The estimated cost of development is \$490,221.

#### **BACKGROUND**

The 5m height of buildings development standard was imposed on this land as the site is within the curtilage of a state heritage listed Oran Park House. The lower building height development standard aims to maintain a single storey transition area around the state heritage item.

This height of buildings development standard hinders the ability for a proposed dwelling house to comply with the existing site-specific controls in Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP and Schedule 4 Catherine Fields (Part) Precinct.

Dwelling houses with hipped and gabled roof forms (with a roof pitch greater than 12.5 degrees) will inherently exceed the 5m building height development standard given the relative size and width of the properties, coupled with the larger building footprint required for single storey dwellings. This is illustrated in the following Figures 6 and 7. Council's development controls for dwelling houses in this area require a minimum roof pitch of 22.5 degrees.

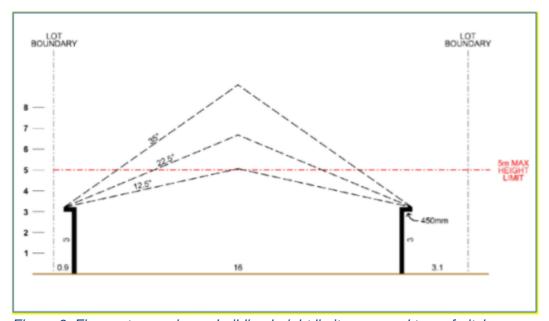


Figure 6: Five metre maximum building height limit compared to roof pitches



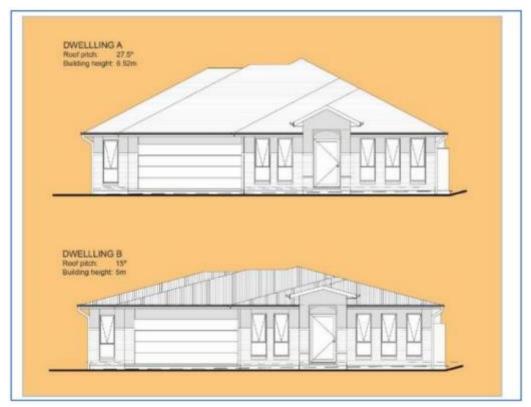


Figure 7: Dwelling roof forms, 15 degree and 27.5 degree roof pitches

Council has considered a draft Planning Proposal (PP/2021/1) submitted by the estate developer that seeks to amend the SEPP to address the anomalies associated with the 5m height control. The Planning Proposal seeks to increase the allowable building heights by inserting a new additional local provision that will allow building heights above 5m providing:

- the dwelling is single storey;
- the dwelling is a detached dwelling;
- the dwelling does not exceed 7m; and
- the dwelling is consistent with roof pitches, setbacks and building envelopes contained in Schedule 4 of the Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP.

The proposed dwelling house at 23 Gleeson Rise complies with the proposed building envelope control. The Planning Proposal was recommended by the Panel (at its meeting on 21 September 2021) and endorsed by Council at its meeting on 12 October 2021. The Planning Proposal has received Gateway Determination from the DPE, and the public exhibition period has closed (exhibited from Wednesday 9 February until Wednesday 9 March 2022). At its meeting on 14 June 2022 Council resolved to endorse the Planning Proposal and forward it to the DPE for the plan to be made.

#### **ASSESSMENT**

#### Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 - Section 4.15(1)

In determining a DA, the consent authority is to take into consideration such of the following matters as are of relevance to the development the subject of the DA:

(a)(i) the provisions of any environmental planning instrument



The environmental planning instruments that apply to the development are:

- State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index BASIX)
   2004:
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021;
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021; and
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts Western Parklands City) 2021.

#### State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004

A BASIX Certificate was submitted with the DA. The proposal has been assessed against the provided BASIX Certificate. The proposal will be able to meet the commitments and targets identified. A condition of consent is recommended to ensure compliance is achieved.

### <u>State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021 - Chapter 9 – Hawkesbury-Nepean River</u>

The SEPP seeks to ensure protection is maintained for the environment of the Hawkesbury-Nepean river system and that impacts of future land uses are considered in a regional context. The proposed development will not result in detrimental impacts upon the Hawkesbury-Nepean River system. The proposed development will further adopt appropriate sediment and erosion control measures and water pollution control devices that will avoid impacts being caused to watercourses and in turn, the Hawkesbury-Nepean River system.

#### SEPP (Resilience and Hazards) 2021 -Chapter 4 - Remediation of Land

This SEPP provides a State-wide planning approach to the remediation of contaminated land. Clause 4.6 Chapter 4 of this SEPP requires the consent authority to consider if the site if contaminated. If the site is contaminated, the consent authority must be satisfied that it is suitable in its contaminated state for the development. If the site requires remediation, the consent authority must be satisfied that it will be remediated before the land is used for the development.

Contamination and remediation were appropriately dealt with under the parent subdivision development application DA/2017/491/1. The subject land has been validated and is suitable for the proposed residential development.

### <u>SEPP (Precincts – Western Parklands City) 2021 - Chapter 3 – Sydney Region Growth Centres</u>

The SEPP aims to co-ordinate the release of land for residential, employment and other urban development in the South West Growth Centre.

#### Site Zoning and Permissibility.

The site is zoned R2 Low Density Residential pursuant to Appendix 5, clause 2.2 of the SEPP. The development is characterised as a 'Dwelling House' by the SEPP, meaning a building containing only one dwelling.



The development is permitted with consent in the R2 Low Density Residential Zone pursuant to the land use table in Appendix 5 of the SEPP.

#### Planning Controls

An assessment table in which the development is considered against the Growth Centre SEPP's planning controls is provided in the **attached** documents.

#### Clause 4.6 – Exceptions to Development Standards

The proposed development will contravene the height of buildings development standard which applies under clause 4.3 of Appendix 5 of the Growth Centre SEPP. The height of buildings development standard limits buildings to a maximum height of 5m from existing ground level. The proposed development is 5.759m in height, breaching the development standard by 759cm and 15.18%.

Pursuant to clause 4.6(3) of Appendix 5 – Growth Centres SEPP, the applicant has provided a written request justifying contravention of the development standard for the following reasons:

- Compliance with the 5m height standard would detract from the design of the single storey dwelling and the overall streetscape;
- The development contravention will not impact on views and vistas from Oran Park House;
- The development contravention allows for a single storey dwelling with the appropriate roof form and pitch. The development contravention does not impact the intended type, or character of the desired development rather, aligns with the intended development of single storey dwellings;
- The development contravention facilitates orderly and proper delivery of development as intended by the DCP;
- The request also demonstrates that relevant tests established in the Land and Environment Court (as set out in the Department's 2011 guideline for varying development standards) can be met:
  - The objectives of the standard and the R2 Low Density Residential zone are achieved notwithstanding non-compliance with the standard. A single storey detached dwelling which meets combined design requirements of setbacks, floor space ratio, and hipped roof forms ensures there are no significant adverse impacts. The objectives and intent of built form surrounding Oran Park House will be preserved.
  - If compliance was required, the underlying objectives would be thwarted as the 5m height limit would not allow for a dwelling design as intended in the heritage curtilage, consistent with the DCP controls and heritage guidelines.
  - Compliance with the 5m maximum building height would be unreasonable and detrimental to the current environmental character of the site and surrounds. The dwelling is consistent with the intended outcome for residential land surrounding Oran Park House with simple hipped and/or gabled roof forms of at least 22.5 degrees.

A copy of the applicant's Clause 4.6 written request is provided as an **attachment** to this report.

The justification contained within the Clause 4.6 written request demonstrates that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable and unnecessary in the



circumstances of the case and that there are sufficient planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard, in accordance with clause 4.6(3).

Council staff are also satisfied that the proposed development will be in the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the standard and the objectives for development within the R2 Low Density Residential Zone, in accordance with clause 4.6(4).

The proposed development with a 5.759m building height to its 22.5 degree pitched roof ridge is otherwise consistent with the objectives of the development standard. The dwelling is single storey. Most of the dwelling is within the maximum height and its design is compatible to its heritage setting, including its roof pitch. The design of the dwelling will minimise visual impacts and protect adjoining development.

- 1. Indicative Layout Plan.
  - The intended outcome established within the Indicative Layout Plan (Figure 2-1) for this part of the Catherine Fields (Part) Precinct DCP is for low density residential development. The proposal is for a single storey dwelling, consistent with this outcome.
- 2. Clause 4.3 'Height of Buildings' Objectives. Alignment with the objectives of clause 4.3 are maintained. The development contravention will not result in development greater than single storey and it will be consistent with objectives to minimise visual impact and protect the amenity of adjoining development and land in terms of solar access to buildings and open space.
- 3. R2 Low Density Residential Zone Objectives.

The development contravention will not depart from the objectives of the R2 Zone and not be inconsistent with intended outcomes for the zone, as it will:

- provide for the housing needs of the community within a low-density residential environment; and
- provide a diverse range of housing types to meet community housing needs within a low-density residential environment.
- 4. Site-specific objectives and controls.

Strict compliance with the 5-metre building height standard does not provide flexibility in achieving site-specific controls and providing for a dwelling design outcome, including roof form and pitch, that appropriately responds to the unique characteristics of the precinct, and the historically significant Oran Park House.

5. Alignment with DCP controls.

The building height standard contravention does not result in additional non-compliances with any development controls in the Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP and Schedule 4 Catherine Fields (Part) Precinct. The single storey development is considered to fulfill the relevant controls and their objectives.

It is noted that the Panel may assume the concurrence of the Secretary pursuant to Planning Circular PS 20-002.

Consequently, it is recommended that the Panel support this proposed contravention to clause 4.3 of Appendix 5 of the Growth Centres SEPP.



(a)(ii) the provisions of any proposed instrument that is or has been the subject of public consultation under this Act and that has been notified to the consent authority (unless the Secretary has notified the consent authority that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved)

#### Draft Environment State Environmental Planning Policy (Draft Environment SEPP)

The development is consistent with the Draft Environment SEPP in that there will be no detrimental impacts upon the Hawkesbury-Nepean River system as a result of it (noting that provisions related to the Hawkesbury-Nepean River are now incorporated within the consolidated SEPP (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021).

### <u>Draft Remediation of Land State Environmental Planning Policy (Draft Remediation SEPP)</u>

The development is consistent with the Draft Remediation SEPP in that the land has been validated and is suitable for the proposed residential use (noting that provisions related to remediation of land are now incorporated within the consolidated SEPP (Resilience and Hazards) 2021).

### <u>Draft Planning Proposal State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Western Parkland City)</u> 2021

The development is consistent with the Draft Planning Proposal that seeks to increase the allowable building heights by inserting a new additional local provision into Appendix 5 of the SEPP that will enable a merit-based assessment to allow building heights above 5m, providing:

- the dwelling is single storey;
- the dwelling is a detached dwelling;
- the dwelling does not exceed 7m; and
- the dwelling is consistent with roof pitches, setbacks and building envelopes contained in Schedule 4 of the Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP.

#### (a)(iii) the provisions of any development control plan

An assessment table in which the development is considered against the Camden Growth Centre DCP is provided as an **attachment** to this report.

## (a)(iiia) the provisions of any planning agreement that has been entered into under section 7.4, or any draft planning agreement that a developer has offered to enter into under section 7.4

No relevant planning agreement or draft planning agreement exists or has been proposed as part of this DA.

### (a)(iv) the regulations (to the extent that they prescribe matters for the purposes of this paragraph)

The *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021* prescribes several matters that are addressed in the conditions attached to this report.



#### (b) the likely impacts of the development, including environmental impacts on both the natural and built environments, and social and economic impacts in the locality

As demonstrated by the assessment, the development is unlikely to have any unreasonable adverse impacts on either the natural or built environments, or the social and economic conditions in the locality.

#### (c) the suitability of the site for the development

As demonstrated by the above assessment, the site is considered to be suitable for the development.

#### (d) any submissions made in accordance with this Act or the regulations

The DA was publicly exhibited for a period of 28 days in accordance with Camden Community Participation Plan 2021. The exhibition period was from 14 March to 11 April 2022. No submissions were received.

#### (e) the public interest

The public interest is served through the detailed assessment of this DA under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021*, environmental planning instruments, development control plans and policies. Based on the above assessment, the development is consistent with the public interest.

#### **EXTERNAL REFERRALS**

The external referrals undertaken for this DA are summarised in the following table:

External Referral	Response
Heritage NSW	
Integrated Development	General Terms of Approval (GTA) were issued by the delegate of the Heritage Council of NSW on 25/01/2022
Section 58 approval, Heritage Act, 1977	delegate of the Fierhage Gourier of NOVV on 20/01/2022

Conditions that require compliance with the external referral recommendations are recommended.

#### **FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS**

This matter has no direct financial implications for Council.

#### CONCLUSION

The DA has been assessed in accordance with Section 4.15(1) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* and all relevant instruments, plans and policies. The DA is recommended for approval subject to the conditions attached to this report.



#### **RECOMMENDED**

#### That the Panel:

- support the applicant's written request lodged pursuant to Clause 4.6(3) of Appendix 5, State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Western Parklands City) 2021 to contravene the maximum height of buildings development standard in Clause 4.3 of Appendix 5, State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Western Parklands City) 2021; and
- ii. approve DA/2022/225/1 for the construction of a single storey dwelling house at 23 Gleeson Rise, Oran Park, subject to the conditions attached to this report.

#### **REASONS FOR DETERMINATION**

- 1. The Panel has considered the written request to contravene Appendix 5, State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts Western Parkland City) 2021 in relation to the maximum height of buildings standard. The Panel considers that compliance with the standard is unreasonable and unnecessary in the circumstances, and that despite the contravention of the development standard, the development satisfies the objectives of the zone and standard, will be in the public interest and is acceptable in the circumstances of the case.
- 2. The development is consistent with the objectives of the applicable environmental planning instrument being Appendix 5, State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts Western Parkland City) 2021.
- 3. The development is consistent with the objectives of Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP.
- 4. The development is unlikely to have any unreasonable adverse impacts on the natural or built environment.
- 5. In consideration of the reasons, the development is a suitable and planned use of the site, and its approval is in the public interest.

#### **ATTACHMENTS**

- 1. Recommended Conditions
- 2. SEPP Assessment Table
- DCP Assessment Table
- 4. Clause 4.6 Written Request
- 5. Heritage NSW GTA
- 6. Architectural Plans

#### Recommended Conditions

#### 1.0 - General Conditions of Consent

The following conditions of consent are general conditions applying to the development.

(1) Approved Plans and Documents - Development shall be carried out in accordance with the following plans and documents, and all recommendations made therein, except where amended by the conditions of this development consent:

Plan Reference/ Drawing No.	Name of Plan	Prepared by	Date
Job No. 2016678, Sheet No. 01.00	Site Plan	Masterton Homes	13/05/2022
Job No. 2016678, Sheet No. 02.00	Floor Plan	Masterton Homes	13/05/2022
Job No. 2016678, Sheet No. 03.00	Elevations (North- East/North-West)	Masterton Homes	13/05/2022
Job No. 2016678, Sheet No. 03.01	Elevations (South- West/South-East)	Masterton Homes	13/05/2022
Job No. 2016678, Sheet No. 04.00	Sections	Masterton Homes	13/05/2022
Job No. 2016678, Sheet No. 06.02	Concept Drainage	Masterton Homes	13/05/2022
Job No. 2016678, Sheet No. 06.03	Concept Landscape	Masterton Homes	13/05/2022

Document Title	Prepared by	Date
BASIX Certificate No. 1258626S_02	Frys Energywise	28 April 2022
Waste Management Plan	Masterton Homes	27/08/2018
Schedule of External Finishes	Masterton Homes	19/05/2022

- (2) **Modified Documents and Plans** The development shall be modified as follows:
  - a) The Concept Landscape plan is to be amended to indicate at least two (2) alternative trees with large canopies in accordance with the preferred species listed at **Appendix C**, indigenous species are preferred.

Amended plans or documentation demonstrating compliance shall be provided to the certifier and Council prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

- (3) **BASIX Certificate** The applicant shall undertake the development strictly in accordance with the commitments listed in the approved BASIX certificate(s) for the development to which this development consent applies.
- (4) National Construction Code Building Code of Australia (BCA) All building work shall be carried out in accordance with the BCA. In this condition, a reference to the BCA is a reference to that Code as in force on the date the application for the relevant Construction Certificate is made.
- (5) **Home Building Act** Pursuant to Section 4.17(11) of the *EP&A Act 1979*, residential building work within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989* shall not be carried out unless the principal certifier for the development to which the work relates has given Council written notice of the following:
  - a) for work that requires a principal contractor to be appointed:
    - i. the name and licence number of the principal contractor, and
    - ii. the name of the insurer of the work under Part 6 of the *Home Building Act* 1989.
  - b) for work to be carried out by an owner-builder:
    - i. the name of the owner-builder, and
    - ii. if the owner-builder is required to hold an owner-builder permit under the *Home Building Act 1989*, the number of the owner-builder permit.

If the above information is no longer correct, further work must not be carried out unless the principal certifier has given Council written notice of the updated information.

(6) Home Building Act - Insurance - Building work that involves residential building work within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989* shall not commence until such time as a contract of insurance is in force in accordance with Part 6 of that Act.

This requirement does not apply:

- a) to the extent to which an exemption is in force under the Environmental Planning and Assessment (Development Certification and Fire Safety) Regulation 2021, or
- b) to the erection of a temporary structure, other than a temporary structure to which subsection (3) of Section 69 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021* applies.
- (7) Shoring and Adequacy of Adjoining Property If the approved development involves excavation that extends below the level of the base of the footings of a building, structure or work on adjoining land, including a structure or work in a road rail corridor, the person having the benefit of the development consent must, at the person's own expense:

- a) protect and support the building, structure or work on adjoining land from possible damage from the excavation, and
- if necessary, underpin the building, structure or work on adjoining land to prevent damage from the excavation.

This condition does not apply if the person having the benefit of the development consent owns the adjoining land or the owner of the adjoining land gives written consent to the condition not applying.

A copy of the written consent must be provided to the principal certifier prior to the excavation commencing.

(8) Infrastructure in Road and Footpath Areas – Infrastructure must not be removed and/or reconstructed without prior written approval from Council. Any costs incurred due to the relocation, restoration or reconstruction of pram ramps, footpath, light poles, kerb inlet pits, service provider pits, street trees or other infrastructure in the street footpath area for the proposed development shall be borne by the applicant, and not Council.

**Note.** The issue of this development consent does not imply concurrence or approval of any required public infrastructure work associated with the development.

(9) **General Terms of Approval/Requirements of State Authorities** – The general terms of approval/requirements from state authorities shall be complied with prior to, during, and at the completion of the development.

The general terms of approval/requirements are:

1. Oran Park (SHR 01695) – Referrals to Heritage NSW, dated 25/01/2022.

#### 1. UNEXPECTED HISTORICAL ARCHAEOLOGICAL RELICS

The applicant must ensure that if unexpected archaeological deposits or relics not identified and considered in the supporting documents for this approval are discovered, work must cease in the affected area(s) and the Heritage Council of NSW must be notified. Additional assessment and approval may be required prior to works continuing in the affected area(s) based on the nature of the discovery.

Reason: This is a standard condition to identify to the applicant how to proceed if historical archaeological deposits or relics are unexpectedly identified during works.

#### 2. ABORIGINAL OBJECTS

Should any Aboriginal objects be uncovered by the work which is not covered by a valid Aboriginal Heritage Impact Permit, excavation or disturbance of the area is to stop immediately and Heritage NSW is to be informed in accordance with the *National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974* (as amended). Works affecting Aboriginal objects on the site must not continue until Heritage NSW has been informed and the appropriate approvals are in place. Aboriginal objects must be managed in accordance with the *National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974*.

Reason: This is a standard condition to identify to the applicant how to proceed if Aboriginal objects are unexpectedly identified during works.

#### 3. COMPLIANCE

If requested, the applicant and any nominated heritage consultant may be required to participate in audits of Heritage Council of NSW approvals to confirm compliance with conditions of consent.

Reason: To ensure that the proposed works are completed as approved.

#### 4. SECTION 60 APPLICATION

An application under section 60 of the *Heritage Act 1977* must be submitted to and approved by the Heritage Council of NSW (or delegate), prior to work commencing. *Reason: To meet legislative requirements.* 

#### 2.0 - Prior to Issue of a Construction Certificate

The following conditions of consent shall be complied with prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

- (1) **Structural Engineer's Details** The piers/slabs/footings/structural elements shall be designed and certified by a suitably qualified structural engineer and shall take into consideration the recommendations of any geotechnical report applicable to the site. A statement to that effect shall be provided to the accredited certifier.
- (2) **Driveway Gradients and Design** The design of all driveways shall comply with AS 2890.1-2004 'Off street car parking' and:
  - a) the driveway shall comply with Council's Access Driveway Specifications; https://www.camden.nsw.gov.au/assets/pdfs/Development/Preparing-a-DA/Development-Guidelines-and-policies/Access-Driveways-Specificationsand-Drawings.pdf
  - b) the driveway shall be at least 1m from any street tree, stormwater pit or service infrastructure;
  - the level for the driveway across the footpath area shall achieve a gradient of 4%; and
  - d) a Driveway Crossing Approval (PRA) must be obtained prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

Details demonstrating compliance shall be provided to the accredited certifier prior to issue of a Construction Certificate.

- (3) **Soil, Erosion, Sediment and Water Management** An erosion and sediment control plan shall be prepared in accordance with 'Managing Urban Stormwater Soils and Construction ('the blue book'). Details demonstrating compliance shall be provided to the certifier with the Construction Certificate application.
- (4) Works in Road Reserves Where any works are proposed in a public road reservation, a Road Opening Permit shall be obtained from Council in accordance with Section 138 of the Roads Act 1993.
- (5) **Salinity (Dwellings and Outbuildings)** The approved development shall comply with the requirements of the salinity management plan "Report on Salinity Investigation and Management Plan: Proposed Residential Subdivision Catherine Park, prepared by Douglas Partners, Project 76559.00, Dated November 2015".
  - Details demonstrating compliance shall be provided to the accredited certifier with the Construction Certificate application.
- (6) Long Service Levy In accordance with Section 34 of the Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986, the applicant shall pay a long service levy at the prescribed rate to either the Long Service Payments Corporation or Council for any building work that cost \$25,000 or more.

#### 3.0 - Prior to Commencement of Works

The following conditions of consent shall be complied with prior to any works commencing on the development site.

- (1) Public Liability Insurance The owner or contractor shall take out a Public Liability Insurance Policy with a minimum cover of \$20 million in relation to the occupation of, and works within, public property (i.e. kerbs, gutters, footpaths, walkways, reserves, etc) for the full duration of the proposed works. Evidence of this Policy shall be provided to Council and the certifier.
- (2) **Notice of Principal Certifier** Notice shall be given to Council at least two (2) days prior to subdivision and/or building works commencing in accordance with the *Environmental Planning and Assessment (Development Certification and Fire Safety)* Regulation 2021. The notice shall include:
  - a) a description of the work to be carried out;
  - b) the address of the land on which the work is to be carried out;
  - the registered number and date of issue of the relevant development consent;
  - d) the name and address of the principal certifier, and of the person by whom the principal certifier was appointed;
  - the certifier's registration number, and a statement signed by the certifier consenting to being appointed as principal certifier; and
  - a telephone number on which the principal certifier may be contacted for business purposes.
- (3) **Notice of Commencement of Work** Notice shall be given to Council at least two (2) days prior to subdivision and/or building works commencing in accordance with the *Environmental Planning and Assessment (Development Certification and Fire Safety)* Regulation 2021. The notice shall include:
  - a) the name and address of the person by whom the notice is being given;
  - b) a description of the work to be carried out;
  - c) the address of the land on which the work is to be carried out;
  - the registered number and date of issue of the relevant development consent and construction certificate;
  - a statement signed by or on behalf of the principal certifier (only where no principal certifier is required) to the effect that all conditions of the consent that are required to be satisfied prior to the work commencing have been satisfied; and
  - f) the date on which the work is intended to commence.
- (4) **Construction Certificate Required** In accordance with the requirements of the *EP&A Act 1979*, building or subdivision works approved by this consent shall not commence until the following has been satisfied:

- a) a Construction Certificate has been issued by a certifier;
- b) a principal certifier has been appointed by the person having benefit of the development consent;
- c) if Council is not the principal certifier, Council is notified of the appointed principal certifier at least two (2) days before building work commences;
- the person having benefit of the development consent notifies Council of the intention to commence building work at least two (2) days before building work commences; and
- e) the principal certifier is notified in writing of the name and contractor licence number of the owner/builder intending to carry out the approved works.
- (5) **Sign of Principal Certifier and Contact Details** A sign shall be erected in a prominent position on the site stating the following:
  - a) that unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited,
  - the name of the principal contractor, if any, for the building work and a telephone number on which the principal contractor may be contacted outside working hours, and
  - the name, address and telephone number of the principal certifier for the work.

The sign must be maintained while the work is being carried out and removed when the work has been completed.

- (6) Site is to be Secured The site shall be secured and fenced.
- (7) Sydney Water Approval The approved construction certificate plans must also be approved by Sydney Water to determine if sewer, water or stormwater mains or easements will be affected by any part of the development. Go to <a href="https://www.sydneywater.com/tapin">www.sydneywater.com/tapin</a> to apply.

A copy of the approval receipt from Sydney Water must be submitted to the principal certifier.

- (8) Soil Erosion and Sediment Control Soil erosion and sediment controls must be implemented prior to works commencing on the site in accordance with 'Managing Urban Stormwater – Soils and Construction ('the blue book') and any Sediment and Erosion plans approved with this development consent.
- (9) Protection of Existing Street Trees No existing nature strip, street tree, tree guard, protective bollard, garden bed surrounds or root barrier installation shall be disturbed, relocated, removed or damaged during earthworks, demolition, excavation (including any driveway installation), construction, maintenance and/or establishment works applicable to this consent, without Council agreement and/or consent.

The protection methods for existing nature strip, street tree, tree guard, protective bollard, garden bed surrounds or root barrier installation during all works approved by this development consent shall be installed in accordance with AS 4970-2009 Protection of Trees on Development Sites.

(10) **Protection of Trees to be Retained** - Protection of trees to be retained shall be in accordance with Council's Engineering Specifications. The area beneath the canopies of the tree(s) to be retained shall be fenced. Tree protection signage is required to be attached to each tree protection zone, and displayed in a prominent position.

#### 4.0 - During Works

The following conditions of consent shall be complied with during the construction phase of the development.

- (1) Work Hours All work (including delivery of materials) shall be:
  - restricted to between the hours of 7am to 5pm Monday to Saturday (inclusive), and
  - not carried out on Sundays or public holidays,

unless approved in writing by Council.

(2) Excavations and Backfilling - All excavations and backfilling associated with the approved development must be executed safely and protected to prevent them from being dangerous to life or property, and in accordance with the design of a suitably qualified structural engineer.

If an excavation extends below the level of the base of the footings of a building, structure or work on adjoining land, including a structure or work in a road rail corridor, the person causing the excavation must:

- a) protect and support the building, structure or work on adjoining land from possible damage from the excavation,
- b) if necessary, underpin the building, structure or work on adjoining land to prevent damage from the excavation, and
- c) give at least 7 days notice of the intention to excavate to the owner of the adjoining land before excavating.

The above requirements do not apply if the person having the benefit of the development consent owns the adjoining land or the owner of the adjoining land gives written consent to the requirements not applying.

The principal contractor, owner builder or any person who needs to excavate and undertake building work, shall contact 'Dial Before You Dig' prior to works commencing, and allow a reasonable period of time for the utilities to provide locations of their underground assets.

(3) Stormwater – Collection and Discharge Requirements - The roof of the subject building(s) shall be provided with guttering and down pipes and all drainage lines, including stormwater drainage lines from other areas and overflows from rainwater tanks, conveyed to the drainage easement.

Connection to the drainage easement or kerb shall only occur at the designated connection point for the allotment. New connections that require the rectification of an easement pipe or kerb shall only occur with the prior approval of Camden Council.

All roofwater shall be connected to the approved roofwater disposal system immediately after the roofing material has been fixed to the framing members. The principal certifier shall not permit construction works beyond the frame inspection stage until this work has been carried out.

- (4) **Site Management** The following practices are to be implemented during construction:
  - stockpiles of topsoil, sand, aggregate, spoil or other material shall be kept clear of any drainage path, easement, natural watercourse, kerb or road surface and shall have measures in place to prevent the movement of such material off site;
  - b) builder's operations such as brick cutting, washing tools, concreting and bricklaying shall be confined to the building allotment. All pollutants from these activities shall be contained on site and disposed of in an appropriate manner;
  - c) waste shall not be burnt or buried on site or any other properties, nor shall windblown rubbish be allowed to leave the site. All waste shall be disposed of at a licenced waste disposal facility;
  - d) a waste storage area shall be located on the site;
  - e) all building materials, plant, equipment and waste control containers shall be placed on the building site. Building materials, plant and equipment (including water closets), shall not to be placed on public property (footpaths, roadways, public reserves, etc);
  - f) toilet facilities shall be provided at, or in the vicinity of, the work site at the rate of 1 toilet for every 20 persons or part thereof employed at the site. Each toilet shall:
    - be a standard flushing toilet connected to a public sewer; or
    - ii) have an on-site effluent disposal system approved under the *Local Government Act 1993*; or
    - iii) be a temporary chemical closet approved under the *Local Government Act 1993*.
- (5) Works by Owner Where a portion of the building works do not form part of a building contract with the principal contractor (builder) and are required to be completed by the owner, such works shall be scheduled by the owner so that all works coincide with the completion of the main building being erected by the principal contractor.
- (6) Finished Floor Level A survey report prepared by a registered land surveyor confirming that the finished floor level complies with the approved plans or floor levels specified by the development consent, shall be provided to principal certifier prior to the development proceeding beyond floor level stage.
- (7) **Survey Report** The building shall be set out by a registered land surveyor. A peg out survey detailing the siting of the building in accordance with the approved plans shall be provided to the principal certifier prior to the pouring of concrete.
- (8) **Easements** No changes to site levels, or any form of construction shall occur within any easements that may be located on the allotment.
- (9) Vehicles Leaving the Site The construction supervisor must ensure that:

- all vehicles transporting material from the site cover such material so as to minimise sediment transfer:
- the wheels of vehicles leaving the site:
  - do not track soil and other waste material onto any public road adjoining the site; and
  - fully traverse the site's stabilised access point.
- (10) Removal of Waste Materials Where there is a need to remove any identified materials from the site that contain fill/rubbish/asbestos, the waste material shall be assessed and classified in accordance with the NSW EPA Waste Classification Guidelines 2014 (refer to: <a href="www.epa.nsw.gov.au/wasteregulation/classify-quidelines.htm">www.epa.nsw.gov.au/wasteregulation/classify-quidelines.htm</a>)

Once assessed, the materials shall be disposed of to a licensed waste facility suitable for that particular classification of waste. Copies of tipping dockets shall be retained and supplied to Council upon request.

- (11) **Soil, Erosion, Sediment and Water Management Implementation** All requirements of the erosion and sediment control plan and/or soil and water management plan shall be maintained at all times during the works and any measures required by the plan shall not be removed until the site has been stabilised.
- (12) **Disposal of Stormwater** Water seeping into any site excavations is not to be pumped into the stormwater system unless it complies with relevant EPA and ANZECC standards for water quality discharge.
- (13) **Offensive Noise, Dust, Odour and Vibration** All work shall not give rise to offensive noise, dust, odour or vibration as defined in the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* when measured at the property boundary.
- (14) **Fill Material (Dwellings)** Prior to the importation and/or placement of any fill material on the subject site, a validation report and sampling location plan for such material must be provided to and approved by the principal certifier.

  The validation report and associated sampling location plan must:
  - a) be prepared by a person with experience in the geotechnical aspects of earthworks; and
  - b) be prepared in accordance with;

For Virgin Excavated Natural Material (VENM):

- i) the Department of Land and Water Conservation publication "Site Investigation for Urban Salinity;" and
- ii) the Department of Environment and Conservation Contaminated Sites Guidelines "Guidelines for the NSW Site Auditor Scheme (Second Edition) - Soil Investigation Levels for Urban Development Sites in NSW."

For Excavated Natural Material (ENM):

- i) compliance with the Excavated Natural Material Order 2014 and the Resource Recovery Orders and Exemptions issued under Part 9 of the Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 2014
- c) confirm that the fill material has had salinity characteristics identified in the report, specifically the aggressiveness of salts to concrete and steel (refer Department of Land and Water Conservation publication "Site investigation for Urban Salinity") and is compatible with any salinity management plans approved for the site.
- (15) **Protection for Existing Trees** The protection of existing trees (on-site and street trees) must be carried out as specified by AS 4970 Protection of Trees on Development Sites.
- (16) Unexpected Finds Contingency (General) Should any suspect materials (identified by unusual staining, odour, discolouration or inclusions such as building rubble, asbestos, ash material, etc.) be encountered during any stage of works (including earthworks, site preparation or construction works, etc.), such works shall cease immediately until a certified contaminated land consultant has be contacted and conducted a thorough assessment.

In the event that contamination is identified as a result of this assessment and if remediation is required, all works shall cease in the vicinity of the contamination and Council shall be notified immediately.

Where remediation work is required, the applicant will be required to obtain consent for the remediation works.

(17) **Materials, colours and finishes** – The dwelling is to be constructed using the approved materials, colours and finishes.

#### 5.0 - Prior to Issue of an Occupation Certificate

An Occupation Certificate shall be obtained prior to any use or occupation of the development. The following conditions of consent shall be complied with prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate.

- (1) Survey Certificate A registered surveyor shall prepare a Survey Certificate to certify that the location of the building in relation to the allotment boundaries complies with the approved plans or as specified by this consent. The Survey Certificate shall be provided to the satisfaction of the principal certifier.
- (2) **Driveway Crossing Construction** A footpath crossing (where required) and a driveway crossing shall be constructed in accordance with this development consent and the driveway crossing approval prior to use or occupation of the development.
- (3) **Reinstate Verge** The applicant shall construct and/or reconstruct the unpaved verge area with grass, species and installations approved by Council.
- (4) Waste Management Plan The principal certifier shall ensure that all works have been completed in accordance with the approved waste management plan referred to in this development consent.

### State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Western Parkland City) 2021 Assessment <u>Table</u>

Clause.	Assessment.	Compliance.
Appendix 5, 2.3 Zone objectives and land use table  The land use table for each zone sets out what development is permitted without consent, permitted with consent and prohibited.  The consent authority must have regard to the objectives for development in a zone when determining a development application in respect of land within a zone.  The zone objectives for this site are:  To provide for the housing needs of the community within a low density residential environment.  To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.  To allow people to carry out a reasonable range of activities from their homes where such activities are not likely to adversely affect the living environment of neighbours.  To support the well-being of the community by enabling educational, recreational, community, religious and other activities where compatible with	The lot is located in an R2 Low Density Residential zone. The proposed development can be characterised as a 'dwelling house' which is permitted with consent in the R2 Low Density Residential zone.  The proposal meets the objectives of the zone as:  The proposal will provide for the housing needs of the community within the low-density residential environment.  The proposal is consistent with its surrounds, allowing for a reasonable range of activities to be carried out that are consistent with those surrounding it.  The proposal will be an addition to the existing housing type typical to the immediate surrounds.	Yes
<ul> <li>the amenity of a low density residential environment.</li> <li>To provide a diverse range of housing types to meet community housing needs within a low density residential environment.</li> </ul>		
Appendix 5, 4.3 Height of buildings		
Maximum buildings heights must not exceed the maximum building height shown on the Height of Buildings Map.	The proposed development has a maximum building height of 5.759m.	No (Clause 4.6 written request submitted).
Maximum height of buildings = 5.0m 'C'.		
Appendix 5, 4.4 Floor Space Ratio	273.7sqm and site area of 745.3sqm =	
Max FSR 0:4:1.	Max FSR approx. 0.37:1	Yes
Appendix 5, 4.6 Exceptions to development standards		Yes

### State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Western Parkland City) 2021 Assessment <u>Table</u>

Development consent may be granted for development that contravenes a development standard imposed by the SEPP or any other environmental planning instrument.  The consent authority must consider a written request from the applicant that seeks to justify the contravention by demonstrating that:  (a) that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case, and  (b) that there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard.  Development consent musty not granted unless:  (a) the consent authority is satisfied that:  (i) the applicant's written request has adequately addressed the matters required to be demonstrated, and  (ii) the proposed development will be in the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the particular standard and the objectives for development within the zone in which the development is proposed to be carried out, and  (b) the concurrence of the Secretary has been obtained.	The applicant has submitted a written request under Clause 4.6 of the Growth SEPP justifying the contravention to the maximum height of buildings development standard. The Clause 4.6 written request is assessed in the main body of the report.  It is considered that the applicant's written request has adequately demonstrated that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case, and that there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard.  It is assessed that the proposed development will be in the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the height of buildings development standard and the objectives for development within the R2 Low Density Residential zone.  It is noted that the Panel may assume the concurrence of the Secretary.	
Appendix 5, 5.10 Heritage Conservation	The subject site is located within the curtilage of a State Heritage Item, namely Oran Park House. At the time of the SHR listing, site-specific exemptions were put in place to exempt certain development (including single storey dwelling houses) from the requirement for approval under the Heritage Act 1977 (Catherine Park Estate — Oran Park House Heritage Exemption Guidelines, prepared by Design + Planning, dated October 2014).  The proposed development generally meets those guidelines with the exception of a control in Section 4.1 'Residential Built	Yes

### State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Western Parkland City) 2021 Assessment Table

Form' that requires that "The design and building of dwellings for each street elevation and street block is to be undertaken simultaneously and delivered as a complete package by one builder."

This provision cannot be complied with as the lots have been subdivided and sold to individual property owners. As the proposed development does not meet this requirement, concurrence is required from Heritage NSW.

On 25 January 2022, Heritage NSW advised Council that (in order to streamline the assessment process) all DA's within the heritage curtilage that comply with the Exemption Guidelines (with the exception of the 'one builder' control) can be approved (without formal referral) subject to standard GTAs issued Heritage NSW.

The proposed development fully complies with the Exemption Guidelines (with the exception of the 'one builder' control) and is therefore subject to the standard GTA's, which have been included as recommended conditions of consent.

A copy of the advice and standard GTAs issued by Heritage NSW is **attached** to this report.

Control	Assessment	Compliance
4.1.1		Yes.
Site Analysis		
l.,	Appropriate site analysis plan provided.	
Site analysis plan is to be provided.		
4.1.2 Cut and Fill		Yes.
Cut and Fill		
DAs are to illustrate where it is necessary to cut and/or fill land and provide justification for the proposed changes to the land levels.	Cut and fill plan provided.	
The maximum amount of cut shall not exceed 1m. The maximum amount of fill shall not exceed 1m.	Cut and fill plan indicates cut and fill <1.0m.	
Fill within 2.0m of a property boundary shall be fully contained by the use of deepened (drop) edge beam construction with no fill permitted outside of this building footprint.	DEB indicated to contain all fill within footprint.	
The use of a deepened edge beam shall not exceed 1m above natural ground level.	Less than 1m .	
Where excavation or filling is required alongside a driveway, it shall be retained by a retaining wall.	NA.	
4.1.3		Yes.
Sustainable Building Design.  The majority of plant species are to be selected from the preferred species listed at Appendix C and indigenous species are preferred.	A condition of consent is to be imposed — Modified Landscaping Plan indicating the planting of two large trees within front setback listed at Appendix C/indigenous species is to be provided.	
The provisions of BASIX will apply with regards to water requirements and usage.	The development complies with the requirements as set out by the provided BASIX certificate.	
The design of dwellings is to maximise cross flow ventilation.	Design of dwelling incorporates large open living spaces allowing for cross flow ventilation to occur.	
The orientation of dwellings, location of living rooms and the positioning and size of windows and other openings is to take advantage of solar orientation to maximise natural light penetration to indoor areas and to minimise the need for mechanical heating and cooling.	Location of living rooms and windows located appropriately so as to enable maximisation of capturing natural light.	

Control	Assessment	Compliance
Outdoor clothes lines and drying areas are required for all dwellings and can be incorporated into communal areas for multi-dwelling development and residential flat building developments.	Outdoor clothes line indicated on architectural plans located appropriately with regards to solar access.	
Roof and paving materials and colours are to minimise the retention of heat from the sun.	Roof adopts lighter colour. This will assist in reducing contributions to the urban heat island effect.	
The design of dwellings that are required to attenuate noise shall use, where possible, alternatives to air-conditioning, such as acoustic wall ventilators, ceiling fans, or bulkhead-mounted ducted fans to achieve appropriate ventilation.	The dwelling will attenuate noise where possible through separating communal areas from private living spaces.	
4.1.4 Salinity, Sodicity and Aggressivity.		Yes.
All development must comply with the Salinity Management Plan developed at the subdivision phase or at Appendix B. The actions/works from the Salinity Management Plan must be certified upon completion of the development.	The development will comply with the requirements of the salinity management plan as adopted under parent subdivision DA.	
Salinity shall be considered during the siting, design and construction of dwellings including: drainage, vegetation type and location, foundation selection and cut and fill activities, to ensure the protection of the dwelling from salinity damage and to minimise the impacts that the development may have on the salinity process	Salinity will be considered during the siting, design and construction the proposed dwelling via a condition of consent.	
4.2.2		Yes.
Streetscape and Architectural Design.		
The primary street facade of a dwelling should address the street and must incorporate at least two of the following design features:  • entry feature or porch; • awnings or other features over windows; • balcony treatment to any first floor element; • recessing or projecting architectural elements; • open verandah; • bay windows or similar features; or	Primary elevation to adopt the following design features;  • Entry feature/porch with hipped roof over.  • Windows.  • Projecting architectural elements in the form of supporting posts.	

Control	Assessment	Compliance
<ul> <li>verandahs, pergolas or similar features above garage doors.</li> <li>Corner lot development should emphasise the corner. The secondary street facade for a dwelling on a corner lot should address the street and must incorporate at least two of the above design features. Landscaping in the front setback on the main street frontage should also continue around into the secondary setback.</li> </ul>		
Eaves are to provide sun shading and protect windows and doors and provide aesthetic interest.	All eaves 0.45m as identified on sectional drawings.	
The pitch of hipped and gable roof forms on the main dwelling house should be between 22.5 degrees and 35 degrees.	Hipped roof pitch of 22.5 degrees proposed.	
Front facades are to feature at least one habitable room with a window onto the street.	Front façade to feature bedrooms with windows facing the street.	
Carports and garages are to be constructed of materials that complement the colour and finishes of the main dwelling.	Proposed garage to complement colour and finish of main dwelling.	
4.2.3		Yes.
Front Setbacks.		
Dwellings are to be consistent with the front setback controls and principles in the relevant Tables 4-2 to 4-6, Figure 4-4: Minimum front setback distances and Figure 4-5.	The proposal has been assessed against tables 4-5 (lots >15m in width) and schedule 4 controls relating to very low density residential.	

Control	Assessment	Compliance
4.2.4		Yes.
Side and Rear Setbacks.		
All development is to be consistent with the side and rear setback controls in the relevant Tables 4.2 to 4.6 and principles in Figure 4-7 Dwelling and open space siting principles for different lot orientations	The proposal has been assessed against tables 4-5 (lots >15m in width) and schedule 4 controls relating to very low density residential.	
Pergolas, swimming pools and other landscape features/structures are permitted to encroach into the rear setback.	Noted. No landscape features within rear setback proposed within this DA.	
For dwellings with a minimum 900mm side setback, projections permitted into side and rear setback areas include eaves (up to 450 millimetres wide), fascias, sun hoods, gutters, down pipes, flues, light fittings, electricity or gas meters, rainwater tanks and hot water units.	The proposal adopts side boundary setbacks greater than 0.9m.	
4.2.5		Yes.
Dwelling Height, Massing and Siting.		
All development is to comply with the maximum site coverage as indicated in the relevant Tables 4-2 to 4-6.	The proposal has been assessed against tables 4-5 (lots >15m in width) and schedule 4 controls relating to very low density residential.	
Site coverage is the proportion of the lot covered by a dwelling house and all ancillary development (eg carport, garage, shed) but excluding unenclosed balconies, verandahs, porches, al fresco areas etc.	Site coverage measured accordingly against tables 4-5 (lots >15m in width) and schedule 4 controls relating to very low density residential.	
The ground floor level shall be no more than 1m above finished ground level.	Less than 1m	
4.2.6		Yes.
Landscaped Area.		
The minimum soft landscaped area within any residential lot is to comply with the controls and principles in the relevant Tables 4-2 to 4-6. Figure 4-10 illustrates areas of a lot that can contribute towards the provision of soft landscaped area and principal private open space.	The proposal has been assessed against tables 4-5 (lots >15m in width) and schedule 4 controls relating to very low density residential.	
Plans submitted with the development application must indicate the extent of landscaped area and nominate the	Noted / complied.	

Control	Assessment	Compliance
location of any trees to be retained or planted.		
Surface water drainage shall be provided as necessary to prevent the accumulation of water.	To drain to rear easement/pit.	
Use of low flow watering devices is encouraged to avoid over watering. Low water demand drought resistant vegetation is to be used for the majority of landscaping, including native salt tolerant trees.	No concerns presented regarding the accumulation of surface water.	
4.2.7 Private Open Space.		Yes.
Each dwelling is to be provided with an area of Principal Private Open Space (PPOS) consistent with the requirements of the relevant Tables 4-2 to 4-6.	The proposal has been assessed against tables 4-5 (lots >15m in width) and schedule 4 controls relating to very low density residential.	
The location of PPOS is to be determined having regard to dwelling design, allotment orientation, adjoining dwellings, landscape features, topography.	PPOS contained and achievable to southern boundary of lot. PPOS located appropriately.	
The PPOS is required to be conveniently accessible from the main living area of a dwelling or alfresco room and have a maximum gradient of 1:10. Where part or all of the PPOS is permitted as a semi-private patio, balcony or rooftop area, it must be directly accessible from a living area.	PPOS conveniently accessible from living and alfresco. PPOS at grade <1:10.	
4.2.8 Garages, Storage, Site Access and Parking.		Yes.
3 bedroom or more dwellings will provide at least 2 car spaces.	2 car parking spaces provided.	
At least one car parking space must be located behind the building façade line where the car parking space is accessed from the street on the front property boundary.	2 car parking spaces provided behind the building line via double car garage.	
Driveways are to have the smallest configuration possible (particularly within the road verge) to serve the required parking facilities and vehicle turning movements and shall comply with AS2890.	Compliant and further considered against Camden Councils Standard Residential Driveway Design Guidelines.	

Control	Assessment	Compliance
The location of driveways is to be determined with regard to dwelling design and orientation, street gully pits and trees and is to maximise the availability of onstreet parking	Driveway located appropriately and will not conflict with said structures.	
Single garage doors should be a maximum of 3m wide and double garage doors should be a maximum of 6m wide.	Double garage door width = 4.89m	
Minimum internal dimensions for a single garage are 3m wide by 5.5m deep and for a double garage 5.6m wide by 5.5m deep.	Double garage internal dimensions = 6.8m x 5.96m.	
Garage doors are to be visually recessive through use of materials, colours, and overhangs such as second storey balconies.	Provided colour and material schedule demonstrates the garage doors will be visually recessive and respective to the proposed main dwelling.	
4.2.9 Visual and Acoustic Privacy.		Yes.
Direct overlooking of main habitable areas and the private open spaces of adjoining dwellings should be minimised through building layout, window and balcony location and design, and the use of screening, including landscaping	Proposed development is single storey only.  Proposed dwelling has an FFL <1.0m and therefore, presents no concerns relating to overlooking.	
The design of dwellings must minimize the opportunity for sound transmission through the building structure, with particular attention given to protecting bedrooms and living areas.	The dwelling will attenuate noise where possible through separating communal areas from private living spaces.	
No electrical, mechanical or hydraulic equipment or plant shall generate a noise level greater than 5dBA above background noise level measured at the property boundary during the hours 7.00am to 10.00pm and noise is not to exceed background levels during the hours 10.00pm to 7.00am.	Noted/complied.	
Dwellings along sub-arterial or arterial roads, or transit boulevards, or any other noise source, should be designed to minimize the impact of traffic noise, and where possible comply with the criteria in Table 4-7. Note: Figure 4-11 provides guidance on measures to mitigate noise in residential buildings. Page 100 Camden	Dwelling not impacted by road types.	

Control Plan  The internal layout of residential buildings, window openings, the location of outdoor living areas (i.e. courtyards and balconies), and building plant should be designed to minimise noise impact and transmission.  Noise walls are not permitted.  Development affected by rail or traffic noise is to comply with Development Near Rail Corridors and Busy Roads – Interim Guideline (Department of Planning 2008). The design of development is also to consider ways to mitigate noise in Principal Private Open Space areas with reference to Council's Environmental Noise Policy.  Architectural treatments are to be designed in accordance with AS3671 Traffic Noise Intrusion Building Sting and Construction, the indoor sound criteria of AS2107 - Recommended Design Sound Levels and Reverberation Times for Building Interiors.  4.2.10  Fencing.  Front fencing shall be a maximum of 1.2m high above ground level (existing) and shall be an open style incorporating pickets, slats, palings or the like or lattice style panels with a minimum aperture of 25mm.  Side and rear fences are to be a maximum of 1.8m high commencing 2m behind the building line (refer to Figure 4-12).  Table 4-5 – Site coverage.  Maximum 50% at ground floor.  Maximum 30% of the allotment area.  Table 4-5 – Principal Private Open Space (PPOS).  Minimum 24sqm with minimum dimensions of 4m.  Yes.  Yes.	Control	Assessment	Compliance
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Space (PPOS).  Minimum 24sqm with minimum PPOS = over 24sqm and 6mx4m dimension at side of lot.	<u>-</u>	266.9/745.1 = 35.8%	Yes.
Space (PPOS).  Minimum 24sqm with minimum PPOS = over 24sqm and 6mx4m dimension at side of lot.	Table 4-5 - Principal Private Open		Yes.
Table 4-5 – Solar Access.	Space (PPOS). Minimum 24sqm with minimum	·	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Table 4-5 – Solar Access.		Yes.

Control	Assessment	Compliance
50% of the area required for PPOS (of both	No overshadowing of PPOS.	
proposed development and adjoining	Proposed dwelling will not overshadow	
properties) should receive at least 3 hours	adjoining PPOS as it is single storey	
of sunlight between 9am and 3pm on June	development only.	
21.		
Table 4-5 – Garages and carparking.		Yes.
Maximum double car garage door width	Double garage proposed. Width = 4.89m.	
6m.		
3 bedrooms or more to provide at least 2	2 spaces provided.	
car spaces.	A	<b>2</b>
Control	Assessment	Compliance?
4.1 Development Surrounding Oran Park House.		Yes.
Proposals for subdivision and development that are seeking exemption from Integrated Development referrals to Heritage NSW and exemption from Section 60 approval under the Heritage Act 1977 must comply with the guidelines contained in the Oran Park State Heritage Register listing and with the requirements contained in the NSW Heritage Act 1977.	The proposed development generally complies with the Exemption Guidelines, with the exception that the design of dwellings for each street block is not being undertaken simultaneously and delivered as a complete package by one builder. This provision cannot be complied with as the lots have been subdivided and sold to individual property owners.	
Approval under the NSW Heritage Act 1977 is required for development which does not meet the guidelines of the Oran Park Heritage Exemptions.	On 25 January 2022, Heritage NSW advised Council that (in order to streamline DA's) all DA's within the heritage curtilage that comply with the Exemption Guidelines (with the exception of the 'one builder' control) can be approved (without formal referral) subject to standard GTAs issued Heritage NSW.	
Development must be designed to maintain significant view lines illustrated in Figure 4-1.	The proposed development fully complies with the Exemption Guidelines (with the exception of the 'one builder' control) and is therefore subject to the standard GTA's, which have been included as recommended conditions of consent.  A copy of the advice and standard GTAs issued	
Development in these areas must be	by Heritage NSW is attached to this report.  The site is located inside the area identified in figure 4-1. Development is for a single storey dwelling and will not result in significant view lines illustrated in figure 4-1 being compromised. The proposed dwelling house is sympathetically designed and complements the setting of Oran Park House	
sympathetically designed to complement		
the topography of the site, the setting of		

Control	Assessment	Compliance
Oran Park House and associated		
outbuildings and the historical rural character without replicating architectural		
details.		
		Yes.
4.1.2   Oran Park House and Outer Heritage	The subject lot is located within area mapped as being 'very low density residential' and has	
Curtilage Principals.	been assessed in relation to the relevant	
	controls.	
Controls  1. All development within the Chan Park heritage outlings to to be designed in accordance with Figure 4-8.		
4 3		
The same of the sa		
A Delical In the Part of the Control		
All development within the Oran Park		
heritage curtilage is to be designed in		
accordance with Figure 4-2		
4.1.3		Yes.
Landscape Elements – Views and		
Vistas.		
Development must be designed to ensure	The development will not impact significant	
that the significant vistas shown in Figure	vistas shown in figure 4-3.	
4-3 are retained.		
%指開與自自 <b>一日</b> 1		
Oran Park		
Park House Coach House		
Open Space Drainage		
LEGENO		
€ - ■ Significant Vistas		
Figure 4-3 – Significant Vistas within the Oran Park House curtilage to be preserved		
4.1.11		Yes.
Residential Built Form.		
The design of dwellings for each street elevation and street block is to be	This DA does not provide for simultaneous design and delivery of development for this	
undertaken simultaneously and delivered	street elevation/street block. However, the	
as a complete package. The block design	dwelling is assessed as being suitable for the	

Control	Assessment	Compliance
must be submitted and approved with the	site and Heritage NSW have issued standard	
first development application for the	GTAs for instances where the development fully	
construction of a dwelling within the street	complies with the Exemption Guidelines with	
block.	the exception of the 'one builder' requirement.	
4.1.12		Yes.
Street Facades and Visible Elevations.		100.
Residential developments are to have contemporary designs (i.e. architecture being produced now) and respect the heritage significance of Oran Park House but must not replicate historic styles.	The proposed development has a contemporary design that respects Oran Park House.	
All dwellings in the heritage curtilage area are to have architectural merit (i.e. architecture that is enduring and respects the heritage significance of Oran Park House).	The proposal will adopt the following design features:  • Entry porch.  • Recessed garage doors setback behind the primary façade.	
Building facades are to be visually interesting and articulated suitably to break up the building mass. At least three of the following design features are to be incorporated into the front facade:  • front doors with side lights; • contemporary window treatments including aluminium or timber frames in neutral colours; • bay Windows (rectangular only); • entry portico; and • recessed garage doors setback behind the primary facade.	Rectangular windows.	
Colonial style window treatments are not appropriate where visible from the public domain.	Noted – no colonial style window treatments proposed.	
Window design to the front facade, or where visible from the public domain, is to have a dominant vertical proportion.	All windows to the front façade feature a dominant vertical proportion.	
Picture windows or fully glazed walls are permitted to the street façade.	No picture windows or fully glazed walls are proposed to the street façade.	
An entry portico is to be of contemporary design and appearance. Access to the entry portico may be from either the driveway or a separate path.	Noted/compliant.	
Shadow lines are an appropriate element to complement the overall facade appearance.	Noted/compliant.	

Control	Assessment	Compliance
The design of dwellings shall include an articulated front elevation in the direction of the Primary Street.	Front elevation articulated in the form of a stepped building line adopting articulation feature in the form of a porch.	
4.1.14 Setbacks for Very Low Density Area Surrounding Oran Park House.	Front setback = 6.3m. Front garage setback = 7.3m.	Yes.
Residential development must comply with the controls in Figure 4-8.    Minimum   Front Dwelling Setback   5m   6m	Side boundary setback (north) = 1.5m. Side boundary setback (south) = 2.5m. Combined setback = 4.m (min)	
Rear Boundary Setback 5m Side Boundary Setback 0.6m Corner Lot Side Boundary Setback 3m	Rear setback = 8.46m.	
Note: In addition to the minimum side boundary setback of 0.0m, the aking of dwellings is required to achieve an average 4m side asparation between dwellings along an entire shreet block. Pursuant to Section 4.1.11 of this Section, the simultaneous delivery of dwellings within the heritage curitiage by one builder will ensure the average 4m separation is archieved.	The front, side and rear setbacks comply with the setback requirements in the DCP.	
4.1.15 Building Height.		No. Variation supported.
Residential development in the Oran Park House heritage curtilage must comply with the Height of Buildings maps in State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006.	The height will exceed the 5m control and is subject to a Clause 4.6 written request.	
4.1.16 Roofs.		Yes.
Roof pitches are to be between 22.5 degrees and up to 35 degrees.	Proposed roof pitch is a maximum of 22.5 degrees.	
Roofs are to be of simple design and form with either simple hips or gables. Federation detailing, symbolism and Victorian inspired gables are not permitted.	Roof adopts hipped formation.	
The minimum eave overhang is 450mm.	Eaves 0.45m in overhang as identified on plans and contained within prescribed building envelope.	
Roofs must use neutral colour tones such as greys, greens or browns.	Colour schedule provided indicates light colours to be used which are supported by Council's Heritage Advisor.	
4.1.17 Lofts, Attics and Dormer Windows.		Yes.
Variations to the building height on corner lots may be appropriate when attic rooms with dormer windows are proposed, and where there will be no impact on the views	Not a corner lot.	

Control	Assessment	Compliance
and vistas to and from Oran Park House and grounds.		
Occasional lofts can go over roof pitch as long as design proportions are in harmony with the overall skyline of development.	Proposed development does not adopt loft, attic or dormer window.	
4.1.18 Garages.		Yes.
Garages are required to be setback a minimum of 6m from the front boundary.	Garage is setback a minimum of 6m from front boundary.	
The width of garages must not exceed 50% of the dwelling and be setback a minimum 1m behind the main part of the dwelling.	Does not exceed 50%	
Garages are required to be integrated into the building design and be consistent in respect of materials, colours and roof pitch.	The garage has been considered within the overall building design and is considered as being consistent with regards to the main dwellings materials, colours and proposed roof pitch.	
Garages are to accommodate two cars, with allowance for a further two cars to be parked on the residential lot in front of the garage.	Garage can accommodate two cars with the ability for an additional two cars to be parked on the residential lot in front of the garage.	
4.1.19 Building Materials.		Yes.
Building materials and finishes are to be non-reflective.	Colour and material schedule provided. Colours and materials provided are considered non-reflective and suitable.	
Neutral colour palette such as mid-range greys, olives and browns are recommended.	Colours and materials considered to align with recommended palette.	
Roofs may be constructed from either tiles or corrugated roofing material. When corrugated material is used, it is preferable if it is of a traditional profile and not angular or seamed.	Tile roofing material proposed.	
Clear/tinted/coloured acrylic roof material and other roof tones or colours (including black and green) are not permitted.	Noted / complied.	

Control	Assessment	Compliance
Front walls may be rendered and have	Noted, front façade will adopt variation between	
contrasting features to the House.	rendering and exposed brick.	
The following wall materials are appropriate:		
Face brickwork with struck or tooled joints;		
Light coloured mortar joints; and		
Any rendered surfaces painted in neutral colours.		
4.1.20		Yes.
Landscaping.		
All parts of the residential allotment in front of the building and facing the street that are not built on or paved are to be landscaped, with materials such as turf, groundcover, garden beds, shrubs and trees.  Front gardens are to be landscaped with a good balance of turf, garden beds, paving, shrubs and trees.	Landscape plan indicates all parts within the front setback that are not built on or paved, are landscaped with various landscaping features such as turf, groundcover, trees and plantings.	
4.1.21		Yes.
Driveways.		
Driveways are to:		
Have a maximum width of 6m.     Be designed with high quality stone pavers, large tiles, selected permeable paving or exposed aggregate. The colour and finish of stone pavers and tiles is to be subdued with a natural unpolished finish.	Driveway does not exceed 6m     driveway finish to be in keeping with roof finish of low solar absorbance	
When concrete driveways are proposed, the design is to break up its mass through the inclusion of bands of coloured concrete. Stencilled concrete finishes on driveways are not appropriate.	Noted – No concrete driveway proposed.	
4.1.21		
Rooftop Fixtures, Air Conditioners, TV Antennas and Satellite Dishes.		
Rooftop fixtures, air conditioners, tv antennas, solar panels and satellite dishes shall be located so they are screened/minimised from public view.	None of the said structures are located from view of the public.	Yes.
4.1.25.		
Letterboxes		Yes.
Letterboxes must not be a visually prominent element on the streetscape.		168.
<u> </u>		

Control	Assessment	Compliance
Letterboxes must be designed as an integrated feature of the fence	Letterbox located so as to not be a visually prominent element from view of the streetscape.	
	There is no front fence proposed or required	



CLAUSE 4.6 VARIATION REQUEST
Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979

New Single Storey Residential Dwelling Stage 6 | Catherine Park

Address:	23 Gleeson Rise ORAN PARK NSW			
Lot:	6034	DP1235007		
Date:	11 April 2022			

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# **Appendices**

Appendix 1 - View Analysis

# **Figures**

Figure 1 Maximum Building Height Map

Figure 2 Lots in DP1235007 Subject to Clause 4.6 Variation

Figure 3 Catherine Park House (aka Oran Park House)

Figure 4 Building Height & Roof Pitch

Figure 5 Dwelling Roof Forms

Figure 6 Extract from View 4 in Views Analysis

## **Tables**

Table 1 Lots in DP1235007 Subject to Clause 4.6 Variation
 Table 2 Specific Land Details
 Table 3 Extent of Variation to Development Standard



### 1 INTRODUCTION

We submit a Clause 4.6 variation request to support a Development Application (DA) seeking approval to erect a detached dwelling on land described in Table 2 of this report.

The variation request relates to a building height standard under Appendix 9 Camden Growth Centres Precinct Plan in State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006.

Catherine Park contains a State listed heritage item, an early European settlement homestead, named Catherine Park House (aka Oran Park House). The Precinct Planning for the Catherine Fields Part Precinct implemented special development standards around Catherine Park House to deliver a transition in development between the heritage item and surrounding urban development.

The site specific 5 metre maximum building height development standard imposed on land surrounding the heritage item adopted in *State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006* (Growth Centres SEPP) does not enable all options for excellence in design of residential dwellings as was intended. A maximum building height over 5 metres will enable more and better dwelling designs with higher roof forms that will more effectively meet the design outcomes intended in the site-specific development controls in Schedule 4 of the Camden Growth Centre Precincts Development Control Plan (DCP), such as roof pitch.

The DA seeks approval for a detached dwelling with a roof form that exceeds the 5 metre heigh limit. This Clause 4.6 variation request seeks to vary the 5 metre maximum building height development standard to the extent described in Table 3 of this report.

This request has been prepared in accordance with the Department of Planning & Environment (DPIE) Guideline, Varying Development Standards: A Guide, August 2011, and relevant matters set out in the 'five-part test' established by determinations in the NSW Land and Environment Court.

This request should be read in conjunction with the Statement of Environmental Effects for the DA and supporting documentation and plans lodged with the proposal.

This report demonstrates that support for proposed building height provides better building design, enables compliance with DCP controls and achieves the intended outcomes for residential development surrounding Catherine Park House without any significant impacts.



### 2 STATUTORY PLANNING FRAMEWORK

## 2.1 Clause 4.6 - Exceptions to development standards

Clause 4.6 - Exceptions to development standards in 'Appendix 9 Camden Growth Centres Precinct Plan' of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006* (Growth Centres SEPP) allows the relevant authority to grant consent to development that varies from a development standard imposed by the Environmental Planning Instrument. The objectives of the clause include:

- to provide an appropriate degree of flexibility in applying certain development standards to particular development,
- (b) to achieve better outcomes for and from development by allowing flexibility in particular circumstances.

A written request to vary a development standard is required in accordance with subclause (3), which reads:

- (3) Consent must not be granted for development that contravenes a development standard unless the consent authority has considered a written request from the applicant that seeks to justify the contravention of the development standard by demonstrating—
  - (a) that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case, and
  - (b) that there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard.

This document forms the written request required under Clause 4.6.

Subclauses 4 and 5 provide the considerations for approving a variation under Clause 4.6 including satisfying the requirements under subclause 3 and whether there is a public benefit of maintaining the development standard.

- (4) Development consent must not be granted for development that contravenes a development standard unless-
  - (a) the consent authority is satisfied that—
    - the applicant's written request has adequately addressed the matters required to be demonstrated by subclause (3), and
    - (ii) the proposed development will be in the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the particular standard and the objectives for development within the zone in which the development is proposed to be carried out, and
  - (b) the concurrence of the Director-General has been obtained.
- (5) In deciding whether to grant concurrence, the Director-General must consider—
  - (a) whether contravention of the development standard raises any matter of significance for State environmental planning, and
  - (b) the public benefit of maintaining the development standard, and
  - (c) any other matters required to be taken into consideration by the Director-General before granting concurrence.

## 2.2 Development Standards

A variation sought under Clause 4.6 needs to be a 'development standard'. A development standard is defined in the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act in Clause 1.4 as:

development standards means provisions of an environmental planning instrument or the regulations in relation to the carrying out of development, being provisions by or under which requirements are specified or standards are fixed in respect of any aspect of that development, including, but without limiting the generality of the foregoing, requirements or standards in respect of—



- (a) the area, shape or frontage of any land, the dimensions of any land, buildings or works, or the distance of any land, building or work from any specified point,
- (b) the proportion or percentage of the area of a site which a building or work may occupy,
- (c) the character, location, siting, bulk, scale, shape, size, height, density, design or external appearance of a building or work,
- (d) the cubic content or floor space of a building,
- (e) the intensity or density of the use of any land, building or work,
- (f) the provision of public access, open space, landscaped space, tree planting or other treatment for the conservation, protection or enhancement of the environment,
- (g) the provision of facilities for the standing, movement, parking, servicing, manoeuvring, loading or unloading of vehicles.
- (h) the volume, nature and type of traffic generated by the development,
- road patterns,
- (j) drainage,
- (k) the carrying out of earthworks,
- (I) the effects of development on patterns of wind, sunlight, daylight or shadows,
- (m) the provision of services, facilities and amenities demanded by development,
- (n) the emission of pollution and means for its prevention or control or mitigation, and
- (o) such other matters as may be prescribed.

With reference to part (c) it is definitive the maximum building height standard is a development standard.



### 3 PROPOSED VARIATION TO DEVELOPMENT STANDARD

## 3.1 Development Standard Subject to Variation

The proposed variation is subject to the maximum building height development standard in Appendix 9 Camden Growth Centres Precinct Plan under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006* (Growth Centres SEPP).

Clause 4.3 - Height of buildings in Appendix 9 of Growth Centres SEPP prescribes maximum building height for certain land in the Camden LGA portion of the South West Growth Area.

The Objectives of Clause 4.3 - Height of buildings are as follows:

- (a) to establish the maximum height of buildings,
- (b) to minimise visual impact and protect the amenity of adjoining development and land in terms of solar access to buildings and open space,
- (c) to facilitate higher density development in and around commercial centres and major transport routes.

Clause 4.1(2) requires that the height of a building on any land is not to exceed the maximum height shown for the land on the Height of Buildings Map.

Maximum building height is shown on South West Growth Centre Height of Buildings Map Sheets HOB\_004 and HOB\_009. This map shows maximum building height of 5 metres for the residential allotments surrounding Catherine Park House. This variation applies to 66 residential allotments that are subject to the 5 metre building height limit (see Section 3.2) and specific lot details are included in Table 2.



Figure 1 - Maximum Building Height Map (Source: NSW Planning Portal)



## 3.2 Subject Site

The site is located within Stage 6 in Catherine Park Estate. The land subject to a Clause 4.6 Variation comprises 66 residential allotments on the Deposited Plan No. DP1235007 that are subject to a 5 metre building height limit. The 66 residential allotments are shown in Figure 2 and are listed in Table 1. The details of the specific lot subject to this variation request are listed in Table 2.



Figure 2 - Lots in DP1235007 Subject to a Clause 4.6 Variation



Table 1: Lots in DP1235007 Subject to Clause 4.6 Variation

| Lot No. |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 6001    | 6008    | 6015    | 6022    | 6029    | 6036    | 6043    | 6050    | 6059    | 6068    |
| 6002    | 6009    | 6016    | 6023    | 6030    | 6037    | 6044    | 6051    | 6060    | 6069    |
| 6003    | 6010    | 6017    | 6024    | 6031    | 6038    | 6045    | 6052    | 6061    | 6070    |
| 6004    | 6011    | 6018    | 6025    | 6032    | 6039    | 6046    | 6055    | 6064    |         |
| 6005    | 6012    | 6019    | 6026    | 6033    | 6040    | 6047    | 6056    | 6065    |         |
| 6006    | 6013    | 6020    | 6027    | 6034    | 6041    | 6048    | 6057    | 6066    |         |
| 6007    | 6014    | 6021    | 6028    | 6035    | 6042    | 6049    | 6058    | 6067    |         |

The land details specific to this Clause 4.6 Variation are detailed in Table 2.

Table 2: Land Details Subject to Clause 4.6 Variation Request

Address:	23 Gleeson Rise ORAN PARK NSW			
Lot:	6034	DP1235007		

## 3.3 Proposal

The DA seeks to erect a single storey detached dwelling on the site described in Table 2. The proposed building height of the dwelling exceeds the 5 metre maximum building height limit imposed under the Growth Centres SEPP.

### 3.4 Planning Context

The land is zoned R2 Low Density Residential in the Growth Centres SEPP.

The land subject to the variation is within the R2 Zone, which has the following objectives:

- To provide for the housing needs of the community within a low density residential environment.
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.
- To allow people to carry out a reasonable range of activities from their homes where such activities are not likely to adversely affect the living environment of neighbours.
- To support the well-being of the community by enabling educational, recreational, community, religious and other
  activities where compatible with the amenity of a low density residential environment.
- To provide a diverse range of housing types to meet community housing needs within a low density residential environment.

Residential development for detached dwellings is permissible with development consent in the R2 Zone.

### 3.5 Extent of Variation to Development Standard

The proposed building height and extent of variation to the 5 metre maximum building height limit imposed under the Growth Centres SEPP is included in Table 3.

Table 3: Extent of Variation to Development Standard

Proposed Building Height:	5.759m	
Extent of Proposed Variation*:	15.18 %	

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Extent of Proposed Variation = ((BH / 5) x 100) -100



### 4 EXPLANATION FOR EXCEPTION TO DEVELOPMENT STANDARD

# 4.1 Clause 4.6(a) that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case

The Department of Planning Industry & Environment published a guideline titled 'Varying development standards: A Guide' (August 2011), which is available on their website at: <a href="www.planning.nsw.gov.au/-">www.planning.nsw.gov.au/-</a>/media/Files/DPE/Guidelines/varying-development-standards-a-guide-2011-08.pdf

The guideline suggests that written applications to vary a development standard could address matter outlined in the 'five part test', which is formed on determinations in the NSW Land and Environment Court. The NSW Land and Environment Court established the principle of a five-part test in determining whether compliance with a development standard is unnecessary (Refer Four2Five Pty Ltd v Ashfield Council [2015] NSWLEC 90 & Wehbe v Pittwater Council [2007] NSW LEC 827).

The five part test includes five assessment criteria where one or more of the tests are to be used to demonstrate that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary. The five tests are as follows:

- the objectives of the standard are achieved notwithstanding noncompliance with the standard;
- the underlying objective or purpose of the standard is not relevant to the development and therefore compliance is unnecessary;
- the underlying object of purpose would be defeated or thwarted if compliance was required and therefore compliance is unreasonable;
- 4. the development standard has been virtually abandoned or destroyed by the council's own actions in granting consents departing from the standard and hence compliance with the standard is unnecessary and unreasonable;
- the compliance with development standard is unreasonable or inappropriate due to existing use of land and current environmental character of the particular parcel of land. That is, the particular parcel of land should not have been included in the zone.

An additional test is also included (Test 1(a)) which addresses the objectives of the land use zone, consistent with recent decisions of the NSW Land & Environment Court, including Preston CJ in *Initial Action Pty Ltd v Woollahra Municipal Council [2018] NSWLEC 118*.

# Test 1: the objectives of the standard are achieved notwithstanding noncompliance with the standard

The objectives of the height of buildings development standard in Clause 4.3 of the Growth Centres SEPP are outlined below with a respective response.

Objective (a) to establish the maximum height of buildings,

The Environmental Planning Instrument imposes a maximum building height, and a variation of the building height is submitted in accordance with the allowances under Clause 4.6. The objective is upheld and proposal does remove a building height standard for the site. Therefore, the proposal is not inconsistent with Objective (a).

Objective (b) to minimise visual impact and protect the amenity of adjoining development and land in terms of solar access to buildings and open space,

The 66 residential allotments have a land area of 500m² or greater and all residential allotments will contain a single storey detached dwelling with a combined average side setback of 4 metres and a maximum floor space ratio of 0.4:1. Single storey dwellings with hipped and/or gabled roofs are required on all allotments. The combined design requirements of setbacks, floor space ration and hipped and/or gabled roofs ensures there will be no significant overshadowing on adjoining properties. Single storey dwellings on large lots also ensures visual privacy of large areas of private open space will be preserved and visual impact is negligible. The proposed variation therefore meets Objective (b).

Objective (c) to facilitate higher density development in and around commercial centres and major transport routes.



The site is identified for lower densities of residential development. Accordingly, Objective (c) is not relevant to the site and the proposed variation does not affect noncompliance to enable higher density development around centres. Further, the Concept Proposal is not inconsistent with the objective.

### Test 1(a): the objectives of the zone

The objectives of the R2 Low Density Residential Zone are as follows:

To provide for the housing needs of the community within a low density residential environment.

The 66 residential allotments are within a planned low density area to provide a transition of development between Catherine Park House and surrounding residential development.

The proposed building height will does not intensify the density of development and will maintain single story detached dwellings on large residential allotments within he R2 Low Density Residential Zone. The Concept Proposal is consistent with the objective.

To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.

A detached dwellings is proposed on the site and there is no land within the site that has been identified or would be suitable for other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents. The proposal is not inconsistent with the objective.

 To allow people to carry out a reasonable range of activities from their homes where such activities are not likely to adversely affect the living environment of neighbours.

The 66 residential allotments are large lots to contain single storey detached dwellings. Each residential allotment will have generous indoor and private outdoor spaces that will ensure a typical low density living environment incorporating privacy and amenity is maintained. Additionally, the requirements for single storey dwelling construction with a simple hipped and/or gabled roof forms ensures negligible overshadowing impacts. The proposal is consistent with the objective.

 To support the well-being of the community by enabling educational, recreational, community, religious and other activities where compatible with the amenity of a low density residential environment.

A detached dwellings is proposed on the site and there is no land within the site that has been identified or would be suitable for other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents. The proposal is not inconsistent with the objective.

 To provide a diverse range of housing types to meet community housing needs within a low density residential environment.

The broader Stage 6 in Catherine Park includes a diverse range of residential lots sizes and types of residential dwellings, which range from large residential allotments to small lot housing. The 66 residential allotments under this Clause 4.6 are within a planned low density area to provide a transition of development between Catherine Park House and standard low density development. These lots make an important contribution to housing diversity within the locality.

The proposed building height does not intensify the density of development and will maintain single story detached dwellings on large residential allotments within he R2 Low Density Residential Zone. The proposal is consistent with the objective.

# Test 2: the underlying objective or purpose of the standard is not relevant to the development and therefore compliance is unnecessary

The proposed variation does not rely on this test.

# Test 3: The underlying object or purpose would be defeated or thwarted if compliance was required and therefore compliance is unreasonable

The underlying objective of the built form within the transition area between Catherine Park House and the broader urban development is to provide single storey homes on large allotments with greater separation between dwellings and simple hipped and/or gabled roofs with a pitch over 22.50 (refer to Test 5). The design intention for these homes is to have 'stately' houses that respect the heritage values of Catherine Park House.



If compliance was required, it will not enable the underlaying objective will be thwarted as the 5 metre building height limit does not allow the range of dwelling designs as was intended in the DCP and Heritage Exemption Guidelines. Accordingly, compliance with the 5 metre maximum building height standard is considered unreasonable.

Test 4: The development standard has been virtually abandoned or destroyed by the council's own actions in granting consents departing from the standard and hence compliance with the standard is unnecessary and unreasonable

The proposed variation does not rely on this test.

Test 5: The compliance with development standard is unreasonable or inappropriate due to existing use of land and current environmental character of the particular parcel of land. That is, the particular parcel of land should not have been included in the zone

Compliance with the 5 metre maximum building height development standard development is unreasonable and detrimental to the current environmental character of the site and surrounds.

During the Precinct Planning for the Catherine Field Part Precinct prior to the zoning and development standards being adopted for the site, the intended outcome for the residential land surrounding Catherine Park House was to have single storey dwellings with simple hipped roof forms on large residential allotments. Hence minimum lot sizes of  $500\text{m}^2$  and  $700\text{m}^2$  were imposed and specific development controls were included in the Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP to ensure this development outcome was realised. The heritage object was to ensure the housing surrounding Catherine Park House was subservient to the heritage item and have roof forms that are not detrimental to the heritage significance and character of the House.



Figure 3 - Catherine Park House (aka Oran Park House) (Source: www.environment.nsw.gov.au)

Schedule 4 in the Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP includes site specific controls for the residential allotments surrounding Catherine Park House and subject to the Concept Proposal. The site specific controls include provision for roofs.



### 4.1.16 Roofs

#### Controls

- 1. Roof pitches are to be between 22.5 degrees and up to 35 degrees.
- Roofs are to be of simple design and form with either simple hips or gables. Federation detailing, symbolism and Victorian inspired gables are not permitted.
- 3. The minimum eave overhang is 450mm.
- 4. Roofs must use neutral colour tones such as greys, greens or browns.

To satisfy the site specific design standards in the DCP, a dwelling is required to have a simple hipped roof form with a minimum roof pitch of 22.5° and eaves of 450mm or larger.

There are also general development controls for rood pitch for all residential development in the DCP. Control 5 under Clause 4.2.2 'Streetscape and architectural design' states:

The pitch of hipped and gable roof forms on the main dwelling house should be between 22.5 degrees and 35 degrees.

A minimum roof pitch of 22.5° applies to all hipped roof forms for all detached dwellings within the Camden Council portion of the South West Growth Area.

Heritage Exemption Guidelines have been endorsed by the NSW Heritage Council and by order of the Minister for Heritage, granted an exemption from section 57(1) of Heritage Act 1977 in respect to all works and activities in accordance with 'Catherine Park Estate: Oran Park House Curtilage Exemption Guidelines' (prepared by Design & Planning for Hixson Pty Ltd, dated October 2014).

The Heritage Exemption Guidelines apply to the portion of allotments within the heritage curtilage and require the following design requirements to satisfy the exemption criteria:

### 4.5 Building Height

#### Controls

- 1. Buildings are to be single storey in height within the Oran Park House heritage curtilage.
- Variations to the building height on corner lots may be appropriate where attic rooms with dormer windows are proposed, and where there will be no impact on the views and vistas to and from Oran Park House and grounds.

And:

### 4.6 Roofs

### Controls

- 1. Roof pitches are to be between 22.5 degrees and up to 35 degrees.
- 2. Roofs are to be of simple design and form with either simple hips or gables. Federation detailing, symbolism and Victorian inspired gables are not permitted.
- The minimum eave overhang is 450mm.

The development controls in the DCP and Heritage Exemption Guidelines demonstrate the intended outcomes for residential development surrounding Catherine Park House. Importantly, residential development is required to be single storey construction and roof pitches need to be at least 22.5°.

Figure 4 shows the relationship of the existing maximum 5 metre height limit and achieving the roof pitch controls for a single story dwelling with a simple hipped roof form. The diagram adopts a typical wall height of 3 metres for a single storey dwelling and 450mm eaves, which is a required design standard. The diagram also assumes a 20 metre lot width, which is slight less than the typical of the lots facing Catherine Park House, and a minimum side setback of 0.9 metres and average side setback of 2 metres, which reflects the minimum setback requirements in Schedule 4 of the Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP.



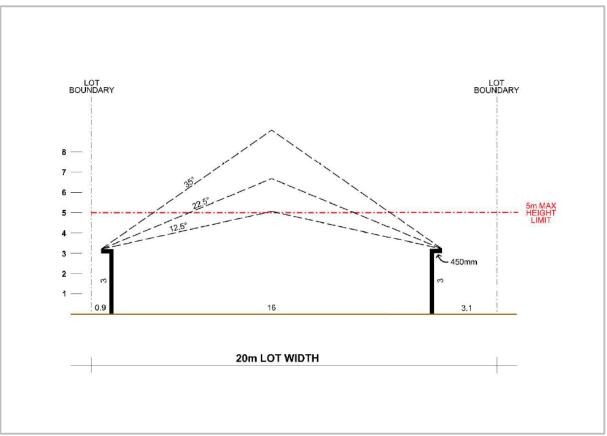


Figure 4 - Building Height & Roof Pitch

Figure 4 demonstrates roof forms that would be achieved for a single storey dwelling with a simple hipped and/or gabled roof designed with a pitch over 22.5°. The design standards for the minimum roof pitch of 22.5° and the 5 metre maximum height limit for a single storey dwelling are conflicting. In addition, a roof pitch for a hipped and/or gabled roof less than 22.5° is a poor design outcome, which is the reason the Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP imposes a minimum roof pitch of 22.5° for all residential dwellings with a hipped and/or gabled roof.

It is evident that the 5 metre maximum building height limit does not allow for better designs with higher roof forms for single story residential dwellings, and therefore, compliance with the 5 metre maximum building height development standard development is considered unreasonable. In addition, the widespread erection of dwellings with potentially compromised roof forms will be detrimental to the current environmental character of the site and surrounds with respect to the heritage values of Catherine Park House. This would also be contrary to the intended outcomes for residential development around the heritage item potentially resulting in a diminished streetscape character and appearance.

The proposed building height is necessary to achieve a quality design for the dwellings surrounding Catherine Park House, which are required to include simple hipped and/or gabled roof designs with a pitch over 22.5°. This allows for properly designed dwellings with attractive roofs.

### Conclusion

In consideration of the five part test and the zone objectives, the proposed variation meets the objectives of maximum height of buildings development standard and zone in Test 1 and 1(a). It is also demonstrated that compliance with the 5 metre maximum building height development standard is unreasonable and detrimental to the current environmental character of the site and surrounds. Accordingly, strict compliance with the development standard is unnecessary.

# 4.2 Clause 4.6(b) There are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard

The determination in Four2Five Pty Ltd v Ashfield Council [2015] NSWLEC 90 found that the environmental planning grounds presented in a Clause 4.6 variation request are to be specific to the circumstances of the proposal. There are special circumstances and sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravention of the maximum building



height development standard.

### Better designed single storey dwellings & streetscapes

The basis for the development control in the Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP that sets a minimum standard for roof pitch of  $22.5^{\circ}$  is to ensure better house design. In particular, single storey dwellings with a hipped and/or gabled roofs present significantly better with a roof form that extends above the walls. The proportion of the roof form is balanced with the rest of the dwelling and the building mass presents a stronger residential character to the street, which improved the overall streetscape character.

Figure 5 shows examples of dwellings with a compliant roof form in terms of roof pitch (Dwelling A) and a compliant dwelling in regard to the 5 metre building height.



Figure 5 - Dwelling Roof Forms

The Dwelling B roof form design is compromised by a 5 metre building height standard and presents poorly as it is not in proportion with the building. It has an underwhelming residential character due to its substandard design quality. Conversely, Dwelling A is significantly more impressive and attractive due to its extended roof form.

As the site comprises numerous rows of residential allotments, the compounding effect of several dwellings with roof forms that satisfy the 5 metre height limit will be detrimental to the streetscape and exhibit an undesirable residential character. An unattractive streetscape will also be detrimental to the heritage significance of Catherine Park House and diminish the heritage values of a State listed heritage item. This is also an outcome that the planning and heritage objectives and provisions are intending to prevent. Accordingly, the improved design quality and compliance with the heritage and planning design provisions provide strong grounds to support the variation.



### No impact on views and vistas from Catherine Park House

Catherine Park House is located on an elevated knoll and sits proud of the 66 allotments surrounding the heritage item. An analysis of four (4) views from Catherine Park House and the surrounds that intersect the site in variation locations is included in Appendix 1. The analysis shows Catherine Park House and illustrates the section detail aligning with each of the four view lines. The section detail annotates the 5 metre and 8 metre building height limits within the site (66 lots) and also shows the adjoining 9 metre building height around the outer edge of the site.

Figure 6 is an excerpt of the views analysis and includes the section of View 4 from Catherine Park House.

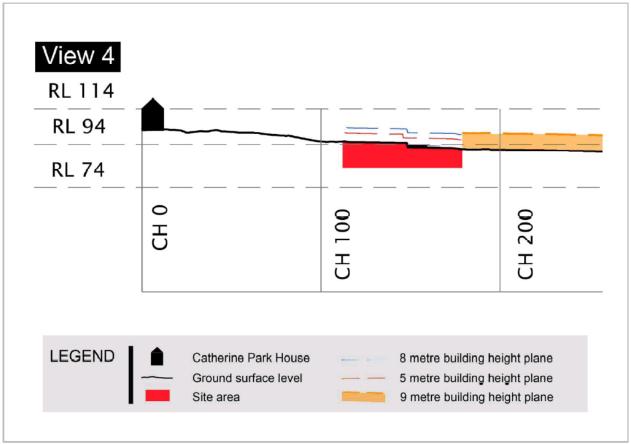


Figure 6 - Extract from View 4 in Views Analysis

The section of View 4 illustrates that both the 5 metre and proposed 8 metre building height planes are eclipsed by the adjoining 9 metre building height. Moreover, the vistas and views from Catherine Park House are dictated by the built form within the 9 metre maximum building height area as opposed to the built form within the site. This is the case for all of the four view sections, and given the proposed building height limit in this proposal is over 1 metre less than shown in the view analysis, the impacts will be less than in the views assessment.

The other matter of consideration is the portion of the roof that will be above the 5 metre building height plane is relatively minor. The 66 dwellings within the site require larger side boundary building setbacks than typical standards to create greater separation between the dwellings. Greater separation between the dwellings will also ensure greater separation between the roof forms. With a relatively small portion of the roof form above the 5 metre height plane and the separation between buildings, wide view corridors between the roofs of adjoining dwellings are preserved and continue to allow open views within the heritage curtilage area.

The built form of new residential development around the outside of the 66 lots dictate views and vistas for Catherine Park House and closer views within the heritage curtilage including the site will be preserved within corridors between the roofs of the single storey dwellings. Accordingly, the findings in the views analysis provides strong grounds to support the variation.



### Objectives and intent of built form surrounding Catherine Park House preserved

The key outcome for the site (66 lots) is that all residential dwellings are to be single storey construction with hipped and/or gabled roofs on large lots. The proposed building height does not change the intended outcome for residential development surrounding Catherine Park House. The proposed building height also does not affect the intended type and character of residential development, and it will actually improve the design quality and therefore character. Accordingly, preserving the intended development outcomes and improving character provides strong grounds to support the variation.

### No significant environmental impact

There is no significant environmental impact resulting from the variation. The variation allows the orderly and proper delivery of development that will result in a development outcome that is essentially the same as has been planned for the Catherine Field Part Precinct and provided for in the Growth Centres SEPP and Schedule 4 in the Camden Council Growth Centres DCP. Once built, the site will form part of a larger area that will maintain a transition of development intensity from Catherine Park House and the intended urban structure will upheld. The protrusion of a small portion of the roof forms for the single storey dwellings with the site will be on no significant impact, particularly as this development will be more dominated by two storey developments around the outer edge of the locality. Accordingly, there are strong grounds to justify the proposed variation as there is no significant environmental impact and the intended development objectives for the locality are maintained.

### Conclusion

There are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify variation to the maximum building height including achieving an improved building designs, no significant impacts on views and vistas from Catherine Park House, preserving a transition in development between the House and standard residential development, and having no significant impact.

# 4.3 Clause 4.6(4)(a)(ii): In the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the zone and development standard

The proposed development is consistent with the objectives of the maximum building height development standard for the reasons explained in Section 4.1 this report (refer to Test 1).

The proposed development is consistent with the zone objectives for the R2 Low Density Residential for the reasons explained in Section 4.1 this report (refer to Test 1a).

In addition, the neighbourhood character and dwelling design is complementary with the heritage values of Catherine Park House and meets the design intent of the ILP and Precinct objectives to provide for a diverse range of housing options in the South West Growth Area.

Support for the proposed variation is in the public interest as it is consistent with the objectives and will significantly and directly enhance the amenity of the area with a well-transitioned residential development away from Catherine Park House from detached dwellings on larger lots to two storey homes on smaller lots.

### 4.4 Considerations for the Planning Secretary

Clause 4.6(5) outlines matters for the Planning Secretary to consider in approving a variation to a development standard, which reads:

- (5) In deciding whether to grant concurrence, the Director-General must consider—
  - (a) whether contravention of the development standard raises any matter of significance for State environmental planning, and
  - (b) the public benefit of maintaining the development standard, and
  - (c) any other matters required to be taken into consideration by the Director-General before granting concurrence.

In consideration of subclause (5), the following comments are presented.

- The variation does not raise any matter of significance for State environmental planning as the proposed variation:
  - o provides significantly better building designs and improved streetscapes,



- o provides site-specific reasoning to support the variation,
- o relates to a situation that has uncommon circumstances that do not occur elsewhere in the locality, and
- is a variation of relatively minor consequences of no significant environmental impact.
- Maintaining the development standard has no discernible public benefit.



### 5 CONCLUSION

A Clause 4.6 variation request to support a DA to seeking approval to erect a detached dwelling on land described in Table 2 of this report. This request should be read in conjunction with the associated Environmental Assessment and supporting documentation lodged with the proposal.

The variation request relates to a maximum building height development standard under Appendix 9 Camden Growth Centres Precinct Plan in *State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006*.

This request has been prepared in accordance with the Department of Planning & Environment (DPIE) Guideline, Varying Development Standards: A Guide, August 2011, and relevant matters set out in the 'five-part test' established by the NSW Land and Environment Court.

This report and supporting information demonstrate that support for proposed building height provides better building design, enables compliance with DCP controls and achieves the intended outcomes for residential development surrounding Catherine Park House without any significant impacts.

The objective of Clause 4.6 is to provide an appropriate degree of flexibility in applying development standards and to achieve better outcomes for development by allowing flexibility circumstances. The proposed variation is respectful of the allowances under Clause 4.6 and can be supported for the following reasons:

- It has been demonstrated that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable and unnecessary in the specific circumstances for three of the tests in the five part test;
- The proposal maintains consistency with the objectives of the R2 Low Density Residential zone;
- The proposal is consistent with the objectives of Clause 4.3 Height of buildings, despite the non-compliance;
- The proposed building height in Table 3 of this report will enable better building design and improved streetscapes;
- There are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify the variation;
- The variation upholds the design intent for the locality for a transition of residential development away from Catherine Park House; and
- Support for the proposed variation will have a positive environmental impact and is in the public interest.

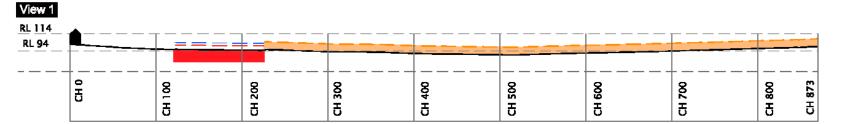


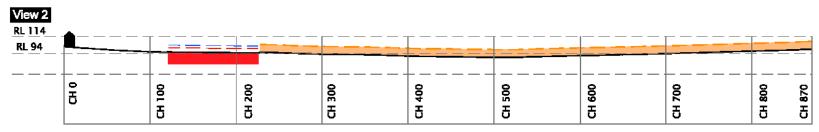
APPENDIX 1
Views Analysis

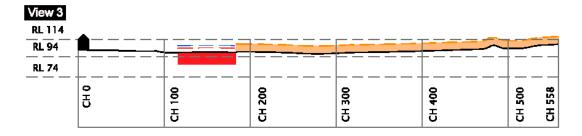
## **CATHERINE PARK HOUSE & SURROUNDS - Views Analysis**

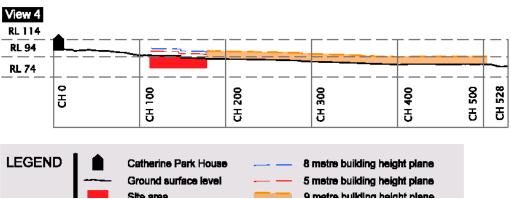
[Note: long section data provided by Registered Surveyor JMD Development Consultants]



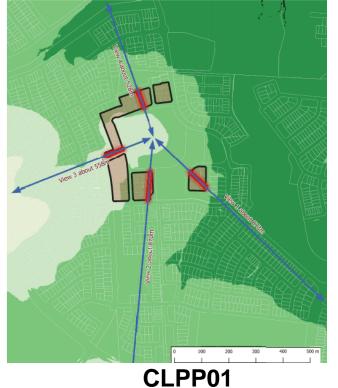














Our ref: DOC22/41407

Cathryn Fuller Team Leader DA Assessment Camden Council 70 Central Avenue ORAN PARK NSW 2570

By email: Cathryn.Fuller@camden.nsw.gov.au

Dear Ms. Fuller

### ORAN PARK (SHR 01695) - REFERRALS TO HERITAGE NSW

I write following our 20 January 2022 online meeting with Council where we discussed shared concerns about the planning control and current volume of work being generated by the Oran Park development. As canvassed, the volume of required referrals to Heritage NSW is against the proposed Exemption intent, and has ancillary impacts to private owners in terms of cost and time delays.

At the time of SHR listing, site-specific exemptions were put in place to exempt complying development from the requirement for approval under the *Heritage Act 1977* (*Catherine Park Estate – Oran Park House Heritage Exemptions Guidelines*, prepared by Design + Planning, dated October 2014). The control under Section 4.1 'Residential Built Form' required that 'The design of dwellings for each street elevation and street block is to be undertaken simultaneously and delivered as a complete package by **one builder**'.

We note Council's advice that this has not proven practical as the developer (Harrington Estates) has sold the subject lots as individual lots to private owners. New owners have been submitting separate development applications to Camden Council, with referral to Heritage NSW required due to the 'one builder' control of the Exemptions not being compliant.

Heritage NSW understands that the 'one builder' control is not commercially viable and no longer possible at this stage in the residential development. In response, we propose a two-pronged approach. The process of amending the site-specific exemptions will be pursued with the Heritage NSW Listings Team, which will require recommendation by the State Heritage Register Committee and decision by the Minister for Heritage. In the meantime, to facilitate streamlining of the integrated development referrals, a set of standard GTA's is provided with this letter. Council can attach these standard GTA's without referral to Heritage NSW, as long as the proposals are:

- In line with Exemption Guidelines (noting that the 'one builder' control is not practical and does not need to be complied with); and
- Not within the historic archaeological potential zone (relates to 37, 39 and 41 Gleeson Rise, Oran Park).

It is also noted that some allotments are located partially within the SHR curtilage. In those cases, it is important to note that the Heritage Council does not have the authority to grant general terms of approval in relation to development to the land outside of that SHR listing boundary. In relation to the land outside of the SHR curtilage, the Heritage Council has an advisory role only.

Level 6, 10 Valentine Ave Parramatta NSW 2150 ■ Locked Bag 5020 Parramatta NSW 2124 P: 02 9873 8500 ■ E: heritagemailbox@environment.nsw.gov.au

Attachment 5

Heritage NSW GTA

The applicant must ensure that if unexpected archaeological deposits or relics not identified and considered in the supporting documents for this approval are discovered, work must cease in the affected area(s) and the Heritage Council of NSW must be notified. Additional assessment and approval may be required prior to works continuing in the affected area(s) based on the nature of the discovery.

Reason: This is a standard condition to identify to the applicant how to proceed if historical archaeological deposits or relics are unexpectedly identified during works.

### ABORIGINAL OBJECTS

Attachment 5

Should any Aboriginal objects be uncovered by the work which is not covered by a valid Aboriginal Heritage Impact Permit, excavation or disturbance of the area is to stop immediately and Heritage NSW is to be informed in accordance with the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974 (as amended). Works affecting Aboriginal objects on the site must not continue until Heritage NSW has been informed and the appropriate approvals are in place. Aboriginal objects must be managed in accordance with the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974.

Reason: This is a standard condition to identify to the applicant how to proceed if Aboriginal objects are unexpectedly identified during works.

### COMPLIANCE

If requested, the applicant and any nominated heritage consultant may be required to participate in audits of Heritage Council of NSW approvals to confirm compliance with conditions of consent.

Reason: To ensure that the proposed works are completed as approved.

### **SECTION 60 APPLICATION**

An application under section 60 of the Heritage Act 1977 must be submitted to and approved by the Heritage Council of NSW (or delegate), prior to work commencing.

Reason: To meet legislative requirements.

If you have any questions about this correspondence, please contact Veerle Norbury, Senior Heritage Assessment Officer. at Heritage NSW on 9873 8616 Veerle, Norbury@environment.nsw.gov.au. I want to thank Council for working proactively with Heritage NSW to find a pragmatic response that still provides appropriate interim safeguards for the heritage place.

Yours sincerely

**Tim Smith OAM** 

**Director Assessments** Heritage NSW

Department of Premier and Cabinet

As Delegate of the Heritage Council of NSW

25 January 2022

ZON

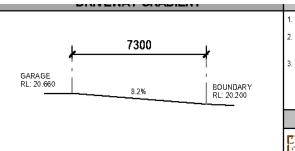
R2

GAS / ELECTR

AS PER BAS

1258626S

00000



LOCATION OF EXISTING

SEWER (NOT IN ZONE)

7190

SERVICE

FREE ZONE

RL:20.24

ALFRESCO

ALL ACCESS TO SITE IS TO BE APPROVED BY SITE SUPERVISOR DO NOT WORK QUITSIDE OF APPROVED HOURS UNLESS APPROVED BY COUNCIL. COUNCIL HOURS SET AS : MONDAY TO FRIDAY-7.00AM - 5.00PM SATURDAY-7.00AM - 5.00PM PUBLIC HOLIDAYS-

SITE LEGEND

EXTENT OF CUT EXCAVATION

LOT 6035

DP 1235007

LOT 6034

DP 1235007

745.3m<sup>2</sup> BY TITLE

FILL

MAIN FLOOR FFL 20.735

CUT.

**PPOS** 

×

APPROX POSITION OF BY OWNER

LOT 6033

DP 1235007

ALL RETAINING WALLS TO BE COMPLETED TO ENG'S DETAILS (IE REQUIRED (IF REQUIRED). DISH DRAINS (IF REQUIRED) TO AUTHORITIES' REQUIREMENTS. DEMOLITION BY OWNER -ALL EXISTING TREES, STUMPS, CONCRETE PATHS, BUILDINGS, ETG

TO BE DEMOLISHED FROM BUILDING AREA PRIOR TO SECOND SITE INSPECTION.

RL:20.21

PORCH

RL:20.49N RL: 20.35

EFL 20.560 Step Down .0,075

6300

5000

7300

PROVISIONAL FOR STENGLED

CONNECTION TO SEWER AND DRAINAGE EASEMENT TO BE TERMINATED AND CAPPED OFF BY OWNER'S TRADES PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORKS BY MASTERTON.

EXCAVATE/FILL: TO FORM DATUM APPROXIMATE - 140mm / 140mm EXTENT OF EXCAVATION & BATTER TO BE DETERMINED ON SITE, BACKFILL

SITE NOT ELOOD, AFFECTED-DESIGN LEVELS, MAY VARY BY ±/- 100mm

SITE FLOOD AFFECTED REFER TO FLOOD LEVEL BELOW.

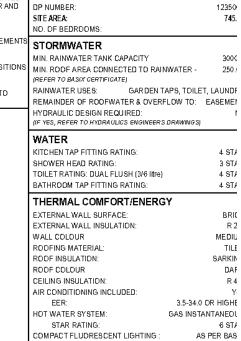
DROP EDGE BEAM (DEB) - LOCATION OF DEB STEPPING SHOWN APPROXIMATELY ONLY. FINAL DEB STEPPING TO BE DETERMINED ON SITE BY SURPERVISOR AND

MAY VARY DUE TO SITE CONDITIONS. SEWER CONNECTION TO AUTHORITIES REQUIREMENTS AS PER TENDER. WATER CONNECTION TO SUPPLY AUTHORITIES MAIN AS PER TENDER.
TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE FENCING TO BLOCK TO MEET SAFETY REQUIREMEN'
SITE LEVELS SUBJECT TO SECOND SITE INSPECTION (KNOCKDOWN AND

REBUILDS ONLY) SUBJECT TO RESULTS OF A SURVEY TO CONFIRM HOUSE / BOUNDARY POSITION AND DRIVEWAY GRADIENT.

SUBJECT TO POSITION OF SERVICES

I. PROVIDE A CHECK SURVEY TO CERTIFY COUNCIL APPROVED FFL PRIOR TO FRAME ERECTION.



BASIX CERTIFICATE No.

PROJECT SITE DETAILS

LOT No. / HOUSE No.

DA No.

#### WIP (WORKS IN PROGRESS)

CLOTHES DRYING LINE REQUIRED:

WIND DRIVEN VENTILATORS REQUIRED/QTY

COOKING APPLIANCES:

Ш

**(/)** 

NOS

DRAINAGE REQUIRED:

SITE CALCULATIONS							
SITE COVERAGE		FSR					
SITE AREA:	745.30	MAXIMUM:	N				
MAXIMUM: 50%	372.65	PROPOSED:	17				
PROPOSED: 44.1%	328.52						
PRIVATE OPEN SPACE		LANDSCAPING					
MIN. REQ:	24.00	MIN. REQ: 30%	223				
PROVIDED:	25.00	PROVIDED: 37.57%	280				
CARPARKING		BUILDING HEIGHT					
MIN. REQ:	2	MAX. ALLOWED:	5.5				
PROVIDED:	2	PROVIDED:	5.759				

AREA-HOUSE	TOTAL	AREA-SITE COVERAGE			
Name	Area	Name	Area		
PORCH	12.24	PORCH	12.24		
ALFRESCO	31.50	ALFRESCO	31.50		
DRIVEWAY	39.51	DRIVEWAY	39.51		
GARAGE	42.14	GARAGE	42.14		
GROUND FLOOR	242.64	GROUND FLOOR	242.64		
Grand total: 5	368.03	Grand total: 5	368.03		
		AREA-ROOF			

AREA-ROOF				
Туре	Are:			
Tile Roof-Concrete	25.69			
Tile Roof-Concrete	377.20			
Grand total: 2	402.89			

N/A FLOOD LEVEL N/A BAL RATING -Ν2 WIND CLASS SLAB CLASS -

House Total area measured from external Face of external wall.
 Total Roof area measured to ourside of outress, excludes parapets a trafficable terraces, (outre width) samm.

SUBMISSION

2016678

**Attachment 6** 

**MASTERTON** VR. SAPPHO ROAD AND HUME HIGHWAY, ARWICK FARM, NSW 2170 4-1300 4HOMES 1300 446 637} WWW.MASTERTON.COM.AU

Do not scale drawings of Assess dimensions only Check & verify dimens & levels prior to the commencement of any

(KF)-RESTRICTION ON THE USE OF LAND (0.5 WIDE)

TKB

BACK OF KERB (ROLLED

TOP OF KERB (BARRIER

KERB)

TEXTA

MARK DRILL HOLE

ELEC ELECTRICAL TURRET

LIGHT POLE

(A1)-EASEMENT TO DRAIN WATER 1.5 WIDE

(V)-POSITIVE COVENANT (NO.8)

BENCHMARK

REDUCED LEVEL S.M.H SEWER MAN HOLE

SILL OF WINDOW

HEAD OF WINDOW

DIAMETER OF TREE

(APPROX)

W.M. WATER METER

POWER POLE

AHD AUSTRALIAN HEIGHT DATUM

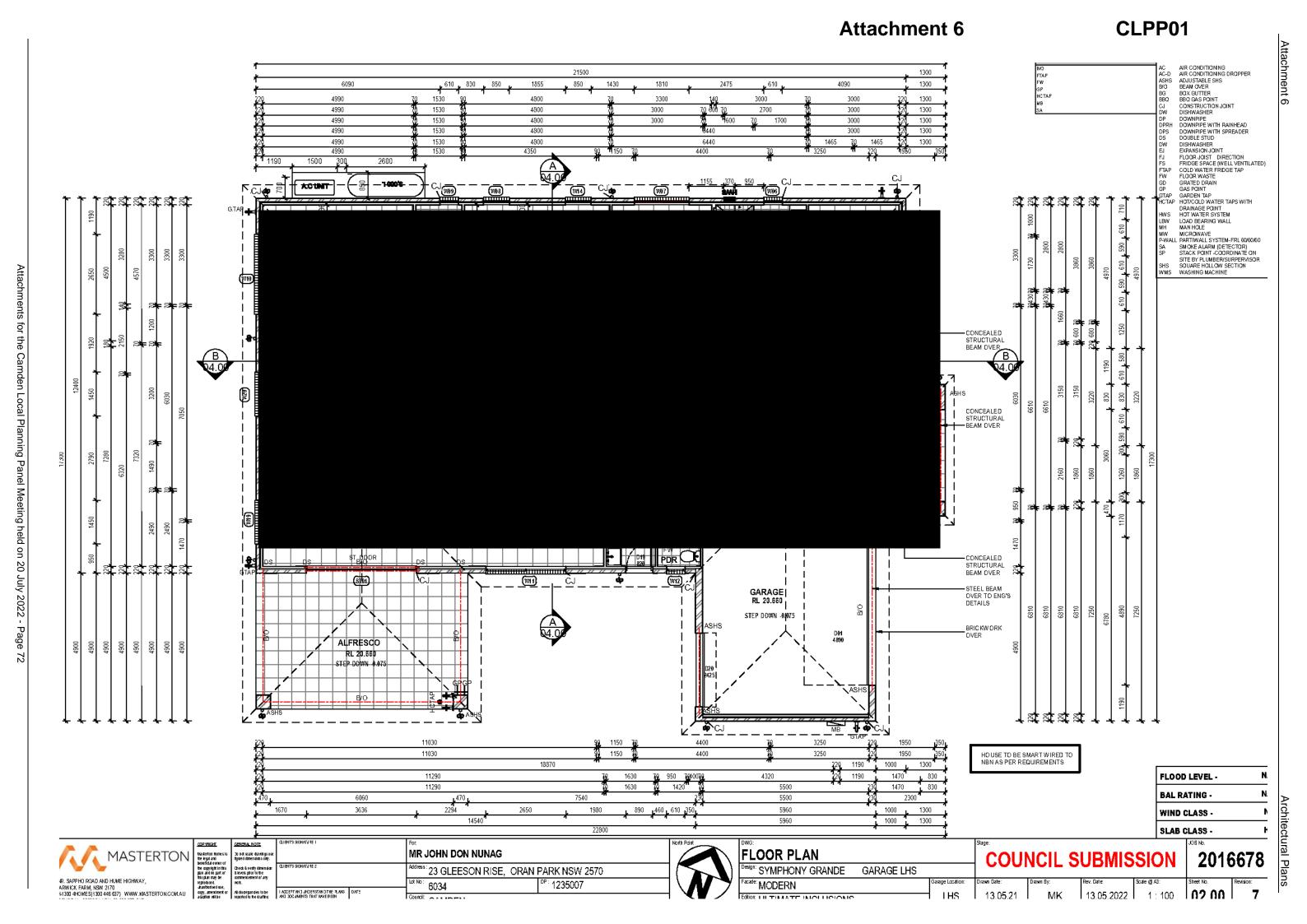
MR JOHN DON NUNAG 23 GLEESON RISE, ORAN PARK NSW 2570 6034 DP: 1235007 LACCEPTAND UNDERSTAND THE PLANS DATE

RL:20.38

SITE PLAN SYMPHONY GRANDE GARAGE LHS e: MODERN LHS 13.05.21

CLPP01

1 13 05 2022 | 1 - 200 | **0.1 0.0** |



AC AIR CONDITIONING
ACLD AIR CONDITIONING DROPPER
ASHS ADJUSTABLE SHS
BYO BEAM OWER
BG BOX GUITTER
BBQ BBC GAS FOINT
CJ CONSTRUCTION JOINT
DW DISHWASHER
DP DOWNPIPE WITH RAINHEAD
DPS DOWNPIPE WITH FAINHEAD
DPS DOWNPIPE WITH SPREADER
DS DOUBLE STUD
DW DISHWASHER
EJ EXPANSION JOINT
FJ FLOOR JOIST DIRECTION
FS FRIGGE SPACE (WELL VENTILLATED)
FTAP CALD WATER FRIGGE TAP
FW FLOOR WASTE
GD GRATED DRAIN
GP GAS POINT
GTAP GARDEN TAP
HCTAP HOT/COLD WATER TAPS WITH
DRAINAGE POINT

DRAINAGE POINT HOT WATER SYSTEM LOAD BEARING WALL MAN HOLE

DRAINAGE POINT
HMS HOT WATER SYSTEM
LBW LOAD BEARING WALL
HH MAN HOLE
P-WALL PARTIWALL SYSTEM-FRL 60/60/60

P-WALL PARTIWALL SYSTEM-PRIL 60/60/60

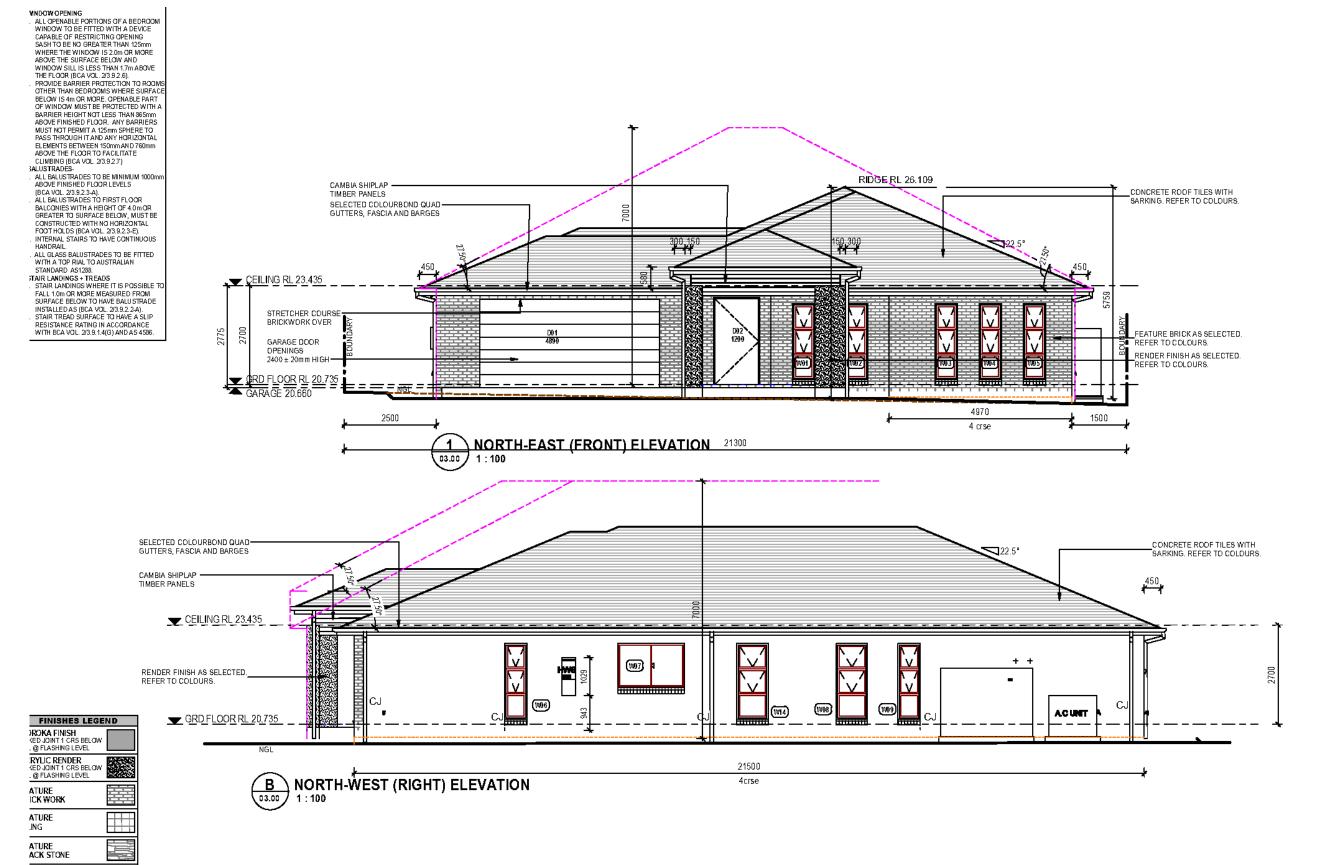
SA SMOKE ALARN (DETECTOR)

SP STACK POINT -COORDINATE ON
SITE BY PLUMBER/SURPERVISOR

SHS SQUARE HOLLOW SECTION

WMS WASHING MACHINE

N.



**MASTERTON** VR. SAPPHO ROAD AND HUME HIGHWAY, ARWICK FARM, NSW 2170 1-1300 4HOMES | 1300 446 637} WWW.MASTERTON.COM.AU

ISHBY

MBER CLADDING MBIA - ALL STANDARD SITES

FER TO TENDER AND SIGNED LOURS PLANS FOR EXTERNAL

RBAU - BUSHFIRE AFFECTED SITES

MR JOHN DON NUNAG Do not scale drawings of Assess dimensions only Check & verify dimensi & levels prior to the commencement of any 23 GLEESON RISE, ORAN PARK NSW 2570 DP: 1235007 6034 I ACCEPTAND UNDERSTAND THE PLANS DATE



ELEVATIONS SYMPHONY GRANDE GARAGE LHS LHS 13.05.21 L

**COUNCIL SUBMISSION** 

2016678

FLOOD LEVEL -

**BAL RATING** 

WIND CLASS -

SLAB CLASS -

**Attachment 6** 

CLPP01

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**Attachment 6** 

AC AIR CONDITIONING
AC-D AIR CONDITIONING DROPPER
ASHS ADJUSTABLE SHS
BYO BEAM OVER
BB BOX GUTTER
BB BOX GUTTER
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BB BOX BOY GUTTER
BYO TO SHOW AND THE STANDING
CJ CONSTRUCTION JOINT
DW DISHWASHER
DP DOWNPIPE WITH RAINHEAD
DPS DOWNPIPE WITH SPREADER
DS DOUBLE STUD
DW DISHWASHER
EJ EXPANSION JOINT
FJ FLOOR JOIST DIRECTION
FS FRIDGE SPACE (WELL VENTILLATI
FTAP COLD WATER FRIDGE TAP
FW FLOOR WASTE
GD GRATED DRAIN
GP GAS POINT
GTAP GARDEN TAP
HCTAP HOTICOLD WATER TAPS WITH
DRAINAGE POINT

HCTAP HOTICOLD WATER TAPS WITH
DRAINAGE POINT
HWS HOT WATER SYSTEM
LBW LOAD BEARING WALL
MIH MAN HOLE
MW MICROWAVE
P-WALL PARTIWALL SYSTEM-FRI 60/60/60
S STACK POINT -COORDINATE ON
SITE BY PLUMBED/SURPERVISOR
SHARM SWASHING MACHINE

HWS LBW MH MW P-WALL

DISHWASHER
DOWNPIPE
DOWNPIPE
DOWNPIPE WITH RAINHEAD
DOWNPIPE WITH SPREADER
DOUBLE STUD
DISHWASHER
EXPANSION JOINT
FLOOR JOIST DIRECTION
FRIDGE SPACE (WELL VENTILATED)
COLD WATTER FRIDGE TAP
FLOOR WASTE
GRATED DRAIN

AIR CONDITIONING AIR CONDITIONING DROPPER ADJUSTABLE SHS BEAM OVER

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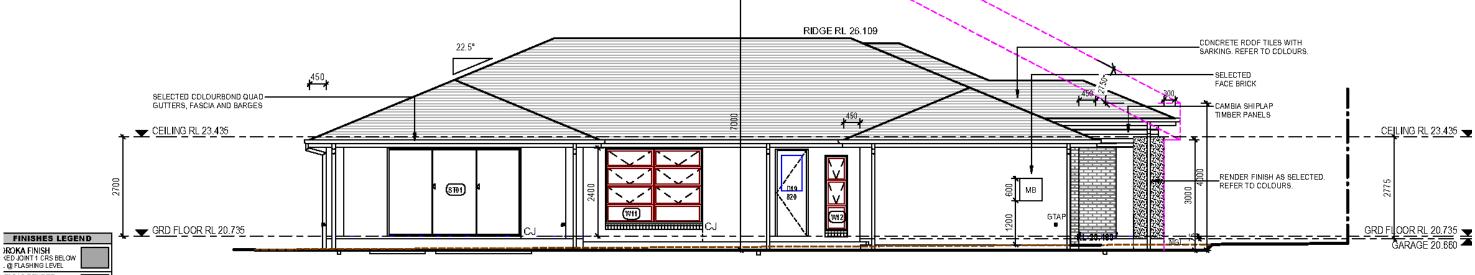
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FLOOD LEVEL -

**BAL RATING** -

WIND CLASS -

SLAB CLASS -



RYLIC RENDER KED JOINT 1 CRS BELOW . @ FLASHING LEVEL ATURE ATURE

ATURE ACK STONE ISHBY

ABER CLADDING

MBIA - ALL STANDARD SITES RBAU - BUSHFIRE AFFECTED SITES FER TO TENDER AND SIGNED LOURS PLANS FOR EXTERNAL PLICATION DETAILS

MASTERTON

ARWICK FARM, NSW 2170 +1300 4HOMES | 1300 446 637} WWW.MASTERTON.COM.AU

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SOUTH-EAST (LEFT) ELEVATION



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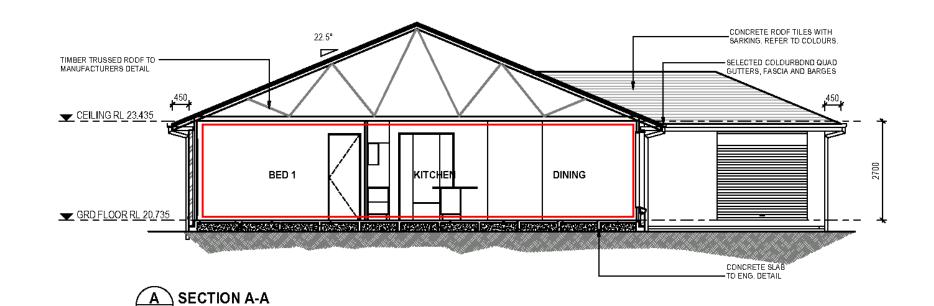
. SQUARE SET OPENINGS TO GROUND FLOOR 2340mm HIGH (UNLESS SPECIFIED ON FLOOR PLANS).

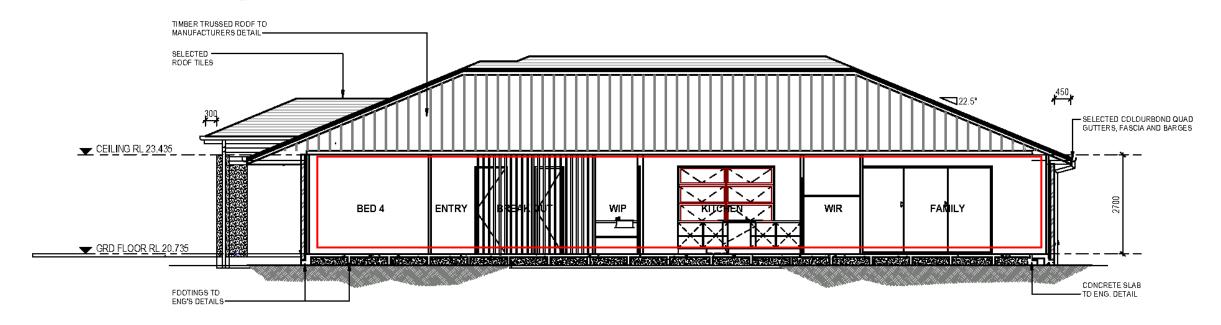
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  R. R.1 BRADFORD INSULATION BATTS TO CEILING OF LIVING AREAS (EXCLUDING GARAGE).

  R. REFER TO BASIX BOX FOR STANDARD INSULATION REQUIREMENTS.

  4. ENVIROSEAL WRAP INCLUDED.







MASTERTON

Attachments for the Camden Local Planning Panel Meeting held on 20 July 2022 - Page 75

MR JOHN DON NUNAG Check & verify dimensio & levels prior to the commencement of any 23 GLEESON RISE, ORAN PARK NSW 2570 DP: 1235007 6034 LACCEPTAND UNDERSTAND THE PLANS DATE
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**COUNCIL SUBMISSION** 

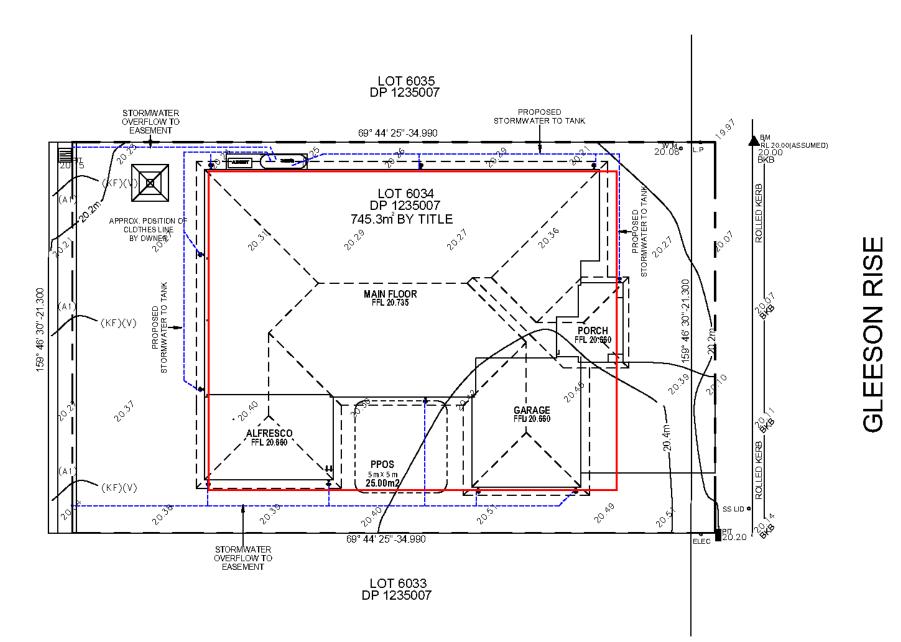
2016678

FLOOD LEVEL -

**BAL RATING** WIND CLASS SLAB CLASS -

**Attachment 6** 

CLPP01



1. CONCRETE SLAB PLAN IS TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH ARCHITECTURALS & ENGINEERS DETAILS.
2. CONCRETE SLAB PLAN TO BE CHECKED & SITE SUPPERVISOR BEFORE POURING CONCRETE.
3. ALL PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE SETOUTS BE CHECKED BY PLUMBER BEFORE POURING OF CONCRETE.
4. STACK POINTS (SP) - FINAL LOCATIONS MAY WARYON SITE TO BE COORDINATE BY SUPERVISOR AND PLUMBER.
5. SHOWER FLOOR WASTE - DIMENSIONED TO CENTRE OF SHOWERS.
5. SHOWER GRATED DRASTE - FINAL SETOUT TO BE COORDINATED BY PLUMBER.
6. SHOWER FLOOR WASTE - FINAL SETOUT TO BE COORDINATED BY PLUMBER.
7. GENERAL FLOOR WASTE - FINAL SETOUT TO BE COORDINATED BY PLUMBER.
8. BATH WASTE - FINAL SETOUT TO BE COORDINATED BY PLUMBER.
9. TANK OVERFLOW - 2x CAPPED OFF POIN CONNECTED TO RAINWATER TANK OVERFLOW LINE TO BE COORDINATED ON SITE BY SUPERVISOR AND PLUMBER.
10. ALL EXTERNAL PATIOS / ALFRESCOS, SURFACE FINISH TO BE SUITABLE FOR TILING BY OWNER AFTER HANDOVER.

KEYNOTE LEGEND

**SALINITY AFFECTED** 

**CONCRETE 32mPa** REFER TO TENDER AND ENGINEERS DRAWINGS FO DITIONAL CONCRETE SPECIFICATION REQUIREMEN

N. FLOOD LEVEL -N. **BAL RATING -**WIND CLASS -SLAB CLASS -

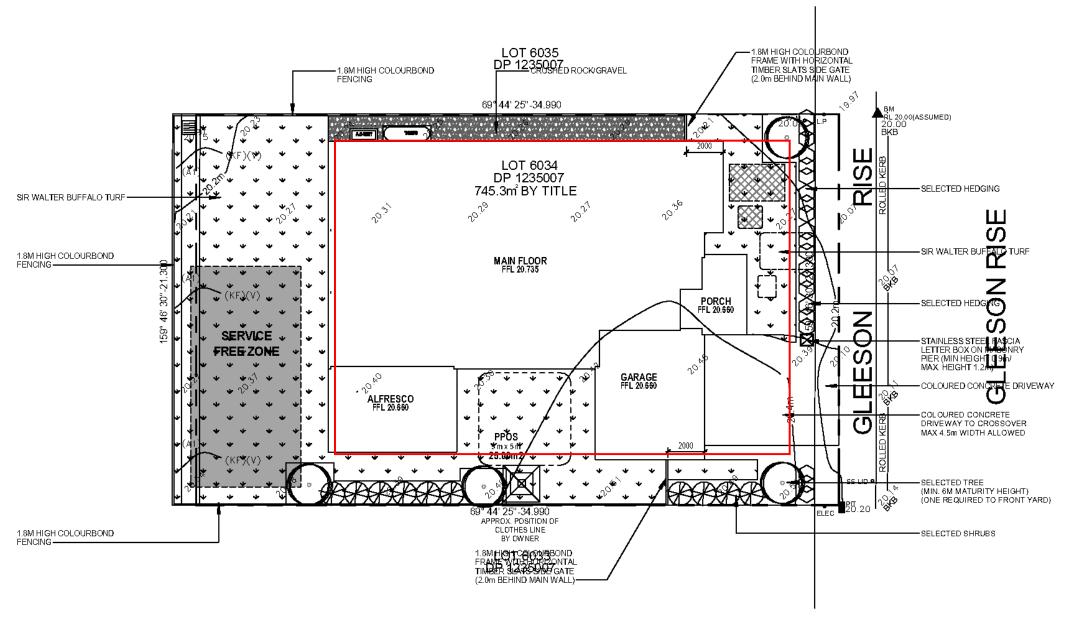
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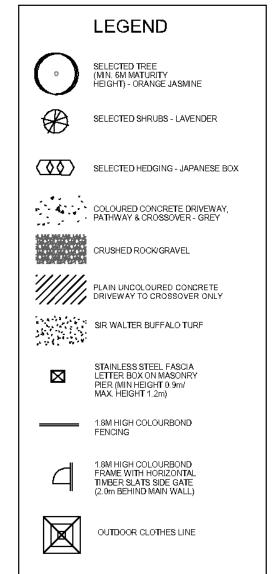
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#### IMPORTANT NOTE: OWNER TO COMPLETE ALL LANDSCAPING WORKS TO COMPLY WITH DEVELOPER REQUIREMENTS.

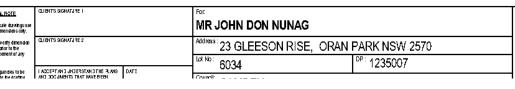














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COUNCIL SUBMISSION

2016678

Attachment 6

# **SCHEDULE OF EXTERNAL FINISHES**

Proposal:	Single Storey Residential Dwelling	1
Address:	Lot 6034 (No. 23) Gleeson Rise, (	Dran Park
Masterton Homes Job number:	2016678	
	Dated:	19/05/2022
Client:	Mr Nunag	
Main Wall Finish	Austral - Chiffon Charcoal Ironed	
Render Colour	Marble Mist	
Alaskii as		
Cladding Colour	Stained Johnstone's	
Colour	in Porterhouse	
Tile Roof	Atura	
Colour	Babylon	
Window Frames Colour	Black	
Gutters Colour	Wallaby	
Fascia Colour	Wallaby	
Downpipes Colour - see colours	Wallaby/Marble Mist	
Equa		
Eaves Colour	Winter Ice	
Garage Door Colour	Classic Cedar	
0.1		

Colours may vary on screen



### CLPP02

SUBJECT: DA/2022/331/1 - CONSTRUCTION OF A SINGLE STOREY DWELLING

HOUSE AND ASSOCIATED SITE WORKS - 73 O'KEEFE DRIVE, ORAN

**PARK** 

**FROM:** Manager Statutory Planning

**EDMS** #: 22/293702

DA Number:	2022/331/1
Development:	Construction of a single storey dwelling house and associated site works
Estimated Cost of Development:	\$300,000
Site Address(es):	73 O'Keefe Drive, Oran Park
Applicant:	Caleb Driver
Owner(s):	Caleb Driver
Number of Submissions:	Nil
Development Standard Contravention(s):	Clause 4.3 – Height of Buildings
Classification:	Local Development
Recommendation:	Approve with conditions.
Panel Referral Criteria:	Departure from Development Standards greater than 10%
Report Prepared By:	Emily Langford (Development Assessment Planner)

#### **PURPOSE OF REPORT**

The purpose of this report is to seek the Camden Local Planning Panel's (the Panel's) determination of a development application (DA) for a single storey dwelling house with associated site works at 73 O'Keefe Drive, Oran Park.

The Panel is to exercise Council's consent authority functions for this DA as, pursuant to the Minister for Planning's Section 9.1 Direction, it is a development that contravenes a development standard by more than 10%.

### SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDATION

That the Panel determine DA/2022/331/1 for a single storey dwelling house with associated site works, pursuant to Section 4.16 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 by granting consent subject to the conditions attached to this report.

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Council is in receipt of a DA for a single storey dwelling house with associated site works at 73 O'Keefe Drive, Oran Park.



The DA has been assessed against the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021, relevant environmental planning instruments, development control plans and policies.

The DA was publicly exhibited for a period of 14 days in accordance with Camden Community Participation Plan 2021. The exhibition period was from 11 April to 26 April 2022 and no submissions were received.

The proposed dwelling house has a maximum building height of 6.28m and thereby contravenes the maximum height of buildings development standard (5m) that applies to the site under Clause 4.3, Appendix 5 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Western Parkland City) 2021.

A building height control of 9m for two-storey dwellings generally applies to residential development in this area. The 5m height control applies to this land given its proximity to the curtilage of the state heritage listed Oran Park House, with the lower building height creating a transition area of single storey dwelling houses in this location. The building height contravention is restricted to a portion of the pitched roof. The dwelling house is single storey with a design that is compatible with its heritage context (including an appropriately pitched roof).

Council has considered a draft Planning Proposal (PP/2021/1) submitted by the estate developer that seeks to amend Appendix 5 of the SEPP to address the anomalies associated with the 5m height standard. The Planning Proposal seeks to increase the allowable building heights by inserting a new additional local provision into Appendix 5 of the SEPP that will enable a merit-based assessment to be undertaken to allow building heights above 5m providing:

- the dwelling is single storey;
- the dwelling is a detached dwelling;
- the dwelling does not exceed 7m; and
- the dwelling is consistent with roof pitches, setbacks and building envelopes stated in Schedule 4 of the Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP.

The proposed dwelling house at 73 O'Keefe Drive generally complies with the proposed building envelope control. The Planning Proposal was recommended by the Panel (at its meeting on 21 September 2021) and endorsed by Council at its meeting on 12 October 2021. The Planning Proposal has received Gateway Determination from the Department of Planning and Environment (DPE) and was placed on public exhibition (from Wednesday 9 February until Wednesday 9 March 2022). At its meeting on 14 June 2022 Council resolved to endorse the Planning Proposal and forward it to the DPE for the plan to be made.

The applicant has submitted a Clause 4.6 written request to support and provide justification for the contravention of the development standard. The proposed contravention, and the applicant's Clause 4.6 written request, have been assessed in this report and are supported by Council staff.

Based on the assessment, it is recommended that the DA be approved subject to the conditions **attached** to this report.



### **KEY PLANNING CONTROL VARIATIONS**

Control	Proposed	Variation
SEPP (Precincts – Western Parkland City) 2021 – Clause 4.3 – Building Height – 5m	6.28m	1.28m / 25.6%

# **AERIAL PHOTO**



Figure 1: Aerial photo of subject lot 6060.





Figure 2. Aerial photo of subject lot in relation to State Heritage Item Oran Park House.

#### **THE SITE**

The site is legally described as Lot 6060 in DP1235007 and commonly referred to as 73 O'Keefe Drive, Oran Park.

The site has an area of 569.2m<sup>2</sup> and is generally level with a small rise of approximately 600mm from the street frontage to western boundary. The lot is burdened by various easements and restrictions and the proposed development does not conflict with these easements and restrictions.

The site is located within the vicinity of an item of state heritage significance, SHR:1695 Oran Park House (also known as Catherine Park House), refer to Figure 2 above.



#### **ZONING PLAN**



Figure 3: Subject site - R2 Low Density Residential zoning

#### **AREA MASTER PLAN**



Figure 4. Red 'X' denoting location of lot 6060 (the lot) in relation to Catherine Fields (Part) Precinct, Indicative Layout Plan. Ref: Catherine Fields (Part) Development Control Plan, Figure 2-1, Page 4.



### **HISTORY**

The relevant development history of the site is summarised in the following table:

Date	Development
23 March 2018	DA/2017/491/1 – Consent was granted to a subdivision to create 141 residential lots, 2 superlots, a lot containing Oran Park House and its improvements, 1 residue lot, 1 public reserve lot, construction of public roads, provision of services, earthworks, site works and retaining walls to be delivered in four stages. This resulted in creation of the subject lot.
	DA/2021/77/1 – A DA was submitted to Council that sought concept approval to establish site-specific building height development standards on 66 residential lots (8m as opposed to 5m) and stage 1 consent for the construction of 3 dwelling houses.
20 January 2024	The DA was withdrawn at the request of Council officers as it was determined that the height change should be addressed as part of a Planning Proposal.
29 January 2021	Prior to the DA being withdrawn, Heritage NSW issued general terms of approval (GTAs) for the Concept DA. The GTAs required any dwellings proposed on the subject lots to comply with a building envelope, including: <ul> <li>a 3m height limit at the front building line, and up to a maximum 4m for 30% of the building frontage; and</li> <li>the height of the building envelope increasing by 27.5 degrees from the building line to a maximum height of 7m.</li> </ul>
26 February 2021	Planning Proposal (PP/2021/1/1) was submitted to Council. The Planning Proposal seeks to create additional local provisions to increase building heights for residential development surrounding Oran Park House by introducing a building envelope as a means of varying the 5m building height control (based upon the building envelope recommended by Heritage NSW in the GTAs issued for DA/2021/77/1).
12 October 2021	Planning Proposal (PP/2021/1/1) received Gateway Determination from Department of Planning and Environment (DPE).
19 October 2021	DA/2021/1621/1 — A DA was lodged to Council that sought approval for the construction of a single storey dwelling and associated site works. The application was withdrawn on 11 November 2021 due to insufficient information being provided with the DA.
9 February 2022	The Planning Proposal (PP/2021/1/1) was placed on public exhibition from Wednesday 9 February until Wednesday 9 March 2022.
14 June 2022	Council resolved to endorse Planning Proposal (PP/2021/1/1)



and forward it to the DPE for the plan to be made.

#### **THE PROPOSAL**

DA/2022/331/1 seeks approval for a single storey dwelling house with associated site works.

The proposed dwelling house consists of four bedrooms, home office, children's activities room, home theatre, combined family/dining area, kitchen, laundry, bathroom and a double garage.

The estimated cost of the development is \$300,000.

#### **BACKGROUND**

The 5m height of buildings development standard was imposed on this land as the site is in close proximity to the curtilage of a state heritage listed Oran Park House. The lower building height development standard aims to maintain a single storey transition area around the state heritage item.



Figure 5. Extract indicating the subject site, the heritage curtilage and the 5m building height development standard – subject lot marked as a red x.



This height of buildings development standard hinders the ability for a proposed dwelling house to comply with the existing site-specific controls in Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP and Schedule 4 Catherine Field (Part) Precinct.

Dwelling houses with hipped and gabled roof forms (with a roof pitch greater than 12.5 degrees) will inherently exceed the 5m building height development standard given the relative size and width of the properties, coupled with the larger building footprint required single storey dwellings. This is illustrated in Figures 6 and 7 below. Council's development controls for dwelling houses in this area require a minimum roof pitch of 22.5 degrees.

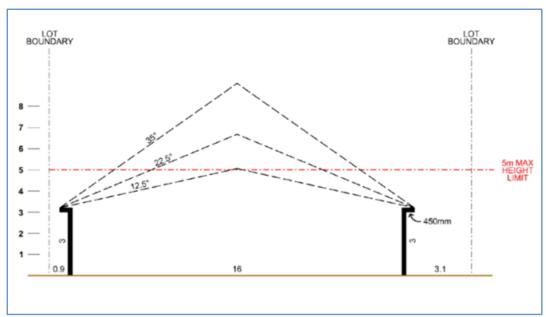


Figure 6. Indicating roof pitch, lot width and building height.

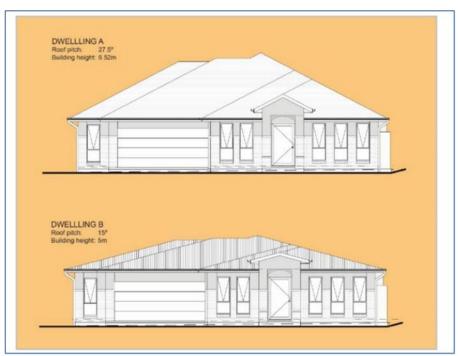


Figure 7. Comparison between roof pitch with compliant building height.



Council has considered a draft Planning Proposal (PP/2021/1) submitted by the estate developer which seeks to amend Appendix 5 of the Growth SEPP to address the anomalies associated with the 5m height control. The Planning Proposal seeks to increase the allowable building heights by inserting a new additional local provision that will allow building heights above 5m providing:

- the dwelling is single storey;
- the dwelling is a detached dwelling;
- the dwelling does not exceed 7m; and
- the dwelling is consistent with roof pitches, setbacks and building envelopes stated in Schedule 4 of the Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP.

The proposed dwelling house at 73 O'Keefe Drive generally complies with the proposed building envelope control. The Planning Proposal was recommended by the Panel (at its meeting on 21 September 2021) and endorsed by Council at its meeting on 12 October 2021. The Planning Proposal has received Gateway Determination from the DPE, and the public exhibition period has closed (exhibited from Wednesday 9 February until Wednesday 9 March 2022). At its meeting on 14 June 2022 Council resolved to endorse the Planning Proposal and forward it to the DPE for the plan to be made.

#### **ASSESSMENT**

#### Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 - Section 4.15(1)

In determining a DA, the consent authority is to take into consideration such of the following matters as are of relevance to the development the subject of the DA:

#### (a)(i) the provisions of any environmental planning instrument

The environmental planning instruments that apply to the development are:

- State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index BASIX) 2004;
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021;
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021; and
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts Western Parklands City) 2021.

#### State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004

A BASIX Certificate was submitted with the DA. The proposal has been assessed against the provided BASIX Certificate. The proposal will be able to meet the commitments and targets identified. A condition of consent is recommended to ensure compliance is achieved.



# State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021 - Chapter 9 - Hawkesbury-Nepean River

The SEPP seeks to ensure protection is maintained for the environment of the Hawkesbury-Nepean river system and that impacts of future land uses are considered in a regional context. The proposed development will not result in detrimental impacts upon the Hawkesbury-Nepean River system. The proposed development will further adopt appropriate sediment and erosion control measures and water pollution control devices that will avoid impacts being caused to watercourses and in turn, the Hawkesbury-Nepean River system.

#### SEPP (Resilience and Hazards) 2021 - Chapter 4 - Remediation of Land

This SEPP provides a State-wide planning approach to the remediation of contaminated land. Clause 4.6 Chapter 4 of this SEPP requires the consent authority to consider if the site if contaminated. If the site is contaminated, the consent authority must be satisfied that it is suitable in its contaminated state for the development. If the site requires remediation, the consent authority must be satisfied that it will be remediated before the land is used for the development.

Contamination and remediation were appropriately dealt with under the parent subdivision development application DA/2017/491/1. The subject land has been validated and is suitable for the proposed residential development.

# <u>SEPP (Precincts – Western City Parkland) 2021 - Chapter 3 – Sydney Region Growth Centres</u>

The SEPP aims to co-ordinate the release of land for residential, employment and other urban development in the South West Growth Centre.

Site Zoning and Permissibility.

The site is zoned R2 Low Density Residential pursuant to Appendix 5, clause 2.2 of the SEPP. The development is characterised as a 'Dwelling House' by the SEPP, meaning a building containing only one dwelling.

The development is permitted with consent in the R2 Low Density Residential Zone pursuant to the land use table in Appendix 5 of the SEPP.

#### Planning Controls

An assessment table in which the development is considered against the Growth Centre SEPP's planning controls is provided in the **attached** documents.

#### Clause 4.6 – Exceptions to Development Standards

The proposed development will contravene the height of buildings development standard which applies under clause 4.3 of Appendix 5 of the Growth Centre SEPP. The height of buildings development standard limits buildings to a maximum height of 5m from existing ground level. The proposed development is 6.28m in height, breaching the development standard by 1.28m and 25.6%.



Pursuant to clause 4.6(3) of Appendix 5 – Precincts – Western City Parkland SEPP, the applicant has provided a written request justifying contravention of the development standard for the following reasons:

- Compliance with the 5m height standard would detract from the design of the single storey dwelling and the overall streetscape;
- The development contravention will not impact on views and vistas from Oran Park House;
- The development contravention allows for a single storey dwelling with the appropriate roof form and pitch. The development contravention does not impact the intended type, or character of the desired development rather, aligns with the intended development of single storey dwellings;
- The development contravention facilitates orderly and proper delivery of development as intended by the DCP;
- The request also demonstrates that relevant tests established in the Land and Environment Court (as set out in the Department's 2011 guideline for varying development standards) can be met:
  - The objectives of the standard and the R2 Low Density Residential zone are achieved notwithstanding noncompliance with the standard. A single storey detached dwelling which meets combined design requirements of setbacks, floor space ratio, and hipped roof forms ensures there are no significant adverse impacts. The objectives and intent of built form surrounding Oran Park House will be preserved.
  - If compliance was required, the underlying objectives would be thwarted as the 5m height limit would not allow for a dwelling design as intended in the heritage curtilage, consistent with the DCP controls and heritage guidelines.
  - Compliance with the 5m maximum building height would be unreasonable and detrimental to the current environmental character of the site and surrounds. The dwelling is consistent with the intended outcome for residential land surrounding Oran Park House with simple hipped and/or gabled roof forms of at least 22.5 degrees.

A copy of the applicant's Clause 4.6 written request is provided as an **attachment** to this report.

The justification contained within the Clause 4.6 written request demonstrates that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable and unnecessary in the circumstances of the case and that there are sufficient planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard, in accordance with clause 4.6(3).

Council staff are also satisfied that the proposed development will be in the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the standard and the objectives for development within the R2 Low Density Residential Zone, in accordance with clause 4.6(4).

The proposed development with a 6.28m building height to its pitched roof ridge is otherwise consistent with the objectives of the development standard. The dwelling is single storey. Most of the dwelling is within the maximum height and its design is compatible to its heritage setting, including its roof pitch. The design of the dwelling will minimise visual impacts and protect adjoining development.



1. Indicative Layout Plan.

The intended outcome established within the Indicative Layout Plan (Figure 2-1) for this part of the Catherine Fields (Part) Precinct DCP is for low density residential development. The proposal is for a single storey dwelling, consistent with this outcome.

- 2. Clause 4.3 'Height of Buildings' Objectives.
  - Alignment with the objectives of clause 4.3 are maintained. The development contravention will not result in development greater than single storey and it will be consistent with objectives to minimise visual impact and protect the amenity of adjoining development and land in terms of solar access to buildings and open space.
- 3. R2 Low Density Residential Zone Objectives.

The development contravention will not depart from the objectives of the R2 Zone and not be inconsistent with intended outcomes for the zone, as it will:

- provide for the housing needs of the community within a low-density residential environment; and
- provide a diverse range of housing types to meet community housing needs within a low-density residential environment.
- 4. Site-specific objectives and controls.

Strict compliance with the 5-metre building height standard does not provide flexibility in achieving site-specific controls and providing for a dwelling design outcome, including roof form and pitch, that appropriately responds to the unique characteristics of the precinct, and the historically significant Oran Park House.

5. Alignment with DCP controls.

The building height standard contravention does not result in additional non-compliances with any development controls in the Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP and Schedule 4 Catherine Fields (Part) Precinct. The single storey development is considered to fulfill the relevant controls and their objectives.

It is noted that the Panel may assume the concurrence of the Secretary pursuant to Planning Circular PS 20-002.

Consequently, it is recommended that the Panel support this proposed contravention to clause 4.3 of Appendix 5 of the Precincts – Western City Parkland SEPP.

(a)(ii) the provisions of any proposed instrument that is or has been the subject of public consultation under this Act and that has been notified to the consent authority (unless the Secretary has notified the consent authority that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved)

Draft Environment State Environmental Planning Policy (Draft Environment SEPP)

The development is consistent with the Draft Environment SEPP in that there will be no detrimental impacts upon the Hawkesbury-Nepean River system as a result of it (noting that provisions related to the Hawkesbury-Nepean River are now incorporated within the consolidated SEPP (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021).



# <u>Draft Remediation of Land State Environmental Planning Policy (Draft Remediation SEPP)</u>

The development is consistent with the Draft Remediation SEPP in that the land has been validated and is suitable for the proposed residential use (noting that provisions related to remediation of land are now incorporated within the consolidated SEPP (Resilience and Hazards) 2021).

# <u>Draft Planning Proposal State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Western Parkland City)</u> 2021

The development is generally consistent with the Draft Planning Proposal that seeks to increase the allowable building heights by inserting a new additional local provision into Appendix 5 of the SEPP that will enable a merit-based assessment to allow building heights above 5m, providing:

- the dwelling is single storey;
- the dwelling is a detached dwelling;
- the dwelling does not exceed 7m; and
- the dwelling is consistent with roof pitches, setbacks and building envelopes (as recommended by Hertiage NSW) contained in Schedule 4 of the Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP.

The proposed dwelling house generally complies with the above requirements however the front façade is not fully contained within the building height envelope (as recommended by Heritage NSW). The building height envelope requires entry features, porticos and other similar building elements to not exceed 4m in height and that such features must not exceed 30% of the building width / front façade. In this instance 42% of the building width / front façade is to consist of decorative design elements, being the gabled roof elements on the front elevation and the proposed gables are greater than 4 metres in height (refer image 8 and 9 below).

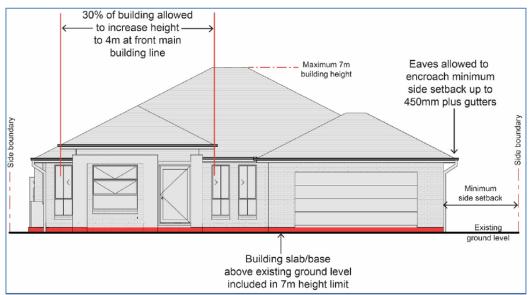


Image 8 – Building height envelopment control (front façade)



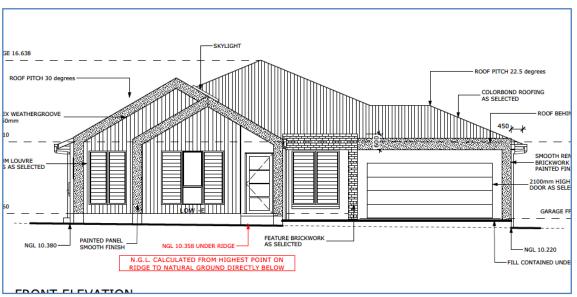


Image 9 - Front elevation of proposed dwelling house

The proposed variation is considered reasonable for the following reasons:

- The proposed dwelling house is not located within the heritage curtilage of Oran Park House. The standard building envelope was recommended by Heritage NSW for lots within the heritage curtilage.
- The proposed dwelling house is single storey, less than 7m in height and fully complies with all other controls as contained in the Camden Growth Centre DCP.
- On balance, the front façade of the proposed dwelling house is well articulated / modulated and consists of a variety of materials reducing any apparent visual bulk.
- Dwellings on lots outside the heritage curtilage can be approved under the relevant complying development / housing code provisions of SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development) 2008. Complying Development Certificates have been issued for the erection of single storey dwellings at 89, 77, 71, 69, 67, 63, 61, 57 Banfield Drive; 27 and 25 McEvoy Street; and 8, 4, 3 and 1 Gleeson Rise. While single storey, these dwellings had building heights greater than 5m and did not fully comply with the Standard Building Height Envelope (as recommended by Heritage NSW).

### (a)(iii) the provisions of any development control plan

An assessment table in which the development is considered against the Camden Growth Centre DCP is provided as an **attachment** to this report.

(a)(iiia) the provisions of any planning agreement that has been entered into under section 7.4, or any draft planning agreement that a developer has offered to enter into under section 7.4

No relevant planning agreement or draft planning agreement exists or has been proposed as part of this DA.

(a)(iv) the regulations (to the extent that they prescribe matters for the purposes of this paragraph)



The *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021* prescribes several matters that are addressed in the conditions attached to this report.

### (b) the likely impacts of the development, including environmental impacts on both the natural and built environments, and social and economic impacts in the locality

As demonstrated by the assessment, the development is unlikely to have any unreasonable adverse impacts on either the natural or built environments, or the social and economic conditions in the locality.

#### (c) the suitability of the site for the development

As demonstrated by the above assessment, the site is considered to be suitable for the development.

#### (d) any submissions made in accordance with this Act or the regulations

The DA was publicly exhibited for a period of 14 days in accordance with Camden Community Participation Plan 2021. The exhibition period was from 11 April to 26 April 2022 and no submissions were received.

#### (e) the public interest

The public interest is served through the detailed assessment of this DA under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021*, environmental planning instruments, development control plans and policies. Based on the above assessment, the development is consistent with the public interest.

#### **EXTERNAL REFERRALS**

No external referrals were required for this DA.

#### FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

This matter has no direct financial implications for Council.

#### CONCLUSION

The DA has been assessed in accordance with Section 4.15(1) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* and all relevant instruments, plans and policies. The DA is recommended for approval subject to the conditions attached to this report.

#### RECOMMENDED

#### That the Panel:

 Support the applicant's written request lodged pursuant to Clause 4.6(3) of Appendix 5, State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Western Parklands City) 2021 to contravene the maximum height of buildings development standard in Clause 4.3 of Appendix 5, State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Western Parklands City) 2021; and



ii. Approve DA/2022/331/1 for the construction of a single storey dwelling house at 73 O'Keefe Drive, Oran Park, subject to the conditions attached to this report.

#### **REASONS FOR DETERMINATION**

- 1. The Panel has considered the written request to contravene Appendix 5, State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts Western Parkland City) 2021 in relation to the maximum height of buildings standard. The Panel considers that compliance with the standard is unreasonable and unnecessary in the circumstances, and that despite the contravention of the development standard, the development satisfies the objectives of the zone and standard, will be in the public interest and is acceptable in the circumstances of the case.
- 2. The development is consistent with the objectives of the applicable environmental planning instrument being Appendix 5, State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts Western Parkland City) 2021.
- 3. The development is consistent with the objectives of Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP.
- 4. The development is unlikely to have any unreasonable adverse impacts on the natural or built environment.
- 5. In consideration of the reasons, the development is a suitable and planned use of the site, and its approval is in the public interest.

#### **ATTACHMENTS**

- 1. Recommended Conditions
- 2. SEPP Assessment Table
- 3. DCP Assessment Table
- 4. Clause 4.6 Written Request
- 5. Architectural Plans

#### **RECOMMENDED CONDITIONS**

#### 1.0 - General Conditions of Consent

The following conditions of consent are general conditions applying to the development.

(1) Approved Plans and Documents - Development shall be carried out in accordance with the following plans and documents, and all recommendations made therein, except where amended by the conditions of this development consent:

Plan	Name of Plan	Prepared by	Date
Reference/			
Drawing No.			
Drawing No:	Floor Plan	Macarthur	03/08/2021
6488-1		Architectural	
Sheet: 2/12		Drafting	
Rev: M		Services	
Drawing No:	Elevation Plan	Macarthur	03/08/2021
6488-1		Architectural	
Sheet: 3/12		Drafting	
Rev: M		Services	
Drawing No:	Elevation Plan	Macarthur	03/08/2021
6488-1		Architectural	
Sheet: 4/12		Drafting	
Rev: M		Services	
Drawing No:	Section Plan	Macarthur	03/08/2021
6488-1		Architectural	
Sheet: 5/12		Drafting	
Rev: M		Services	
Drawing No:	External Colour	Macarthur	03/08/2021
6488-1	Plan	Architectural	
Sheet: 6/12		Drafting	
Rev: M		Services	
Drawing No:	Site Plan &	Macarthur	03/08/2021
6488-1	Concept	Architectural	
Sheet: 7/12	Stormwater	Drafting	
Rev: M	Drainage Plan	Services	
Drawing No:	Landscape Plan	Macarthur	03/08/2021
6488-1		Architectural	
Sheet: 11/12		Drafting	
Rev: M		Services	

Document Title	Prepared by	Date
BASIX Certificate No: 1241362S_02	Macarthur Architectural Drafting Services	25/03/2022
Waste Management Plan	Macarthur Architectural Drafting Services	16/09/2021

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- (2) Colour Schedule and Finish for Dwelling An amended colour schedule is to be submitted to and approved by Council / the accredited certifier prior to issue of a Construction Certificate indicating neutral, low reflective and natural tones (e.g. grey, green, brown) for the roof and driveway. The materials and colours shall be of low-medium absorbance (<0.6.5) in accordance with NSW BASIX requirements.
- (3) BASIX Certificate The applicant shall undertake the development strictly in accordance with the commitments listed in the approved BASIX certificate(s) for the development to which this consent applies.
- (4) National Construction Code Building Code of Australia (BCA) All building work shall be carried out in accordance with the BCA. In this condition, a reference to the BCA is a reference to that Code as in force on the date the application for the relevant Construction Certificate is made.
- (5) **Home Building Act** Pursuant to Section 4.17(11) of the *EP&A Act 1979*, residential building work within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989* shall not be carried out unless the principal certifier for the development to which the work relates:
  - a) in the case of work for which a principal contractor has been appointed:
    - has been informed in writing of the name and licence number of the principal contractor; and
    - ii) where required has provided an insurance certificate with the name of the insurer by which the work is insured under Part 6 of that Act.
  - in the case of work to be carried out by an owner-builder;
    - i) has been informed in writing of the name of the owner-builder; and
    - ii) if the owner-builder is required to hold an owner-builder permit under that Act; has provided a copy of the owner builder permit.
- (6) Home Building Act Insurance Building work that involves residential building work within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, shall not commence until such time as a contract of insurance is in force in accordance with Part 6 of that Act.

This clause does not apply:

a) to the extent to which an exemption is in force under Clause 187 or 188 of the EP&A Regulation 2000, subject to the terms of any condition or requirement referred to in Clause 187(6) or 188(4) of the EP&A Regulation 2000; or

to the erection of a temporary building, other than a temporary structure to which subclause (1A) of Clause 98 of the EP&A Regulation 2000 applies.

- (7) Shoring and Adequacy of Adjoining Property Works If the approved development involves an excavation that extends below the level of the base of the footings of a building, structure or work on adjoining land, the person having the benefit of the consent shall, at the person's own expense:
  - a) protect and support the adjoining building, structure or work from possible damage from the excavation; and
  - b) where necessary, underpin the building, structure or work to prevent any such damage.

This condition does not apply if the person having the benefit of the consent owns the adjoining land or the owner of the adjoining land has given consent in writing to that condition not applying

A copy of the written consent must be provided to the principal certifier prior to the excavation commencing.

(8) Infrastructure in Road and Footpath Areas – Infrastructure must not be removed and/or reconstructed without prior written approval from Council. Any costs incurred due to the relocation, restoration or reconstruction of pram ramps, footpath, light poles, kerb inlet pits, service provider pits, street trees or other infrastructure in the street footpath area for the proposed development shall be borne by the applicant, and not Council.

**Note.** The issue of this development consent does not imply concurrence or approval of any required public infrastructure work associated with the development.

#### 2.0 - Prior to Issue of a Construction Certificate

The following conditions of consent shall be complied with prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

- (1) Structural Engineer's Details The piers/slabs/footings/structural elements shall be designed and certified by a suitably qualified structural engineer and shall take into consideration the recommendations of any geotechnical report applicable to the site. A statement to that effect shall be provided to the accredited certifier.
- (2) **Driveway Gradients and Design** The design of all driveways shall comply with AS 2890.1-2004 'Off street car parking' and:
  - a) the driveway shall comply with Council's Access Driveway Specifications; <a href="https://www.camden.nsw.gov.au/assets/pdfs/Development/Preparing-a-DA/Development-Guidelines-and-policies/Access-Driveways-Specifications-and-Drawings.pdf">https://www.camden.nsw.gov.au/assets/pdfs/Development/Preparing-a-DA/Development-Guidelines-and-policies/Access-Driveways-Specifications-and-Drawings.pdf</a>
  - b) the driveway shall be at least 1m from any street tree, stormwater pit or service infrastructure:
  - c) the level for the driveway across the footpath area shall achieve a gradient of 4%; and
  - d) a Driveway Crossing Approval (PRA) must be obtained prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

Details demonstrating compliance shall be provided to the accredited certifier prior to issue of a Construction Certificate.

- (3) **Soil, Erosion, Sediment and Water Management** An erosion and sediment control plan shall be prepared in accordance with 'Managing Urban Stormwater Soils and Construction ('the blue book'). Details demonstrating compliance shall be provided to the certifier with the Construction Certificate application.
- (4) Works in Road Reserves Where any works are proposed in a public road reservation, a Road Opening Permit shall be obtained from Council in accordance with Section 138 of the Roads Act 1993.

- (5) Salinity (Dwellings and Outbuildings) The approved development shall comply with the requirements of the salinity management plan Report on Salinity Investigation and Management Plan: Proposed Residential Subdivision Catherine Park, prepared by Douglas Partners, Project 76559.00 Dated November 2015.
  - Details demonstrating compliance shall be provided to the accredited certifier with the Construction Certificate application.
- (6) Long Service Levy In accordance with Section 34 of the *Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986*, the applicant shall pay a long service levy at the prescribed rate to either the Long Service Payments Corporation or Council for any building work that cost \$25,000 or more.

#### 3.0 - Prior to Commencement of Works

The following conditions of consent shall be complied with prior to any works commencing on the development site.

- (1) Public Liability Insurance The owner or contractor shall take out a Public Liability Insurance Policy with a minimum cover of \$20 million in relation to the occupation of, and works within, public property (i.e. kerbs, gutters, footpaths, walkways, reserves, etc) for the full duration of the proposed works. Evidence of this Policy shall be provided to Council and the certifier.
- (2) Notice of Principal Certifier Notice shall be given to Council at least two (2) days prior to subdivision and/or building works commencing in accordance with Clause 103 of the EP&A Regulation 2000. The notice shall include:
  - a) a description of the work to be carried out;
  - b) the address of the land on which the work is to be carried out;
  - the registered number and date of issue of the relevant development consent;
  - d) the name and address of the principal certifier, and of the person by whom the principal certifier was appointed;
  - e) the certifier's registration number, and a statement signed by the certifier consenting to being appointed as principal certifier; and
  - a telephone number on which the principal certifier may be contacted for business purposes.
- (3) Notice of Commencement of Work Notice shall be given to Council at least two (2) days prior to subdivision and/or building works commencing in accordance with Clause 104 of the EP&A Regulation 2000. The notice shall include:
  - a) the name and address of the person by whom the notice is being given;
  - b) a description of the work to be carried out;
  - the address of the land on which the work is to be carried out;
  - d) the registered number and date of issue of the relevant development consent and construction certificate;

- e) a statement signed by or on behalf of the principal certifier (only where no principal certifier is required) to the effect that all conditions of the consent that are required to be satisfied prior to the work commencing have been satisfied; and
- the date on which the work is intended to commence.
- (4) **Construction Certificate Required** In accordance with the requirements of the *EP&A Act 1979*, building or subdivision works approved by this consent shall not commence until the following has been satisfied:
  - a) a Construction Certificate has been issued by a certifier;
  - b) a principal certifier has been appointed by the person having benefit of the development consent;
  - c) if Council is not the principal certifier, Council is notified of the appointed principal certifier at least two (2) days before building work commences;
  - the person having benefit of the development consent notifies Council of the intention to commence building work at least two (2) days before building work commences; and
  - e) the principal certifier is notified in writing of the name and contractor licence number of the owner/builder intending to carry out the approved works.
- (5) **Sign of Principal Certifier and Contact Details** A sign shall be erected in a prominent position on the site stating the following:
  - a) that unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited;
  - the name of the principal contractor (or person in charge of the site) and a telephone number on which that person can be contacted at any time for business purposes and outside working hours; and
  - c) the name, address and telephone number of the principal certifier.

The sign shall be maintained while the work is being carried out and removed upon the completion of works.

- (6) Site is to be Secured The site shall be secured and fenced.
- (7) **Sydney Water Approval** The approved construction certificate plans must also be approved by Sydney Water to determine if sewer, water or stormwater mains or easements will be affected by any part of the development. Go to <a href="https://www.sydneywater.com/tapin">www.sydneywater.com/tapin</a> to apply.

A copy of the approval receipt from Sydney Water must be submitted to the principal certifier.

(8) **Soil Erosion and Sediment Control** - Soil erosion and sediment controls must be implemented prior to works commencing on the site in accordance with 'Managing Urban Stormwater – Soils and Construction ('the blue book') and any Sediment and Erosion plans approved with this development consent.

(9) **Protection of Existing Street Trees** - No existing nature strip, street tree, tree guard, protective bollard, garden bed surrounds or root barrier installation shall be disturbed, relocated, removed or damaged during earthworks, demolition, excavation (including any driveway installation), construction, maintenance and/or establishment works applicable to this consent, without Council agreement and/or consent.

The protection methods for existing nature strip, street tree, tree guard, protective bollard, garden bed surrounds or root barrier installation during all works approved by this development consent shall be installed in accordance with AS 4970-2009 Protection of Trees on Development Sites.

(10) **Protection of Trees to be Retained** - Protection of trees to be retained shall be in accordance with Council's Engineering Specifications. The area beneath the canopies of the tree(s) to be retained shall be fenced. Tree protection signage is required to be attached to each tree protection zone, and displayed in a prominent position.

#### 4.0 - During Works

The following conditions of consent shall be complied with during the construction phase of the development.

- (1) Work Hours All work (including delivery of materials) shall be:
  - restricted to between the hours of 7am to 5pm Monday to Saturday (inclusive), and
  - not carried out on Sundays or public holidays,

unless approved in writing by Council.

(2) **Excavations and Backfilling** - All excavations and backfilling associated with this development consent shall be executed safely, and be properly guarded and protected to prevent them from being dangerous to life or property, and in accordance with the design of a suitably qualified structural engineer.

If an excavation extends below the level of the base of the footings of a building on an adjoining allotment, the person causing the excavation shall:

- a) preserve and protect the building from damage;
- b) if necessary, underpin and support the building in an approved manner; and
- c) give at least seven (7) days notice to the adjoining owner before excavating, of the intention to excavate.

The principal contractor, owner builder or any person who needs to excavate and undertake building work, shall contact "Dial Before You Dig" prior to works commencing, and allow a reasonable period of time for the utilities to provide locations of their underground assets.

This condition does not apply if the person having the benefit of the development consent owns the adjoining land or the owner of the adjoining land has given consent in writing to that condition not applying.

(3) Stormwater – Collection and Discharge Requirements - The roof of the subject building(s) shall be provided with guttering and down pipes and all drainage lines, including stormwater drainage lines from other areas and overflows from rainwater tanks, conveyed to the kerb outlet.

Connection to the kerb shall only occur at the designated connection point for the allotment. New connections that require the rectification of an easement pipe or kerb shall only occur with the prior approval of Camden Council.

All roofwater shall be connected to the approved roofwater disposal system immediately after the roofing material has been fixed to the framing members. The principal certifier shall not permit construction works beyond the frame inspection stage until this work has been carried out.

- (4) **Site Management** The following practices are to be implemented during construction:
  - stockpiles of topsoil, sand, aggregate, spoil or other material shall be kept clear of any drainage path, easement, natural watercourse, kerb or road surface and shall have measures in place to prevent the movement of such material off site;
  - b) builder's operations such as brick cutting, washing tools, concreting and bricklaying shall be confined to the building allotment. All pollutants from these activities shall be contained on site and disposed of in an appropriate manner;
  - waste shall not be burnt or buried on site or any other properties, nor shall windblown rubbish be allowed to leave the site. All waste shall be disposed of at a licenced waste disposal facility;
  - d) a waste storage area shall be located on the site;
  - e) all building materials, plant, equipment and waste control containers shall be placed on the building site. Building materials, plant and equipment (including water closets), shall not to be placed on public property (footpaths, roadways, public reserves, etc);
  - f) toilet facilities shall be provided at, or in the vicinity of, the work site at the rate of 1 toilet for every 20 persons or part thereof employed at the site. Each toilet shall:
    - i) be a standard flushing toilet connected to a public sewer; or
    - ii) have an on-site effluent disposal system approved under the *Local Government Act 1993*; or
    - iii) be a temporary chemical closet approved under the *Local Government Act 1993*.
- (5) Works by Owner Where a portion of the building works do not form part of a building contract with the principal contractor (builder) and are required to be completed by the owner, such works shall be scheduled by the owner so that all works coincide with the completion of the main building being erected by the principal contractor.
- (6) Finished Floor Level A survey report prepared by a registered land surveyor confirming that the finished floor level complies with the approved plans or floor levels specified by the development consent, shall be provided to principal certifier prior to the development proceeding beyond floor level stage.

- (7) **Survey Report** The building shall be set out by a registered land surveyor. A peg out survey detailing the siting of the building in accordance with the approved plans shall be provided to the principal certifier prior to the pouring of concrete.
- (8) **Easements** No changes to site levels, or any form of construction shall occur within any easements that may be located on the allotment.
- (9) Vehicles Leaving the Site The construction supervisor must ensure that:
  - all vehicles transporting material from the site cover such material so as to minimise sediment transfer;
  - the wheels of vehicles leaving the site:
    - do not track soil and other waste material onto any public road adjoining the site; and
    - fully traverse the site's stabilised access point.
- (10) Removal of Waste Materials Where there is a need to remove any identified materials from the site that contain fill/rubbish/asbestos, the waste material shall be assessed and classified in accordance with the NSW EPA Waste Classification Guidelines 2014 (refer to: <a href="www.epa.nsw.gov.au/wasteregulation/classify-guidelines.htm">www.epa.nsw.gov.au/wasteregulation/classify-guidelines.htm</a>)

Once assessed, the materials shall be disposed of to a licensed waste facility suitable for that particular classification of waste. Copies of tipping dockets shall be retained and supplied to Council upon request.

- (11) Soil, Erosion, Sediment and Water Management Implementation All requirements of the erosion and sediment control plan and/or soil and water management plan shall be maintained at all times during the works and any measures required by the plan shall not be removed until the site has been stabilised.
- (12) **Disposal of Stormwater** Water seeping into any site excavations is not to be pumped into the stormwater system unless it complies with relevant EPA and ANZECC standards for water quality discharge.
- (13) **Offensive Noise, Dust, Odour and Vibration** All work shall not give rise to offensive noise, dust, odour or vibration as defined in the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* when measured at the property boundary.
- (14) **Fill Material (Dwellings)** Prior to the importation and/or placement of any fill material on the subject site, a validation report and sampling location plan for such material must be provided to and approved by the principal certifier.

The validation report and associated sampling location plan must:

- a) be prepared by a person with experience in the geotechnical aspects of earthworks; and
- b) be prepared in accordance with;

For Virgin Excavated Natural Material (VENM):

Page 8

- the Department of Land and Water Conservation publication "Site Investigation for Urban Salinity;" and
- ii) the Department of Environment and Conservation Contaminated Sites Guidelines "Guidelines for the NSW Site Auditor Scheme (Second Edition) - Soil Investigation Levels for Urban Development Sites in NSW."

For Excavated Natural Material (ENM):

- compliance with the Excavated Natural Material Order 2014 and the Resource Recovery Orders and Exemptions issued under Part 9 of the Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 2014
- c) confirm that the fill material has had salinity characteristics identified in the report, specifically the aggressiveness of salts to concrete and steel (refer Department of Land and Water Conservation publication "Site investigation for Urban Salinity") and is compatible with any salinity management plans approved for the site.
- (15) **Protection for Existing Trees** The protection of existing trees (on-site and street trees) must be carried out as specified by AS 4970 Protection of Trees on Development Sites.
- (16) Unexpected Finds Contingency (General) Should any suspect materials (identified by unusual staining, odour, discolouration or inclusions such as building rubble, asbestos, ash material, etc.) be encountered during any stage of works (including earthworks, site preparation or construction works, etc.), such works shall cease immediately until a certified contaminated land consultant has be contacted and conducted a thorough assessment.

In the event that contamination is identified as a result of this assessment and if remediation is required, all works shall cease in the vicinity of the contamination and Council shall be notified immediately.

Where remediation work is required, the applicant will be required to obtain consent for the remediation works.

#### 5.0 - Prior to Issue of an Occupation Certificate

An Occupation Certificate shall be obtained prior to any use or occupation of the development. The following conditions of consent shall be complied with prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate.

- (1) Survey Certificate A registered surveyor shall prepare a Survey Certificate to certify that the location of the building in relation to the allotment boundaries complies with the approved plans or as specified by this consent. The Survey Certificate shall be provided to the satisfaction of the principal certifier.
- (2) **Driveway Crossing Construction** A footpath crossing (where required) and a driveway crossing shall be constructed in accordance with this development consent and the driveway crossing approval prior to use or occupation of the development.

- (3) **Reinstate Verge** The applicant shall construct and/or reconstruct the unpaved verge area with grass, species and installations approved by Council.
- (4) Waste Management Plan The principal certifier shall ensure that all works have been completed in accordance with the approved waste management plan referred to in this development consent.
- (5) Compliance with Acoustic Requirements Documentary evidence shall be provided to the principal certifier confirming that the building has been constructed in general accordance with the approved acoustic report 'Road Traffic Noise Impact Assessment Catherine Park Stage 6 Residential Subdivision' (Table 4 'Façade Construction) prepared by AECOM, Ref No. 60440887-RPNV-06-B, dated 7 April 2017.

# State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Western Parkland City) 2021 <u>Assessment Table</u>

Clause.	Assessment.	Compliance.
Appendix 5, 2.3 Zone objectives and land use table  The land use table for each zone sets out what development is permitted without consent, permitted with consent and prohibited.  The consent authority must have regard to the objectives for development in a zone when determining a development application in respect of land within a zone.  The zone objectives for this site are:  • To provide for the housing needs of the community within a low density residential environment.  • To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.  • To allow people to carry out a reasonable range of activities from their homes where such activities are not likely to adversely affect the living environment of neighbours.  • To support the well-being of the community by enabling educational, recreational, community, religious and other activities where compatible with the amenity of a low density residential environment.  • To provide a diverse range of housing types to meet community housing needs within a low density residential environment.	The lot is located in an R2 Low Density Residential zone. The proposed development is characterised as a 'dwelling house' which is permitted with consent in the R2 Low Density Residential zone of Appendix 5 – SEPP (Precincts—Western Parkland City) 2021.  The proposal meets the objectives of the zone as:  The proposal will provide for the housing needs of the community within the low-density residential environment.  The proposal is consistent with its surrounds, allowing for a reasonable range of activities to be carried out that are consistent with those surrounding it.  The proposal will be an addition to the existing housing type typical to the immediate surrounds.	Yes
Appendix 5, 4.3 Height of buildings		
Maximum buildings heights must not exceed the maximum building height shown on the Height of Buildings Map.	The proposed development has a maximum building height of 6.28m.	No (Clause 4.6 written request submitted).
Appendix 5, 4.6 Exceptions to development standards  Development consent may be granted for development that contravenes a development standard imposed by the SEPP or any other environmental planning instrument.	The applicant has submitted a written request under Clause 4.6 of the Growth SEPP justifying the contravention to the maximum height of buildings development standard. The Clause 4.6 written request is assessed in the main body of the report.  It is considered that the applicant's written request has adequately demonstrated that compliance with the development standard	Yes

# State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Western Parkland City) 2021 Assessment Table

The consent authority must consider a written request from the applicant that seeks to justify the contravention by demonstrating that:

- (a) that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case, and
- (b) that there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard.

Development consent musty not granted unless:

- (a) the consent authority is satisfied that:
  - the applicant's written request has adequately addressed the matters required to be demonstrated, and
  - (ii) the proposed development will be in the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the particular standard and the objectives for development within the zone in which the development is proposed to be carried out, and
- (b) the concurrence of the Secretary has been obtained.

This clause prohibits the approval of certain development standard contraventions.

is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case, and that there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard.

It is assessed that the proposed development will be in the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the height of buildings development standard and the objectives for development within the R2 Low Density Residential zone.

It is noted that the Panel may assume the concurrence of the Secretary.

Control	Assessment	Compliance?
4.1.1 Site Analysis		Yes.
Site analysis plan is to be provided.	Appropriate site analysis plan provided.	
4.1.2 Cut and Fill		Yes.
DAs are to illustrate where it is necessary to cut and/or fill land and provide justification for the proposed changes to the land levels.	Cut and fill plan provided.	
The maximum amount of cut shall not exceed 1m. The maximum amount of fill shall not exceed 1m.	Cut and fill plan indicates cut and fill <1.0m.	
Fill within 2.0m of a property boundary shall be fully contained by the use of deepened (drop) edge beam construction with no fill permitted outside of this building footprint.	Noted, proposal will adopt minimal fill.	
The use of a deepened edge beam shall not exceed 1m above natural ground level.	No D.E.B will exceed 1m above natural ground level.	
Where excavation or filling is required alongside a driveway, it shall be retained by a retaining wall.	NA.	
4.1.3		Yes.
Sustainable Building Design.  The majority of plant species are to be selected from the preferred species listed at Appendix C and indigenous species are preferred.	Provided.	
The provisions of BASIX will apply with regards to water requirements and usage.	The development complies with the requirements as set out by the provided BASIX certificate.	
The design of dwellings is to maximise cross flow ventilation.	Design of dwelling incorporates large open living spaces allowing for cross flow ventilation to occur.	
The orientation of dwellings, location of living rooms and the positioning and size of windows and other openings is to take advantage of solar orientation to maximise natural light penetration to indoor areas and to minimise the need for mechanical heating and cooling.	Location of living rooms and windows located appropriately so as to enable maximisation of capturing natural light.	

Control	Assessment	Compliance?
Outdoor clothes lines and drying areas are required for all dwellings and can be incorporated into communal areas for multi-dwelling development and residential flat building developments.	Outdoor clothes line indicated on architectural plans located appropriately with regards to solar access.	
Roof and paving materials and colours are to minimise the retention of heat from the sun.	Conditions recommended requiring roof to adopt lighter colour. This will assist in reducing contributions to the urban heat island effect.	
The design of dwellings that are required to attenuate noise shall use, where possible, alternatives to airconditioning, such as acoustic wall ventilators, ceiling fans, or bulkhead-mounted ducted fans to achieve appropriate ventilation.	The dwelling will attenuate noise where possible through separating communal areas from private living spaces.	
4.1.4 Salinity, Sodicity and Aggressivity.		Yes.
All development must comply with the Salinity Management Plan developed at the subdivision phase or at Appendix B. The actions/works from the Salinity Management Plan must be certified upon completion of the development.	The development will comply with the requirements of the salinity management plan as adopted under parent subdivision DA.	
Salinity shall be considered during the siting, design and construction of dwellings including: drainage, vegetation type and location, foundation selection and cut and fill activities, to ensure the protection of the dwelling from salinity damage and to minimise the impacts that the development may have on the salinity process	Salinity will be considered during the siting, design, and construction the proposed dwelling via a condition of consent.	
4.2.2 Streetscape and Architectural Design.		Yes.
The primary street facade of a dwelling should address the street and must incorporate at least two of the following design features:  • entry feature or porch; • awnings or other features over windows; • balcony treatment to any first floor element; • recessing or projecting architectural elements; • open verandah; • bay windows or similar features; or • verandahs, pergolas or similar features above garage doors.	Primary northern elevation to adopt the following design features;  • Entry feature/porch with hipped roof over.  • Projecting architectural elements (windows and walls).	

Control	Assessment	Compliance?
Eaves are to provide sun shading and protect windows and doors and provide aesthetic interest.	All eaves measure at a minimum 450mm in width from the fascia board.	
The pitch of hipped and gable roof forms on the main dwelling house should be between 22.5 degrees and 35 degrees.	Hipped roof pitch of 22.5 and 30 degrees proposed.	
Front facades are to feature at least one habitable room with a window onto the street.	Front façade to feature bed 2, bed 3 and study room with windows facing the street.	
Carports and garages are to be constructed of materials that complement the colour and finishes of the main dwelling.	Proposed garage to complement colour and finish of main dwelling.	
4.2.3 Front Setbacks.		Yes.
Dwellings are to be consistent with the front setback controls and principles in the relevant Tables 4-2 to 4-6, Figure 4-4: Minimum front setback distances and Figure 4-5.	The proposal has been assessed against tables 4-5 (lots >15m in width).	
101		Yes.
4.2.4 Side and Rear Setbacks.		
All development is to be consistent with the side and rear setback controls in the relevant Tables 4.2 to 4.6 and principles in Figure 4-7 Dwelling and open space siting principles for different lot orientations	The proposal has been assessed against tables 4-5 (lots >15m in width).	
Pergolas, swimming pools and other landscape features/structures are permitted to encroach into the rear setback.	No encroachment of said structures into the rear setback.	
For dwellings with a minimum 900mm side setback, projections permitted into side and rear setback areas include eaves (up to 450 millimetres wide), fascias, sun hoods, gutters, down pipes, flues, light fittings, electricity or gas meters, rainwater tanks and hot water units.	The proposal adopts side boundary setbacks greater than 0.9m.	
4.2.5  Dwelling Height, Massing and Siting.		Yes.

Control	Assessment	Compliance?
All development is to comply with the	The proposal has been assessed against tables	-
maximum site coverage as indicated in the	4-5 (lots >15m in width).	
relevant Tables 4-2 to 4-6.		
Site coverage is the proportion of the lot	Site coverage measured accordingly against	
covered by a dwelling house and all	tables 4-5 (lots >15m in width).	
ancillary development (eg carport, garage,		
shed) but excluding unenclosed balconies,		
verandahs, porches, al fresco areas etc.		
The ground floor level shall be no more		
than 1m above finished ground level.	FFL = 10.358 – lowest associated point of NGL	
	= 10.760 = 0.402m	V
4.2.6		Yes.
Landscaped Area.		
The minimum soft landscaped area within	The proposal has been assessed against tables	
any residential lot is to comply with the	4-5 (lots >15m in width).	
controls and principles in the relevant		
Tables 4-2 to 4-6. Figure 4-10 illustrates		
areas of a lot that can contribute towards		
the provision of soft landscaped area and principal private open space.		
principal private open space.		
Plans submitted with the development	Noted/complied.	
application must indicate the extent of	Noted/compiled.	
landscaped area and nominate the		
location of any trees to be retained or		
planted.		
Surface water drainage shall be provided		
as necessary to prevent the accumulation	Stormwater to be conveyed to the kerb outlet.	
of water.		
Use of low flow watering devices is	No concerns presented regarding the	
encouraged to avoid over watering. Low water demand drought resistant vegetation	accumulation of surface water.	
is to be used for the majority of		
landscaping, including native salt tolerant		
trees.		
4.2.7		Yes.
Private Open Space.		
Each dwelling is to be provided with an	The proposal has been assessed against tables	
area of Principal Private Open Space	4-5 (lots >15m in width).	
(PPOS) consistent with the requirements		
of the relevant Tables 4-2 to 4-6.		
	DDGG 43 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	
The location of PPOS is to be determined	PPOS contained and achievable to rear north-	
having regard to dwelling design, allotment orientation, adjoining dwellings, landscape	west of lot. PPOS located appropriately.	
features, topography.	Tros located appropriately.	

Control	Assessment	Compliance?
The PPOS is required to be conveniently	PPOS conveniently accessible from family	
accessible from the main living area of a	room and alfresco. PPOS at grade <1:10.	
dwelling or alfresco room and have a		
maximum gradient of 1:10. Where part or		
all of the PPOS is permitted as a semi-		
private patio, balcony or rooftop area, it		
must be directly accessible from a living		
area.		
4.2.8		Yes.
Garages, Storage, Site Access and		
Parking.		
3 bedroom or more dwellings will provide	2 car parking spaces provided.	
at least 2 car spaces.		
At least one car parking space must be	2 car parking spaces provided behind the	
located behind the building façade line	building line via double car garage.	
where the car parking space is accessed		
from the street on the front property		
boundary.		
Driveways are to have the smallest	Compliant and further considered against	
configuration possible (particularly within	Camden Councils Standard Residential	
the road verge) to serve the required	Driveway Design Guidelines.	
parking facilities and vehicle turning	Driveway Design Galdennes.	
movements and shall comply with AS2890.		
The location of driveways is to be	Driveway located appropriately and will not	
determined with regard to dwelling design	conflict with said structures.	
and orientation, street gully pits and trees	connet with said sudctores.	
and is to maximise the availability of on-		
street parking		
	Double garage deer width = 4.9m	
Single garage doors should be a maximum	Double garage door width = 4.8m.	
of 3m wide and double garage doors		
should be a maximum of 6m wide.		
Minimum internal dimensions for a single	Double garage internal dimensions = 5.6 x	
garage are 3m wide by 5.5m deep and for	5.8m.	
a double garage 5.6m wide by 5.5m deep.	Barrier Communication	
[	Provided colour and material schedule	
Garage doors are to be visually recessive	demonstrates the garage doors will be visually	
through use of materials, colours, and	recessive and respective to the proposed main	
overhangs such as second storey	dwelling.	
balconies.		
420		
4.2.9		Yes.
Visual and Acoustic Privacy.		
Direct overlooking of main habitable areas	Proposed development is single storey entry	
and the private open spaces of adjoining	Proposed development is single storey only.	
dwellings should be minimised through	Proposed dwelling has an FFL <1.0m and	
building layout, window and balcony	therefore, presents no concerns relating to overlooking.	
sending layout, willow and balloony	OVERTOOKING.	

Control	Assessment	Compliance?
location and design, and the use of		
screening, including landscaping		
The design of dwellings must minimize the opportunity for sound transmission through the building structure, with particular attention given to protecting bedrooms and living areas.	The dwelling will attenuate noise where possible through separating communal areas from private living spaces.	
No electrical, mechanical or hydraulic equipment or plant shall generate a noise level greater than 5dBA above background noise level measured at the property boundary during the hours 7.00am to 10.00pm and noise is not to exceed background levels during the hours 10.00pm to 7.00am.	Noted. Plant appropriately located to ensure no / minimal impact for residents of adjoining properties.	
Dwellings along sub-arterial or arterial roads, or transit boulevards, or any other noise source, should be designed to minimize the impact of traffic noise, and where possible comply with the criteria in Table 4-7. Note: Figure 4-11 provides guidance on measures to mitigate noise in residential buildings. Page 100 Camden Growth Centre Precincts Development Control Plan	Development requires architectural treatments regarding acoustic impacts. Condition recommended.	
The internal layout of residential buildings, window openings, the location of outdoor living areas (i.e. courtyards and balconies), and building plant should be designed to minimise noise impact and transmission.	The dwelling will attenuate noise where possible through separating communal areas from private living spaces.	
Noise walls are not permitted.	No noise wall proposed.	
Development affected by rail or traffic noise is to comply with Development Near Rail Corridors and Busy Roads – Interim Guideline (Department of Planning 2008). The design of development is also to consider ways to mitigate noise in Principal Private Open Space areas with reference to Council's Environmental Noise Policy.	Development not impacted by rail or traffic noise.	
Architectural treatments are to be designed in accordance with AS3671 - Traffic Noise Intrusion Building Siting and Construction, the indoor sound criteria of AS2107 - Recommended Design Sound Levels and Reverberation Times for Building Interiors.	Development requires architectural treatments regarding acoustic impacts. Condition recommended.	

Control	Assessment	Compliance?
4.2.10		Yes.
Fencing.		
Front fencing shall be a maximum of 1.2m	No front fencing proposed.	
high above ground level (existing) and	The state of the s	
shall be an open style incorporating		
pickets, slats, palings or the like or lattice style panels with a minimum aperture of		
25mm.		
Side and rear fences are to be a maximum	Side boundary return fences indicated at 2.0m	
of 1.8m high commencing 2m behind the building line (refer to Figure 4-12).	behind the building line.	
belianing inte (refer to riigare 4-12).		
Table 4-5 – Front setback.	Primary eastern boundary setback = 5.24m.	Yes.
4.5m to building façade.	. ,	
Table 4-5 – Articulation zone.	Porch feature protrudes slight (max 200mm).	Yes.
3.0m if not fronting open space.	Minimum 5.04m articulation zone achieved.	
Table 4-5 – Garage setback.	Garage setback 7.004m from primary eastern	Yes.
5.5m to garage line and 1m behind the	boundary line.	163.
building line.	Garage setback 1.764m from primary building	
	line, setback 7.04m from primary boundary line.	
Table 4-5 – Side setbacks.	Side B (northern boundary) setback = 1.09m	Yes.
Ground floor (Side A) = 0.9m	Side A (southern boundary) setback = 0.95m	
Ground floor (Side B) = 0.9m.		
Upper floor (Side A) = 1.5m.	The proposed development is single storey only	
Upper floor (Side A) = 1.5m. Upper floor (Side B) = 0.9m.		
opportion (state 2)		
Table 4-5 – Rear setback.	Rear southern boundary setback at ground =	Yes.
Ground = 4.0.	4.046m.	
Upper floor = 6.0m.	NA – single storey only.	
Table 4-5 – Site coverage.	The single sterey emy.	Yes.
Maximum 50% at ground floor.		
Maximum 30% at upper floor.	Site Coverage = 262/569.2*100 = 46.02%	
Table 4-5 – Soft landscaped area.	Landscaping = 209/569.2*100 = 36.71%	Yes.
Minimum 30% of the allotment area.		
Table 4-5 – Principal Private Open Space (PPOS).		Yes.
Minimum 24sqm with minimum	PPOS = 76sqm at dimensions >4.0m.	
dimensions of 4m.		
Table 4-5 – Solar Access.		Yes.
50% of the area required for PPOS (of both	No overshadowing of PPOS.	
proposed development and adjoining properties) should receive at least 3 hours		
property and a second deliberation in the second se	<u> </u>	

Control	entrol Assessment Com			
of sunlight between 9am and 3pm on June 21.	Proposed dwelling will not overshadow adjoining PPOS as it is single storey development only.			
Table 4-5 – Garages and carparking.		Yes.		
Maximum double car garage door width 6m.	Double garage proposed. Width = 4.8m.			
3 bedrooms or more to provide at least 2 car spaces.	2 spaces provided.			
Control	Assessment	Compliance?		
A.1 Development Surrounding Oran Park House.  Proposals for subdivision and development that are seeking exemption from Integrated Development referrals to Heritage NSW and exemption from Section 60 approval under the Heritage Act 1977 must comply with the guidelines contained in the Oran Park State Heritage Register listing and with the requirements contained in the NSW Heritage Act 1977.	The subject lot is located outside of the heritage curtilage. Development on the subject lot does not trigger nominated integrated development.	Yes.		



CLAUSE 4.6 VARIATION REQUEST
Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979

New Single Storey Residential Dwelling Stage 6 | Catherine Park

 Address:
 73 O'Keefe Drive ORAN PARK

 Lot:
 6060
 DP1235007

Date: 9 February 2022

urbanco

Prepared for:

CLPP02

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# **Appendices**

Appendix 1 - View Analysis

# **Figures**

Figure 1 Maximum Building Height Map

Figure 2 Lots in DP1235007 Subject to Clause 4.6 Variation

Figure 3 Catherine Park House (aka Oran Park House)

Figure 4 Building Height & Roof Pitch

Figure 5 Dwelling Roof Forms

Figure 6 Extract from View 4 in Views Analysis

# **Tables**

Table 1 Lots in DP1235007 Subject to Clause 4.6 Variation

Table 2 Specific Land Details

Table 3 Extent of Variation to Development Standard



# 1 INTRODUCTION

We submit a Clause 4.6 variation request to support a Development Application (DA) seeking approval to erect a detached dwelling on land described in Table 2 of this report.

The variation request relates to a building height standard under Appendix 9 Camden Growth Centres Precinct Plan in State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006.

Catherine Park contains a State listed heritage item, an early European settlement homestead, named Catherine Park House (aka Oran Park House). The Precinct Planning for the Catherine Fields Part Precinct implemented special development standards around Catherine Park House to deliver a transition in development between the heritage item and surrounding urban development.

The site specific 5 metre maximum building height development standard imposed on land surrounding the heritage item adopted in *State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006* (Growth Centres SEPP) does not enable all options for excellence in design of residential dwellings as was intended. A maximum building height over 5 metres will enable more and better dwelling designs with higher roof forms that will more effectively meet the design outcomes intended in the site-specific development controls in Schedule 4 of the Camden Growth Centre Precincts Development Control Plan (DCP), such as roof pitch.

The DA seeks approval for a detached dwelling with a roof form that exceeds the 5 metre heigh limit. This Clause 4.6 variation request seeks to vary the 5 metre maximum building height development standard to the extent described in Table 3 of this report.

This request has been prepared in accordance with the Department of Planning & Environment (DPIE) Guideline, Varying Development Standards: A Guide, August 2011, and relevant matters set out in the 'five-part test' established by determinations in the NSW Land and Environment Court.

This request should be read in conjunction with the Statement of Environmental Effects for the DA and supporting documentation and plans lodged with the proposal.

This report demonstrates that support for proposed building height provides better building design, enables compliance with DCP controls and achieves the intended outcomes for residential development surrounding Catherine Park House without any significant impacts.



# 2 STATUTORY PLANNING FRAMEWORK

# 2.1 Clause 4.6 - Exceptions to development standards

Clause 4.6 - Exceptions to development standards in 'Appendix 9 Camden Growth Centres Precinct Plan' of the *State Environmental Planning Policy* (*Sydney Region Growth Centres*) 2006 (Growth Centres SEPP) allows the relevant authority to grant consent to development that varies from a development standard imposed by the Environmental Planning Instrument. The objectives of the clause include:

- (a) to provide an appropriate degree of flexibility in applying certain development standards to particular development,
- (b) to achieve better outcomes for and from development by allowing flexibility in particular circumstances.

A written request to vary a development standard is required in accordance with subclause (3), which reads:

- (3) Consent must not be granted for development that contravenes a development standard unless the consent authority has considered a written request from the applicant that seeks to justify the contravention of the development standard by demonstrating—
  - (a) that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case, and
  - (b) that there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard.

This document forms the written request required under Clause 4.6.

Subclauses 4 and 5 provide the considerations for approving a variation under Clause 4.6 including satisfying the requirements under subclause 3 and whether there is a public benefit of maintaining the development standard.

- (4) Development consent must not be granted for development that contravenes a development standard unless—
  - (a) the consent authority is satisfied that-
    - (i) the applicant's written request has adequately addressed the matters required to be demonstrated by subclause (3), and
    - (ii) the proposed development will be in the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the particular standard and the objectives for development within the zone in which the development is proposed to be carried out, and
  - (b) the concurrence of the Director-General has been obtained.
- (5) In deciding whether to grant concurrence, the Director-General must consider—
  - (a) whether contravention of the development standard raises any matter of significance for State environmental planning, and
  - (b) the public benefit of maintaining the development standard, and
  - (c) any other matters required to be taken into consideration by the Director-General before granting concurrence.

#### 2.2 Development Standards

A variation sought under Clause 4.6 needs to be a 'development standard'. A development standard is defined in the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act in Clause 1.4 as:

development standards means provisions of an environmental planning instrument or the regulations in relation to the carrying out of development, being provisions by or under which requirements are specified or standards are fixed in respect of any aspect of that development, including, but without limiting the generality of the foregoing, requirements or standards in respect of—



- (a) the area, shape or frontage of any land, the dimensions of any land, buildings or works, or the distance of any land, building or work from any specified point,
- (b) the proportion or percentage of the area of a site which a building or work may occupy,
- the character, location, siting, bulk, scale, shape, size, height, density, design or external appearance of a building or work,
- (d) the cubic content or floor space of a building,
- (e) the intensity or density of the use of any land, building or work,
- (f) the provision of public access, open space, landscaped space, tree planting or other treatment for the conservation, protection or enhancement of the environment,
- (g) the provision of facilities for the standing, movement, parking, servicing, manoeuvring, loading or unloading of vehicles,
- (h) the volume, nature and type of traffic generated by the development,
- (i) road patterns,
- (j) drainage,
- (k) the carrying out of earthworks,
- (I) the effects of development on patterns of wind, sunlight, daylight or shadows,
- (m) the provision of services, facilities and amenities demanded by development,
- (n) the emission of pollution and means for its prevention or control or mitigation, and
- (o) such other matters as may be prescribed.

With reference to part (c) it is definitive the maximum building height standard is a development standard.



Stage 6 | Catherine Park

Clause 4.6 Variation to Building Height

3 PROPOSED VARIATION TO DEVELOPMENT STANDARD

# 3.1 Development Standard Subject to Variation

The proposed variation is subject to the maximum building height development standard in Appendix 9 Camden Growth Centres Precinct Plan under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006* (Growth Centres SEPP).

Clause 4.3 - Height of buildings in Appendix 9 of Growth Centres SEPP prescribes maximum building height for certain land in the Camden LGA portion of the South West Growth Area.

The Objectives of Clause 4.3 - Height of buildings are as follows:

- (a) to establish the maximum height of buildings,
- (b) to minimise visual impact and protect the amenity of adjoining development and land in terms of solar access to buildings and open space,
- (c) to facilitate higher density development in and around commercial centres and major transport routes.

Clause 4.1(2) requires that the height of a building on any land is not to exceed the maximum height shown for the land on the Height of Buildings Map.

Maximum building height is shown on South West Growth Centre Height of Buildings Map Sheets HOB\_004 and HOB\_009. This map shows maximum building height of 5 metres for the residential allotments surrounding Catherine Park House. This variation applies to 66 residential allotments that are subject to the 5 metre building height limit (see Section 3.2) and specific lot details are included in Table 2.



Figure 1 - Maximum Building Height Map (Source: NSW Planning Portal)



# 3.2 Subject Site

The site is located within Stage 6 in Catherine Park Estate. The land subject to a Clause 4.6 Variation comprises 66 residential allotments on the Deposited Plan No. DP1235007 that are subject to a 5 metre building height limit. The 66 residential allotments are shown in Figure 2 and are listed in Table 1. The details of the specific lot subject to this variation request are listed in Table 2.



Figure 2 - Lots in DP1235007 Subject to a Clause 4.6 Variation



Table 1: Lots in DP1235007 Subject to Clause 4.6 Variation

| Lot No. |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 6001    | 6008    | 6015    | 6022    | 6029    | 6036    | 6043    | 6050    | 6059    | 6068    |
| 6002    | 6009    | 6016    | 6023    | 6030    | 6037    | 6044    | 6051    | 6060    | 6069    |
| 6003    | 6010    | 6017    | 6024    | 6031    | 6038    | 6045    | 6052    | 6061    | 6070    |
| 6004    | 6011    | 6018    | 6025    | 6032    | 6039    | 6046    | 6055    | 6064    |         |
| 6005    | 6012    | 6019    | 6026    | 6033    | 6040    | 6047    | 6056    | 6065    |         |
| 6006    | 6013    | 6020    | 6027    | 6034    | 6041    | 6048    | 6057    | 6066    |         |
| 6007    | 6014    | 6021    | 6028    | 6035    | 6042    | 6049    | 6058    | 6067    |         |

The land details specific to this Clause 4.6 Variation are detailed in Table 2.

#### Table 2: Land Details Subject to Clause 4.6 Variation Request

Address:	Address: 73 O'Keefe Drive ORAN PARK		
Lot:	6060	DP1235007	

## 3.3 Proposal

The DA seeks to erect a single storey detached dwelling on the site described in Table 2. The proposed building height of the dwelling exceeds the 5 metre maximum building height limit imposed under the Growth Centres SEPP.

# 3.4 Planning Context

The land is zoned R2 Low Density Residential in the Growth Centres SEPP.

The land subject to the variation is within the R2 Zone, which has the following objectives:

- To provide for the housing needs of the community within a low density residential environment.
- . To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.
- To allow people to carry out a reasonable range of activities from their homes where such activities are not likely to adversely affect the living environment of neighbours.
- To support the well-being of the community by enabling educational, recreational, community, religious and other
  activities where compatible with the amenity of a low density residential environment.
- To provide a diverse range of housing types to meet community housing needs within a low density residential environment.

Residential development for detached dwellings is permissible with development consent in the R2 Zone.

# 3.5 Extent of Variation to Development Standard

The proposed building height and extent of variation to the 5 metre maximum building height limit imposed under the Growth Centres SEPP is included in Table 3.

## Table 3: Extent of Variation to Development Standard

Proposed Building Height: 6.28 metres [Ref: Dwg No.6488-1 dated 3 Aug 2021)

Extent of Proposed Variation\*: 25.6 %

\* Note: Extent of Proposed Variation = ((BH / 5) x 100) -100



# 4 EXPLANATION FOR EXCEPTION TO DEVELOPMENT STANDARD

# 4.1 Clause 4.6(a) that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case

The Department of Planning Industry & Environment published a guideline titled 'Varying development standards: A Guide' (August 2011), which is available on their website at: <a href="www.planning.nsw.gov.au/-">www.planning.nsw.gov.au/-</a> /media/Files/DPE/Guidelines/varying-development-standards-a-guide-2011-08.pdf

The guideline suggests that written applications to vary a development standard could address matter outlined in the 'five part test', which is formed on determinations in the NSW Land and Environment Court. The NSW Land and Environment Court established the principle of a five-part test in determining whether compliance with a development standard is unnecessary (Refer Four2Five Pty Ltd v Ashfield Council [2015] NSWLEC 90 & Wehbe v Pittwater Council [2007] NSW LEC 827).

The five part test includes five assessment criteria where one or more of the tests are to be used to demonstrate that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary. The five tests are as follows:

- the objectives of the standard are achieved notwithstanding noncompliance with the standard;
- the underlying objective or purpose of the standard is not relevant to the development and therefore compliance is unnecessary;
- the underlying object of purpose would be defeated or thwarted if compliance was required and therefore compliance is unreasonable;
- 4. the development standard has been virtually abandoned or destroyed by the council's own actions in granting consents departing from the standard and hence compliance with the standard is unnecessary and unreasonable:
- the compliance with development standard is unreasonable or inappropriate due to existing use of land and current environmental character of the particular parcel of land. That is, the particular parcel of land should not have been included in the zone.

An additional test is also included (Test 1(a)) which addresses the objectives of the land use zone, consistent with recent decisions of the NSW Land & Environment Court, including Preston CJ in *Initial Action Pty Ltd v Woollahra Municipal Council [2018] NSWLEC 118.* 

# Test 1: the objectives of the standard are achieved notwithstanding noncompliance with the standard

The objectives of the height of buildings development standard in Clause 4.3 of the Growth Centres SEPP are outlined below with a respective response.

Objective (a) to establish the maximum height of buildings,

The Environmental Planning Instrument imposes a maximum building height, and a variation of the building height is submitted in accordance with the allowances under Clause 4.6. The objective is upheld and proposal does remove a building height standard for the site. Therefore, the proposal is not inconsistent with Objective (a).

Objective (b) to minimise visual impact and protect the amenity of adjoining development and land in terms of solar access to buildings and open space,

The 66 residential allotments have a land area of 500m<sup>2</sup> or greater and all residential allotments will contain a single storey detached dwelling with a combined average side setback of 4 metres and a maximum floor space ratio of 0.4:1. Single storey dwellings with hipped and/or gabled roofs are required on all allotments. The combined design requirements of setbacks, floor space ration and hipped and/or gabled roofs ensures there will be no significant overshadowing on adjoining properties. Single storey dwellings on large lots also ensures visual privacy of large areas of private open space will be preserved and visual impact is negligible. The proposed variation therefore meets Objective (b).

Objective (c) to facilitate higher density development in and around commercial centres and major transport routes.



The site is identified for lower densities of residential development. Accordingly, Objective (c) is not relevant to the site and the proposed variation does not affect noncompliance to enable higher density development around centres. Further, the Concept Proposal is not inconsistent with the objective.

## Test 1(a): the objectives of the zone

The objectives of the R2 Low Density Residential Zone are as follows:

To provide for the housing needs of the community within a low density residential environment.

The 66 residential allotments are within a planned low density area to provide a transition of development between Catherine Park House and surrounding residential development.

The proposed building height will does not intensify the density of development and will maintain single story detached dwellings on large residential allotments within he R2 Low Density Residential Zone. The Concept Proposal is consistent with the objective.

To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.

A detached dwellings is proposed on the site and there is no land within the site that has been identified or would be suitable for other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents. The proposal is not inconsistent with the objective.

 To allow people to carry out a reasonable range of activities from their homes where such activities are not likely to adversely affect the living environment of neighbours.

The 66 residential allotments are large lots to contain single storey detached dwellings. Each residential allotment will have generous indoor and private outdoor spaces that will ensure a typical low density living environment incorporating privacy and amenity is maintained. Additionally, the requirements for single storey dwelling construction with a simple hipped and/or gabled roof forms ensures negligible overshadowing impacts. The proposal is consistent with the objective.

To support the well-being of the community by enabling educational, recreational, community, religious and
other activities where compatible with the amenity of a low density residential environment.

A detached dwellings is proposed on the site and there is no land within the site that has been identified or would be suitable for other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents. The proposal is not inconsistent with the objective.

 To provide a diverse range of housing types to meet community housing needs within a low density residential environment.

The broader Stage 6 in Catherine Park includes a diverse range of residential lots sizes and types of residential dwellings, which range from large residential allotments to small lot housing. The 66 residential allotments under this Clause 4.6 are within a planned low density area to provide a transition of development between Catherine Park House and standard low density development. These lots make an important contribution to housing diversity within the locality.

The proposed building height does not intensify the density of development and will maintain single story detached dwellings on large residential allotments within he R2 Low Density Residential Zone. The proposal is consistent with the objective.

# Test 2: the underlying objective or purpose of the standard is not relevant to the development and therefore compliance is unnecessary

The proposed variation does not rely on this test.

# Test 3: The underlying object or purpose would be defeated or thwarted if compliance was required and therefore compliance is unreasonable

The underlying objective of the built form within the transition area between Catherine Park House and the broader urban development is to provide single storey homes on large allotments with greater separation between dwellings and simple hipped and/or gabled roofs with a pitch over 22.50 (refer to Test 5). The design intention for these homes is to have 'stately' houses that respect the heritage values of Catherine Park House.



If compliance was required, it will not enable the underlaying objective will be thwarted as the 5 metre building height limit does not allow the range of dwelling designs as was intended in the DCP and Heritage Exemption Guidelines. Accordingly, compliance with the 5 metre maximum building height standard is considered unreasonable.

Test 4: The development standard has been virtually abandoned or destroyed by the council's own actions in granting consents departing from the standard and hence compliance with the standard is unnecessary and unreasonable

The proposed variation does not rely on this test.

Test 5: The compliance with development standard is unreasonable or inappropriate due to existing use of land and current environmental character of the particular parcel of land. That is, the particular parcel of land should not have been included in the zone

Compliance with the 5 metre maximum building height development standard development is unreasonable and detrimental to the current environmental character of the site and surrounds.

During the Precinct Planning for the Catherine Field Part Precinct prior to the zoning and development standards being adopted for the site, the intended outcome for the residential land surrounding Catherine Park House was to have single storey dwellings with simple hipped roof forms on large residential allotments. Hence minimum lot sizes of  $500\text{m}^2$  and  $700\text{m}^2$  were imposed and specific development controls were included in the Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP to ensure this development outcome was realised. The heritage object was to ensure the housing surrounding Catherine Park House was subservient to the heritage item and have roof forms that are not detrimental to the heritage significance and character of the House.



Figure 3 - Catherine Park House (aka Oran Park House) (Source: www.environment.nsw.gov.au)

Schedule 4 in the Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP includes site specific controls for the residential allotments surrounding Catherine Park House and subject to the Concept Proposal. The site specific controls include provision for roofs.



#### 4.1.16 Roofs

#### Controls

- Roof pitches are to be between 22.5 degrees and up to 35 degrees.
- Roofs are to be of simple design and form with either simple hips or gables. Federation detailing, symbolism and Victorian inspired gables are not permitted.
- 3. The minimum eave overhang is 450mm.
- 4. Roofs must use neutral colour tones such as greys, greens or browns.

To satisfy the site specific design standards in the DCP, a dwelling is required to have a simple hipped roof form with a minimum roof pitch of 22.5° and eaves of 450mm or larger.

There are also general development controls for rood pitch for all residential development in the DCP. Control 5 under Clause 4.2.2 'Streetscape and architectural design' states:

The pitch of hipped and gable roof forms on the main dwelling house should be between 22.5 degrees and 35 degrees.

A minimum roof pitch of 22.5° applies to all hipped roof forms for all detached dwellings within the Camden Council portion of the South West Growth Area.

Heritage Exemption Guidelines have been endorsed by the NSW Heritage Council and by order of the Minister for Heritage, granted an exemption from section 57(1) of Heritage Act 1977 in respect to all works and activities in accordance with 'Catherine Park Estate: Oran Park House Curtilage Exemption Guidelines' (prepared by Design & Planning for Hixson Pty Ltd, dated October 2014).

The Heritage Exemption Guidelines apply to the portion of allotments within the heritage curtilage and require the following design requirements to satisfy the exemption criteria:

#### 4.5 Building Height

#### Controls

- 1. Buildings are to be single storey in height within the Oran Park House heritage curtilage.
- Variations to the building height on corner lots may be appropriate where attic rooms with dormer windows are proposed, and where there will be no impact on the views and vistas to and from Oran Park House and grounds.

And:

#### 4.6 Roofs

# Controls

- 1. Roof pitches are to be between 22.5 degrees and up to 35 degrees.
- Roofs are to be of simple design and form with either simple hips or gables. Federation detailing, symbolism and Victorian inspired gables are not permitted.
- The minimum eave overhang is 450mm.

The development controls in the DCP and Heritage Exemption Guidelines demonstrate the intended outcomes for residential development surrounding Catherine Park House. Importantly, residential development is required to be single storey construction and roof pitches need to be at least 22.5°.

Figure 4 shows the relationship of the existing maximum 5 metre height limit and achieving the roof pitch controls for a single story dwelling with a simple hipped roof form. The diagram adopts a typical wall height of 3 metres for a single storey dwelling and 450mm eaves, which is a required design standard. The diagram also assumes a 20 metre lot width, which is slight less than the typical of the lots facing Catherine Park House, and a minimum side setback of 0.9 metres and average side setback of 2 metres, which reflects the minimum setback requirements in Schedule 4 of the Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP.



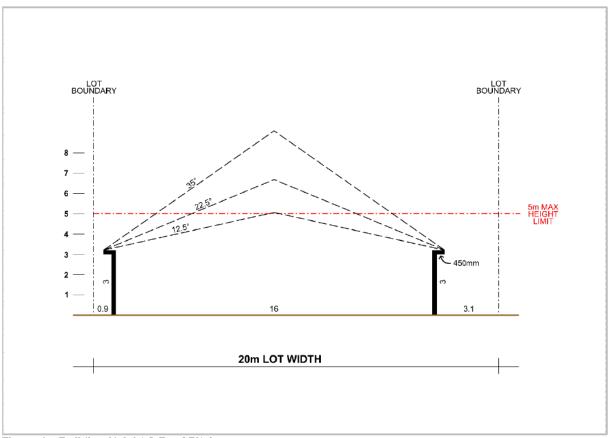


Figure 4 - Building Height & Roof Pitch

Figure 4 demonstrates roof forms that would be achieved for a single storey dwelling with a simple hipped and/or gabled roof designed with a pitch over 22.5°. The design standards for the minimum roof pitch of 22.5° and the 5 metre maximum height limit for a single storey dwelling are conflicting. In addition, a roof pitch for a hipped and/or gabled roof less than 22.5° is a poor design outcome, which is the reason the Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP imposes a minimum roof pitch of 22.5° for all residential dwellings with a hipped and/or gabled roof.

It is evident that the 5 metre maximum building height limit does not allow for better designs with higher roof forms for single story residential dwellings, and therefore, compliance with the 5 metre maximum building height development standard development is considered unreasonable. In addition, the widespread erection of dwellings with potentially compromised roof forms will be detrimental to the current environmental character of the site and surrounds with respect to the heritage values of Catherine Park House. This would also be contrary to the intended outcomes for residential development around the heritage item potentially resulting in a diminished streetscape character and appearance.

The proposed building height is necessary to achieve a quality design for the dwellings surrounding Catherine Park House, which are required to include simple hipped and/or gabled roof designs with a pitch over 22.5°. This allows for properly designed dwellings with attractive roofs.

#### Conclusion

In consideration of the five part test and the zone objectives, the proposed variation meets the objectives of maximum height of buildings development standard and zone in Test 1 and 1(a). It is also demonstrated that compliance with the 5 metre maximum building height development standard is unreasonable and detrimental to the current environmental character of the site and surrounds. Accordingly, strict compliance with the development standard is unnecessary.

# 4.2 Clause 4.6(b) There are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard

The determination in Four2Five Pty Ltd v Ashfield Council [2015] NSWLEC 90 found that the environmental planning grounds presented in a Clause 4.6 variation request are to be specific to the circumstances of the proposal. There are special circumstances and sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravention of the maximum building



height development standard.

## Better designed single storey dwellings & streetscapes

The basis for the development control in the Camden Growth Centre Precincts DCP that sets a minimum standard for roof pitch of  $22.5^{\circ}$  is to ensure better house design. In particular, single storey dwellings with a hipped and/or gabled roofs present significantly better with a roof form that extends above the walls. The proportion of the roof form is balanced with the rest of the dwelling and the building mass presents a stronger residential character to the street, which improved the overall streetscape character.

Figure 5 shows examples of dwellings with a compliant roof form in terms of roof pitch (Dwelling A) and a compliant dwelling in regard to the 5 metre building height.



Figure 5 - Dwelling Roof Forms

The Dwelling B roof form design is compromised by a 5 metre building height standard and presents poorly as it is not in proportion with the building. It has an underwhelming residential character due to its substandard design quality. Conversely, Dwelling A is significantly more impressive and attractive due to its extended roof form.

As the site comprises numerous rows of residential allotments, the compounding effect of several dwellings with roof forms that satisfy the 5 metre height limit will be detrimental to the streetscape and exhibit an undesirable residential character. An unattractive streetscape will also be detrimental to the heritage significance of Catherine Park House and diminish the heritage values of a State listed heritage item. This is also an outcome that the planning and heritage objectives and provisions are intending to prevent. Accordingly, the improved design quality and compliance with the heritage and planning design provisions provide strong grounds to support the variation.



## No impact on views and vistas from Catherine Park House

Catherine Park House is located on an elevated knoll and sits proud of the 66 allotments surrounding the heritage item. An analysis of four (4) views from Catherine Park House and the surrounds that intersect the site in variation locations is included in Appendix 1. The analysis shows Catherine Park House and illustrates the section detail aligning with each of the four view lines. The section detail annotates the 5 metre and 8 metre building height limits within the site (66 lots) and also shows the adjoining 9 metre building height around the outer edge of the site.

Figure 6 is an excerpt of the views analysis and includes the section of View 4 from Catherine Park House.



Figure 6 - Extract from View 4 in Views Analysis

The section of View 4 illustrates that both the 5 metre and proposed 8 metre building height planes are eclipsed by the adjoining 9 metre building height. Moreover, the vistas and views from Catherine Park House are dictated by the built form within the 9 metre maximum building height area as opposed to the built form within the site. This is the case for all of the four view sections, and given the proposed building height limit in this proposal is over 1 metre less than shown in the view analysis, the impacts will be less than in the views assessment.

The other matter of consideration is the portion of the roof that will be above the 5 metre building height plane is relatively minor. The 66 dwellings within the site require larger side boundary building setbacks than typical standards to create greater separation between the dwellings. Greater separation between the dwellings will also ensure greater separation between the roof forms. With a relatively small portion of the roof form above the 5 metre height plane and the separation between buildings, wide view corridors between the roofs of adjoining dwellings are preserved and continue to allow open views within the heritage curtilage area.

The built form of new residential development around the outside of the 66 lots dictate views and vistas for Catherine Park House and closer views within the heritage curtilage including the site will be preserved within corridors between the roofs of the single storey dwellings. Accordingly, the findings in the views analysis provides strong grounds to support the variation.



## Objectives and intent of built form surrounding Catherine Park House preserved

The key outcome for the site (66 lots) is that all residential dwellings are to be single storey construction with hipped and/or gabled roofs on large lots. The proposed building height does not change the intended outcome for residential development surrounding Catherine Park House. The proposed building height also does not affect the intended type and character of residential development, and it will actually improve the design quality and therefore character. Accordingly, preserving the intended development outcomes and improving character provides strong grounds to support the variation.

# No significant environmental impact

There is no significant environmental impact resulting from the variation. The variation allows the orderly and proper delivery of development that will result in a development outcome that is essentially the same as has been planned for the Catherine Field Part Precinct and provided for in the Growth Centres SEPP and Schedule 4 in the Camden Council Growth Centres DCP. Once built, the site will form part of a larger area that will maintain a transition of development intensity from Catherine Park House and the intended urban structure will upheld. The protrusion of a small portion of the roof forms for the single storey dwellings with the site will be on no significant impact, particularly as this development will be more dominated by two storey developments around the outer edge of the locality. Accordingly, there are strong grounds to justify the proposed variation as there is no significant environmental impact and the intended development objectives for the locality are maintained.

#### Conclusion

There are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify variation to the maximum building height including achieving an improved building designs, no significant impacts on views and vistas from Catherine Park House, preserving a transition in development between the House and standard residential development, and having no significant impact.

# 4.3 Clause 4.6(4)(a)(ii): In the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the zone and development standard

The proposed development is consistent with the objectives of the maximum building height development standard for the reasons explained in Section 4.1 this report (refer to Test 1).

The proposed development is consistent with the zone objectives for the R2 Low Density Residential for the reasons explained in Section 4.1 this report (refer to Test 1a).

In addition, the neighbourhood character and dwelling design is complementary with the heritage values of Catherine Park House and meets the design intent of the ILP and Precinct objectives to provide for a diverse range of housing options in the South West Growth Area.

Support for the proposed variation is in the public interest as it is consistent with the objectives and will significantly and directly enhance the amenity of the area with a well-transitioned residential development away from Catherine Park House from detached dwellings on larger lots to two storey homes on smaller lots.

## 4.4 Considerations for the Planning Secretary

Clause 4.6(5) outlines matters for the Planning Secretary to consider in approving a variation to a development standard, which reads:

- (5) In deciding whether to grant concurrence, the Director-General must consider—
  - (a) whether contravention of the development standard raises any matter of significance for State environmental planning, and
  - (b) the public benefit of maintaining the development standard, and
  - (c) any other matters required to be taken into consideration by the Director-General before granting concurrence.

In consideration of subclause (5), the following comments are presented.

- The variation does not raise any matter of significance for State environmental planning as the proposed variation:
  - o provides significantly better building designs and improved streetscapes,



- o provides site-specific reasoning to support the variation,
- o relates to a situation that has uncommon circumstances that do not occur elsewhere in the locality, and
- o is a variation of relatively minor consequences of no significant environmental impact.
- Maintaining the development standard has no discernible public benefit.



# 5 CONCLUSION

A Clause 4.6 variation request to support a DA to seeking approval to erect a detached dwelling on land described in Table 2 of this report. This request should be read in conjunction with the associated Environmental Assessment and supporting documentation lodged with the proposal.

The variation request relates to a maximum building height development standard under Appendix 9 Camden Growth Centres Precinct Plan in *State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006*.

This request has been prepared in accordance with the Department of Planning & Environment (DPIE) Guideline, Varying Development Standards: A Guide, August 2011, and relevant matters set out in the 'five-part test' established by the NSW Land and Environment Court.

This report and supporting information demonstrate that support for proposed building height provides better building design, enables compliance with DCP controls and achieves the intended outcomes for residential development surrounding Catherine Park House without any significant impacts.

The objective of Clause 4.6 is to provide an appropriate degree of flexibility in applying development standards and to achieve better outcomes for development by allowing flexibility circumstances. The proposed variation is respectful of the allowances under Clause 4.6 and can be supported for the following reasons:

- It has been demonstrated that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable and unnecessary in the specific circumstances for three of the tests in the five part test;
- The proposal maintains consistency with the objectives of the R2 Low Density Residential zone;
- The proposal is consistent with the objectives of Clause 4.3 Height of buildings, despite the non-compliance;
- The proposed building height in Table 3 of this report will enable better building design and improved streetscapes;
- There are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify the variation;
- The variation upholds the design intent for the locality for a transition of residential development away from Catherine Park House; and
- Support for the proposed variation will have a positive environmental impact and is in the public interest.

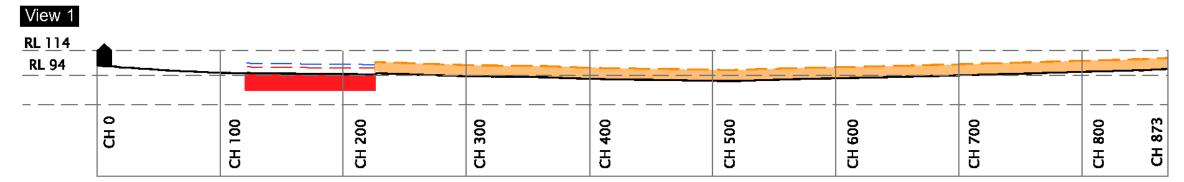


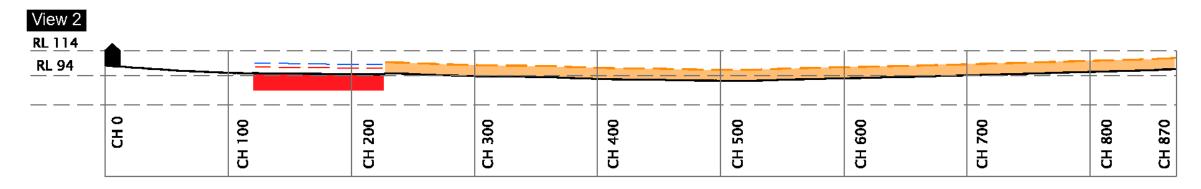
APPENDIX 1
Views Analysis

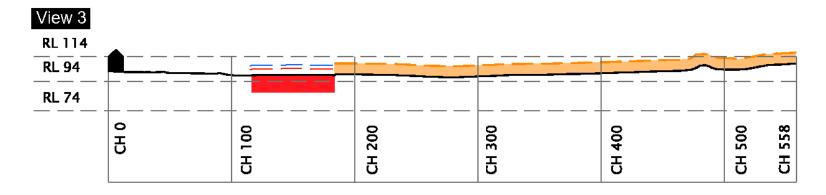
# Clause 4.6 Written Request

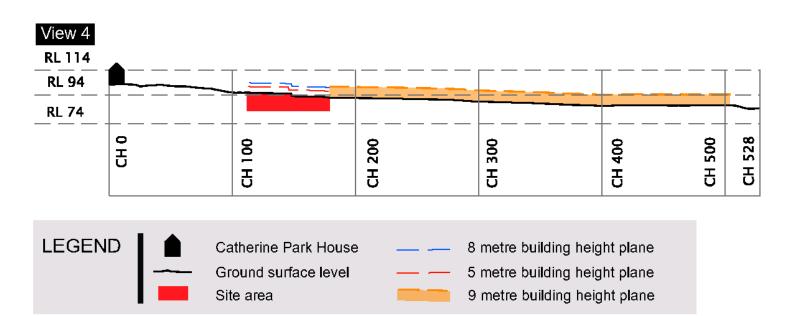
# **CATHERINE PARK HOUSE & SURROUNDS - Views Analysis**

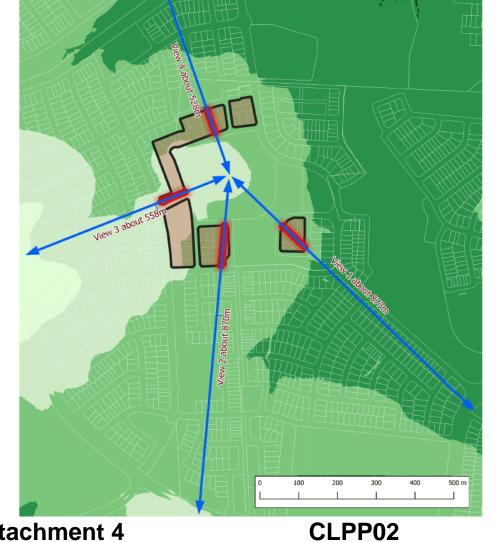
[Note: long section data provided by Registered Surveyor JMD Development Consultants]







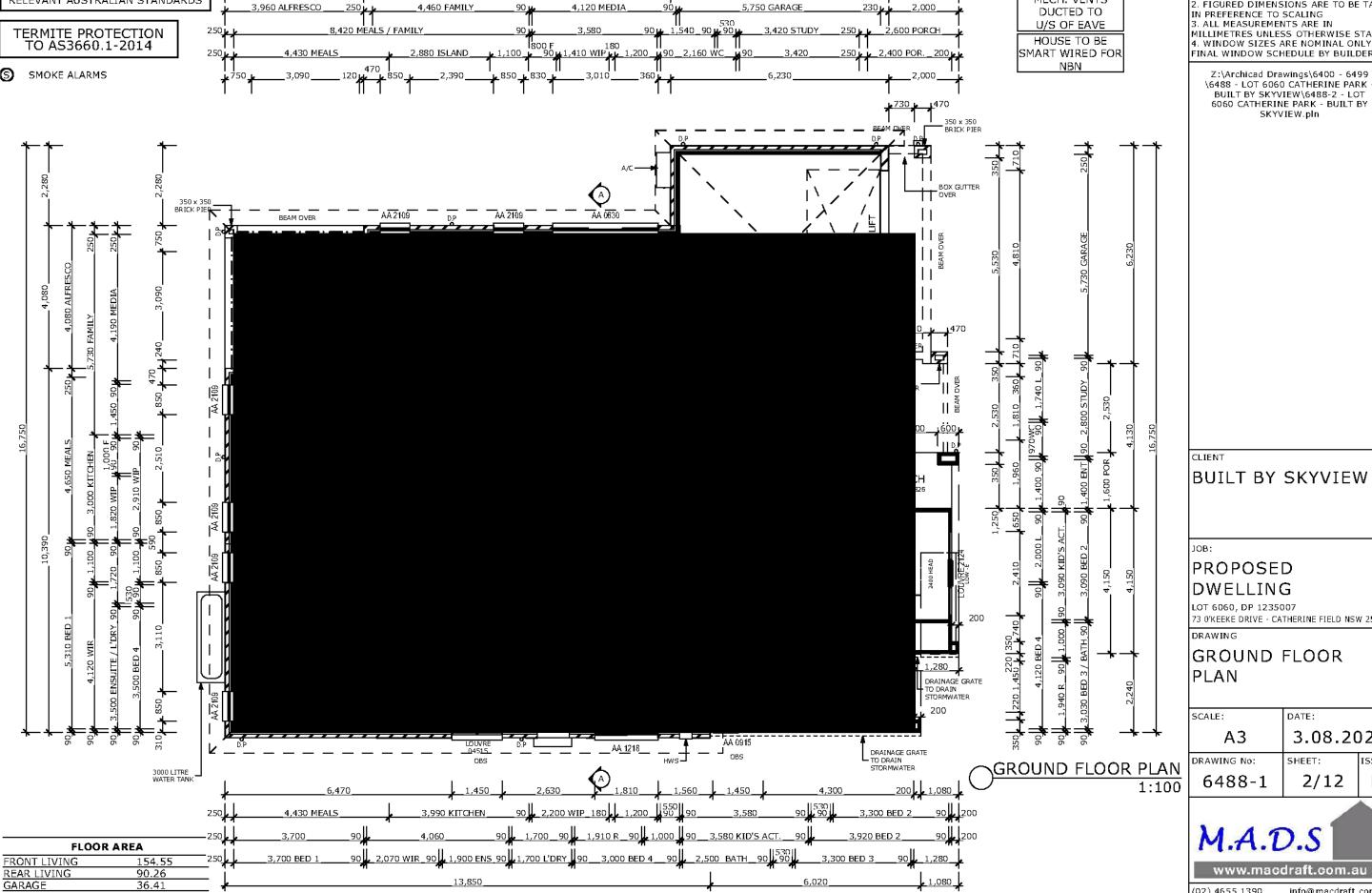




**Attachment 4** 

SKYVIEW.pln

MECH. VENTS



20,950

6,230

8,760

CONSTRUCTION IS TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BCA AND OTHER RELEVANT AUSTRALIAN STANDARDS

Attachments for the Camden Local Planning Panel Meeting held on 20 July 2022

2 - Page

136

**ALFRESCO** 

PORCH

16.16

3.91 301.29 m<sup>2</sup>

# |BUILT BY SKYVIEW

# PROPOSED **DWELLING**

LOT 6060, DP 1235007

73 O'KEEKE DRIVE - CATHERINE FIELD NSW 2557

# GROUND FLOOR PLAN

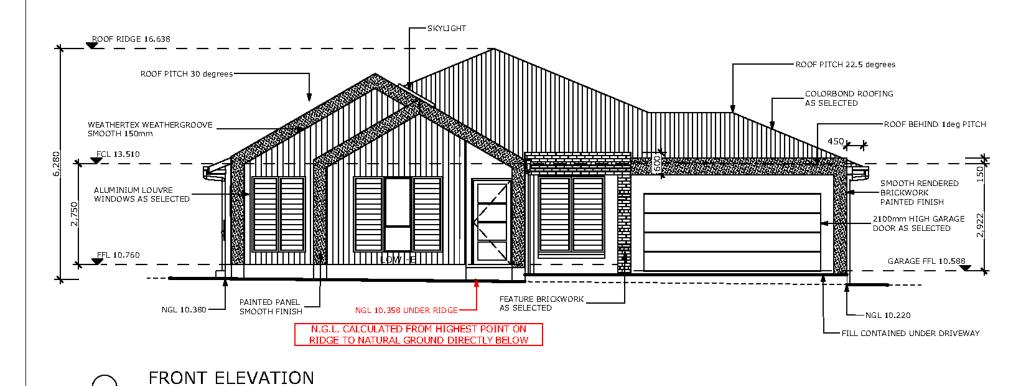
	SCALE:	DATE:			
	А3	3.08.2021			
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-	6488-1	2/12	М		

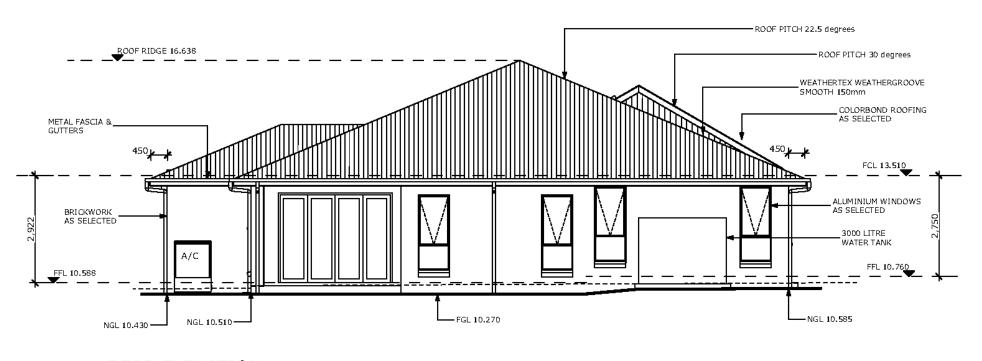


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PLOT DATE: Friday, 1 July 2022





REAR ELEVATION

1:100

**Attachment 5** 

1. LEVELS SHOWN ARE APPROX. ONLY AND SHOULD BE VERIFIED ON SITE . FIGURED DIMENSIONS ARE TO BE TAKEN IN PREFERENCE TO SCALING 3. ALL MEASUREMENTS ARE IN MILLIMETRES UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED
4. WINDOW SIZES ARE NOMINAL ONLY. FINAL WINDOW SCHEDULE BY BUILDER

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# PROPOSED DWELLING

LOT 6060, DP 1235007 73 O'KEEKE DRIVE - CATHERINE FIELD NSW 2557

DRAWING

# FRONT & REAR ELEVATIONS

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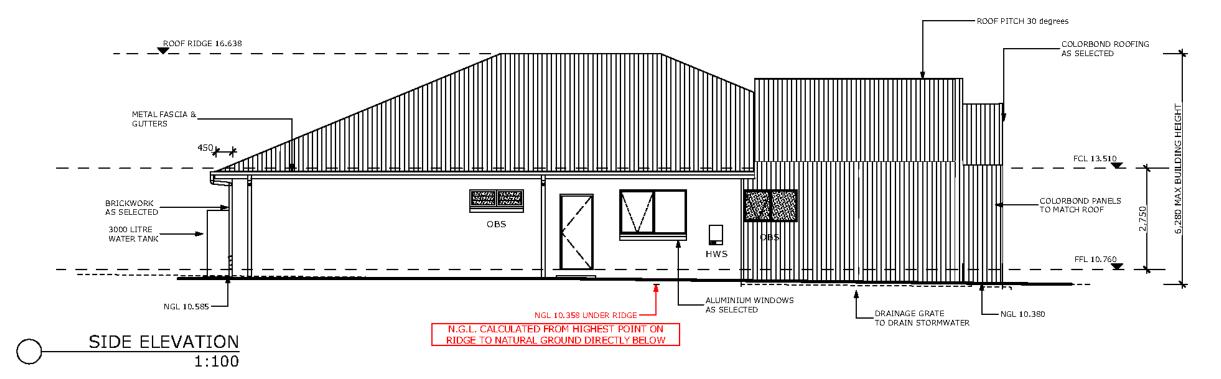


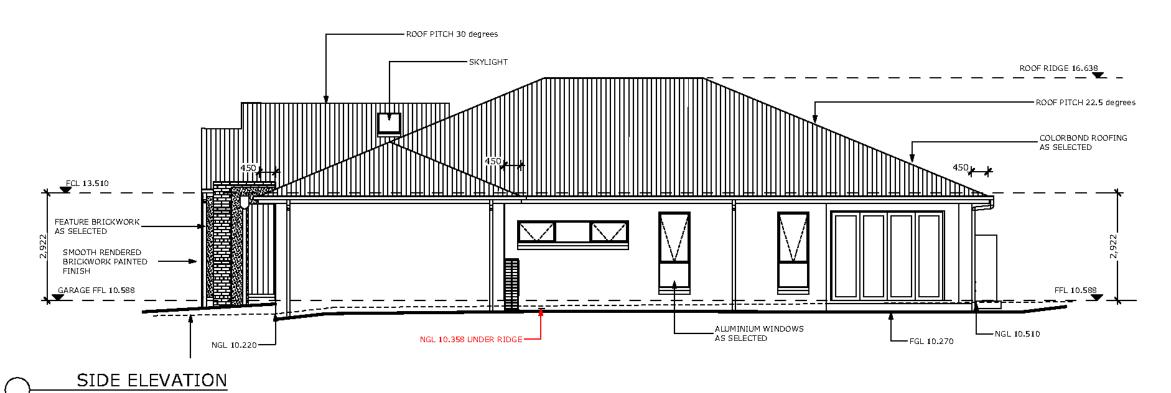
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CLPP02

# **Attachment 5**





# CLPP02

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CLIENT

# BUILT BY SKYVIEW

# PROPOSED DWELLING

LOT 6060, DP 1235007

73 O'KEEKE DRIVE - CATHERINE FIELD NSW 2557

DRAWING

# SIDE ELEVATIONS

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PLOT DATE: Friday, 1 July 2022

#### **Fixtures**

must install showerheads with a minimum rating of 3 star (> 7.5 but <= 9 L/min) in all showers in the develop

The applicant must install a toilet flushing system with a minimum rating of 3 star in each toilet in the development.

The applicant must install taps with a minimum rating of 3 star in the kitchen in the development

The applicant must install basin taps with a minimum rating of 3 star in each bathroom in the developmen

#### Alternative water

The applicant must install a rainwater tank of at least 3000 litres on the site. This rainwater tank must meet, and be installed in accordance with, the requirements of all applicable regulatory authorities.

The applicant must configure the rainwater tank to collect rain runoff from at least 367.03 square metres of the roof area of the development (excluding the area of the roof which drains to any stormwater tank or private dam).

- the cold water tap that supplies each clothes washer in the development
- at least one outdoor tap in the development (Note: NSW Health does not recommend that rainwater be used for human consumption in areas with potable water supply.)

#### Thermal Comfort Commitments

#### General features

The dwelling must not have more than 2 storeys.

The conditioned floor area of the dwelling must not exceed 300 square metres

The dwelling must not contain open mezzanine area exceeding 25 square metres.

The dwelling must not contain third level habitable attic room

#### Floor, walls and ceiling/roof

The applicant must construct the floor(s), walls, and ceiling/roof of the dwelling in accordance with the specifications listed in the table

Construction	Additional insulation required (R-Value)	Of her specifications
floor - con crete sia b on ground	ni	
external wall - brick veneer	2.06 (or 2.60 including construction)	
external wall - framed (wealtherboard, fibre cement, mietal dad)	2.20 (or 2.60 including construction)	
internal wall shared with garage - plasterboard	ni	
celling and roof-flat celling / pitched roof	celling: 2.95 (up), roof: foli backed blanket (55 mm)	unventilated; dark (solar absorptance > 0.70)

Thermal Comfort Commitments

#### Windows, glazed doors and skylights

The applicant must install the windows, glazed doors and shading devices described in the table below, in accordance with the specifications listed in the table. Relevant overshadowing specifications must be satisfied for each window and glazed door.

The dwelling may have 1 skylight (<0.7 square metres) which is not listed in the table

The following requirements must also be satisfied in relation to each window and glazed door

- For the following glass and frame types, the certifier check can be performed by visual inspection
- Aluminium single clear
- Aluminium double (air) clear
- Timber/uPVC/fibreglass single clear
- Timber/uPVC/fibreglass double (air) clear
- For other glass or frame types, each window and glazed door must be accompanied with certification showing a U value no greater than that fisted and a Solar Heat Gain Coefficient (SHGC) within the range of those listed. Total system U values and SHGC must be calculated in accordance with National Fenestration Rating Council (NFRC) conditions. Frame and glass types shown in the table below are for reference only.

Window/glazed door no.	Maximum relight (nm)	Maximum widin (nm)	Type	8 hading Device (Dimension within 10%)	Overshadowing	
North facing						
MEDIA	600	3010	aluminium, single, clear	eave 600 mm, 645 mm above head of window or glazed door	not overshadowed	
FAUILY	2100	850	aluminium, single, clear	eave 600 mm, 410 mm above head of window or glazed door	not overshadowed	
FAMILY	2100	860	aluminium, single, clear	eave 600 mm, 410 mm above head of window or glazed door	not overshadowed	
BLASM	2400	3090	aluminium, single, clear	solid overhang 4620 mm, 370 mm a bove head of window or glazed door	not overshadowed	
East facing						
<b>ВТИ</b> DY	2100	1810	alum hium, single, dear	e ave 600 mm, 250 mm above head of window or glazed door	not overshadowed	
BED 2	2100	2410	U-value: 5.6, SHOC: 0.369 - 0.461 (aluminium, single, Lo-Tsol Low-e)	eave 480 mm, 1600 mm above head of window or glazed door	not overshadowed	
BED 3	2100	1450	alum hium, single, dear	e ave 480 mm, 980 mm above head of window or glazed door	not overshadowed	
South facing						
BATH	900	1450	alum inium, single, dear	none	not overshadowed	
BED 4	1200	1810	alum hium, single, dear	eave 600 mm, 300 mm above head of window or glazed door	not overshadowed	
EHBUITE	460	1450	alum hium, single, dear	eave 600 mm, 300 mm above head of window or glazed door	not overshadowed	
Weat facing						
BED 1	2100	860	alum hium, single, dear	e ave 600 mm, 70 mm above head of wind ow or glazed door	not overshadowed	
BED 1	2100	860	alum inium, single, dear	e ave 600 mm, 70 mm above head of wind ow or glaized door	not overshadowed	
MEALS	2100	860	alum hium, single, dear	e ave 600 mm, 410 mm above head of window or glazed door	not overshadowed	
MEYFR	2100	860	alum hium, single, dear	e ave 600 mm, 410 mm above head of window or glazed door	not overshadowed	
FAMILY	2400	3090	alum hium, single, dear	solid overhang 4400 mm, 370 mm above head of window or glazed door	not overshadowed	

#### Energy Commitments

#### Hot water

The applicant must install the following hot water system in the development, or a system with a higher energy rating: gainstantaneous with a performance of 4.5 stars.

#### Cooling system

The applicant must install the following cooling system, or a system with a higher energy rating, in at least 1 living area: 3-phase airconditioning; Energy rating: EER > 4.0

The applicant must install the following cooling system, or a system with a higher energy rating, in at least 1 bedroom: 3-phase airconditioning; Energy rating: EER > 4.0

The cooling system must provide for day/night zoning between living areas and bedrooms

he applicant must install the following heating system, or a system with a higher energy rating, in at least 1 living area: 3-phase irconditioning; Energy rating: EER > 4.0

The applicant must install the following heating system, or a system with a higher energy rating, in at least 1 bedroom: 3-phasiarconditioning; Energy rating: EER > 4.0

The heating system must provide for day/night zoning between living areas and bedro

#### Ventilation

The applicant must install the following exhaust systems in the development

At least 1 Bathroom: no mechanical ventilation (ie. natural); Operation control: n/a

Kitchen: individual fan, ducted to façade or roof; Operation control: manual switch on/off

Laundry: natural ventilation only, or no laundry; Operation control: n/a

#### Artificial lighting

The applicant must ensure that the "primary type of artificial lighting" is fluorescent or light emitting diode (LED) lighting in each of the following rooms, and where the word "dedicated" appears, the fittings for those lights must only be capable of accepting fluorescent or light emitting diode (LED) lamps:

- at least 5 of the bedrooms / study; dedicated
- · at least 4 of the living / dining rooms; dedicated
- the kitchen: dedicates
- all bathrooms/toilets; dedicated
- the laundry; dedicated
- all hallways; dedicated

#### Natural lighting

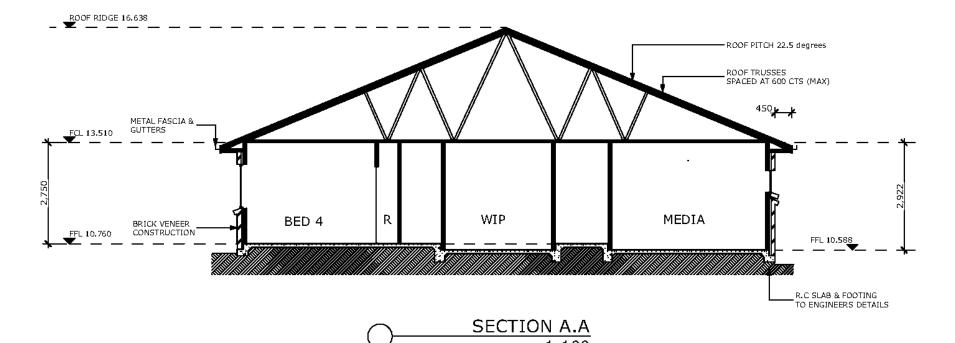
The applicant must install a window and/or skylight in 2 bathroom(s)/fibilet(s) in the development for natural lighting

The applicant must install a gas cooktop & electric oven in the kitchen of the dwelling.

The applicant must install a fixed outdoor clothes drying line as part of the development

CONSTRUCTION IS TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BCA AND OTHER RELEVANT AUSTRALIAN STANDARDS

TERMITE PROTECTION TO AS3660.1-2014



**Attachment 5** 

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CLIENT

BUILT BY SKYVIEW

# PROPOSED DWELLING

LOT 6060, DP 1235007

73 O'KEEKE DRIVE - CATHERINE FIELD NSW 2557

# SECTION & BASIX NOTES

SCALE: DATE: 3.08.2021 Α3 DRAWING No: SHEET: ISSUE: 6488-1 5/12 Μ



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CLPP02

# **Attachment 5**

# SURFMIST ROOF SHEETING MONUMENT MONUMENT PAINTED PANEL WOODLAND GREY FASCIA, GUTTER —AND DOWNPIPES MONUMENT WOODLAND GREY EAVES PAINTED SURFMIST AUSTRA ROMERO AUSTRAK THEATRE ALUMINIUM WINDOWS MONUMENT RENDERED BRICK GARAGE DOOR WOODLAND GREY AUSTRAL ROMERO WEATHERTEX CLADDING SILVER LOOK FINISH FEATURE BRICK AUSTRAL THEATRE RENDERED EDGE WOODLAND GREY FRONT DOOR MONUMENT FRAME AND CLEAR GLASS WEATHERTEX CLADDING FRONT ELEVATION

# CLPP02

OTES:

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# PROPOSED DWELLING

LOT 6060, DP 1235007 73 O'KEEKE DRIVE - CATHERINE FIELD NSW 2557

DRAWING

# COLOUR SELECTIONS

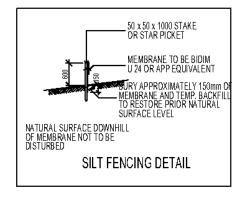
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А3	3.08.2021		
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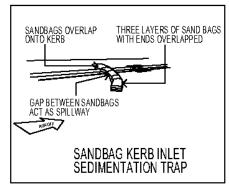


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#### DUST CONTROL MEASURES:

IF THE SITE BECOMES DUSTY DURING HOTTER MONTHS (CLIENT) WILL SPRINKLE WATER ON THE DUST

ANY AREA OF ROAD BASE WILL BE POSITIONED FOR HEAVY VEHICLES TO REDUCE & PROVIDE AN AREA TO WASH TRUCK: OFF (IF REQUIRED)

#### NOISE & VIBRATION MEASURES:

ALL EXCAVATION WILL BE CARRIED OUT BETWEEN THE TIME SETOUT IN THE COUNCIL CONDITIONS

MACHINERY SIZE WILL BE KEPT TO A MINIMUM REQUIRED FOR THE JOB

CUT / FILL NOTE F.F.L. +/- 90mm

DA Area Calcuations:

569.20 m2

344.55 m2

215.94 m2

14.79 m2

Site Area

Roof Area

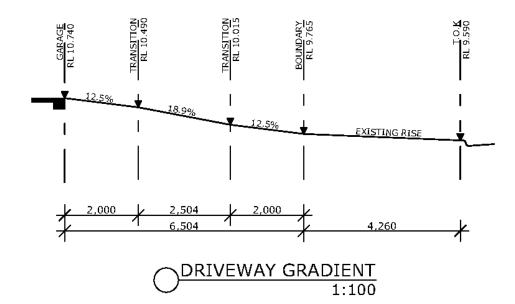
Site Cover

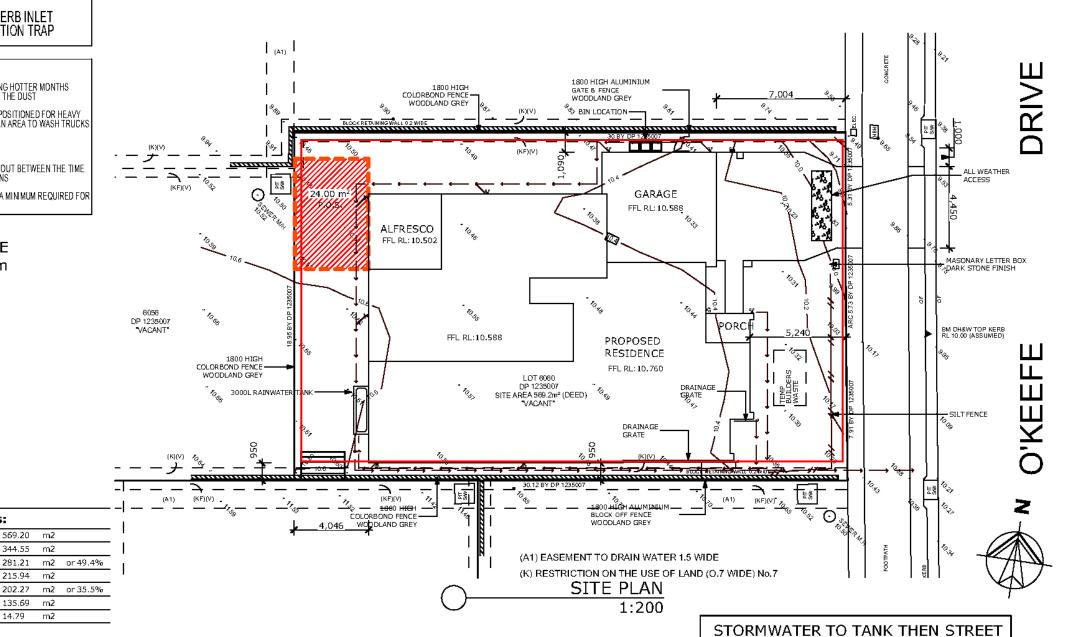
Landscape Area

Private Open Space

Conditioned Floor Area

Unconditioned Floor Area





**GENERAL NOTES** 

REQUIREMENTS CLAUSE 1.7

ANY MEANS WITHOUT WRITTEN PERMISSION.

BOARD REQUIREMENTS.

1. BUILDER MUST CHECK ALL BOUNDARIES AND BUILDING DIMENSIONS PRIOR TO

COMMENCING ANY BUILDING WORKS IN ORDER TO SATISFY HIMSELF THAT THE WORKS CAN BE CARRIED OUT IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL COUNCIL AND RELATIVE AUTHORITY

2. DO NOT SCALE DIMENSIONS OFF THE PLANS, FIGURED DIMENSIONS ARE TO BE USED.

ALL DIMENSIONS ARE TO BE VARIFIED BY THE BUILDER ON SITE. ANY DISCREPENCIES SHALL BE REFERED TO THE DESGNERS BEFORE ANY CONSTRUCTION OR FABRICATION IS

SPECIFICATION, STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING DETAILS AND ANY OTHER DOCUMENT THAT

3. THESE DRAWINGS SHALL BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE

4. ALL BUILDING WORKS MUST COMPLY WITH B.C.A. AND LOCAL COUNCIL

DRAWINGS HAS BEEN MODIFIED, DELETED OR ADDED TO IN ANY WAY.

5. BUILDINGS ARE TO BE PROTECTED AGAINST TERMITES IN ACCORDANCE WITH AUSTRALIAN STANDARDS (AS 3660.1) - REQUIREMENTS.
6. SMOKE DETECTORS ARE TO BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH B.C.A.

7. ALL STORMWATER AND SEWER WORKS MUST COMPLY WITH LOCAL COUNCIL AND

8. NO RESPONSIBILITY WILL BE ACCEPTED BY M.A.D.S IF ANY PART OR WHOLE OF THE

9. BUILDER MUST CHECK FOR LOCATION OF SERVICES INLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO SEWER, WATER, POWER, GAS, PHONE, FIBRE AND STORMWATER PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF WORK, ONCE THE SEWER IS LOCATED IT IS THE BUILDERS

RESPONSIBILITY TO DETERMINE WEATHER THE BUILDING LIES WITHIN THE ZONE OF

10. ALL FLOOR PLAN DESIGNS INCLUDING ELEVATIONS ARE COPYRIGHTED AND ARE THE PROPERTY OF MACARTHUR ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTING AND MAY NOT BE REPRODUCED BY

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# PROPOSED DWELLING

LOT 6060, DP 1235007 73 O'KEEKE DRIVE - CATHERINE FIELD NSW 2557

DRAWING

# SITE PLAN & DRIVEWAY SECTION

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# **Attachment 5**

Watering
Over watering is wasteful. It stops plants adapting to the site and encourages unwanted growth that requires extra
maintenance. Water plants enough to enable them to establish. New plants require weekly watering during dry
spells in the six months after planting. Installing a watering well when planting advanced trees will make it easier to
keep them adequately watered in dry periods. When plants are established, they should only be watered when
stressed of to obtain a lusher apperance.

stressed of to botain a lusher apperance.
Fertilisers.
Conly use fertiliser on trees and shrubs when you know there are nutrient deficiencies in the soil that prevent them achieving their full growth potential. Lawns may be fertilised to maintain vigour and to ensure complete coverage Soil Preparation.

Premium native garden mix is ti be worked into soil to 200mm deeper and wider than plant pot size in garden beds.

Mulchies

Mulching. Apply Eucy Mulch to control weeds and conserve moisture. Mulch needs to be at least 25mm thick to be effective,

but less than 75mm thick to avoid waterlogging and nutrient imbalances Weeding and litter removal. Remove weeds to create a neat appearance and ensure that vigorous weeds do not take over from your preferred

Plants. Remove weeds to create a neat appearance and ensure that vigorous weeds do not take over from your preferred plants. Remove litter in the interest of neatness and public health.

Planting & maintenance.

All plants to be planted in premium native garden mix.

Plant supports.

Stake and tie advanced trees until their roots have developed enough to give them stability. Make sure the ties are

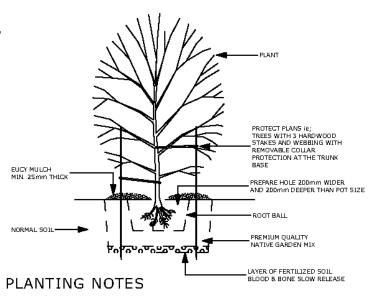
removed as soon as the tre is stable. You can place indicator stakes beside small plants to provide protection, but they should not be tied. Pruning.

Pruning.

Prune plants to control their size, give them an appropriate form, and maintain their vigour. While plants can be pruned to achieve a particular effect, pruning should always be sensitive to the natural growth habits of the species. Trees should be pruned to obtain a strong branch framework and shruibs pruned to obtain the desired density and height. Pruning may also be required to ensure that security is not compromised by dense vegetation. All plants / gardens to be maintained for 6 months or until established. Any losses replaced.

LANDSCAPE PLAÑ

No	NAME	POT	HEIGHT	QTY
1.	MURRAYA PANICULATA	150mm	1m HEDGE	12
2.	BUXUS MICROPHILLIA	150mm	0.5m HEDGE	10
3.	STAR JASMINE TRICOLOUR	150mm	G.COVER	18
4.	PEPPER TREE schinus areina	300mm	6m	2





INDICATIVE GATE AND BLOCK OFF FENCE STYLE - 1800 HIGH ALUMINIUM WOODLAND **GREY** 



INDICATIVE STONE LETTERBOX - 1200 HIGH DARK STONE



CLPP02

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# PROPOSED ldwelling

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LANDSCAPE PLAN

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